

BKME
EXPRESS TRANSFERS
To Major Cities in
PAKISTAN
Competitive Rates, Fast Delivery

ARAB TIMES

New New... New... New
The 10th Edition
of the
Commercial Directory
**The Arabian
Year Book
1989**
AL MUNA PUBLIC RELATIONS
P.O. Box: 42480 Shuwaikh - 70655 Kuwait
Tel: 4834826/7

NO. 7642 TUESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1989/MOHARRAM 21, 1410 AH 24 PAGES 150 FLS

Singh charge lies: Hegde 'Intelligence' used in smear campaign

By Jadranka Porter
Arab Times staff

NEW DELHI, Aug 21. R.K. Hegde, the vice-president of a newly founded opposition party Janata Dal, yesterday dismissed allegations of wrongdoing against the party president V.P. Singh as baseless and accused the ruling Congress (I) Party of mounting a smear campaign against leading opposition figures.

"That is utter nonsense," said Hegde in a reference to charges that Singh deposited \$21 million in a secret foreign bank account during his tenure as finance minister in Rajiv Gandhi's government.

The allegation, first published in the Sunday issue of the Arab Times, came as Indian political parties prepared for elections which must be held

before Jan 4, 1990.

Quoting Indian political sources, the Arab Times report also suggested that Singh illegally obtained funds through bribes received from commodities deals between the Indian government and foreign companies and governments.

"The ruling party is plotting to smear the names of opposition leaders in order to offset the growing public disaffection with Rajiv Gandhi," Hegde told the Arab Times.

He said the main targets of the disinformation campaign are himself and Singh. Both, he said, are perceived by the ruling party as the greatest threat to its power.

Hegde accused the government of using the Criminal Bureau of Investigation (CBI) and India's intelligence agency to fabricate stories and falsify documents.

"The disinformation campaign will intensify as the election draws closer," he said.

But he added that the smear campaign will not cripple the opposition.

A leading New Delhi political analyst, who preferred to remain anonymous, said that Singh, while he was still a cabinet minister, was accused of false statement concerning the value of his land sold to the government. He was also charged with using "black money," tax evasion and of passing information to the US government. Singh was exonerated after the government investigation showed that the charges were baseless, the analyst said.

Hegde himself was accused by the federal government of corruption during his tenure as chief minister of the state of Karnataka. He challenged the government in court and the case is still under investigation.

Aoun offers to talk; France tables plan

Bush reiterates policy on hostages

BEIRUT, Aug 21. (Agencies): Christian Army Commander Gen. Michel Aoun today proposed talks on ending Lebanon's 14-year-old civil war but a leading Syrian-backed Muslim militia rejected the offer.

"I am ready any time to discuss Lebanon's future at a round table with leaders of the other side," Aoun said in an interview published by the Paris-based Arabic magazine Koll El Arab. His press office confirmed it was accurate.

Lebanon with top aides today and reiterated that the United States holds the groups holding them responsible for their safety.

"The policy remains unchanged. The President underscored that we hold the hostage-takers responsible for the safety of the hostages and we call on them to release the hostages without any pre-conditions," White House Chief of Staff John Sununu told reporters.

Syria is stepping up its pressure on Lebanon's Christian enclave by arming a mainly Muslim Lebanese Army brigade with tanks and long-range artillery and preparing to move it to the front line, security sources in the northern city of Tripoli said today.

Christian political sources meanwhile reported that France had proposed that Syrian troops and all militia forces pull out of Beirut and surrounding areas as part of a new plan to end the 14-year civil war.

The spiritual leader of pro-Iranian Shiite Muslim militants (Continued on Page 2 col 5)

Aoun made no mention of his previous condition that Christian-Muslim negotiations on political reforms could not be held until Syria pulled its 40,000 troops out of Lebanon.

But Druze leader Walid Jumblatt's Progressive Socialist Party dismissed the offer as "a trick to allow Aoun a breathing spell to re-arm and re-marshal his forces."

A PSP statement said Aoun would never be accepted as a negotiator, asserting that a Muslim-Christian dialogue "can begin only after the butcher is overthrown and brought to trial for his crimes."

President George Bush discussed a new threat to US hostages in



'Oh God, what are these!'

An American, Dominique Adams, breaks into tears as Manila airport customs and police officials discovered 70 guns in her luggage. She has been charged with illegal possession of firearms. (Reuters wirephoto)



Death failed 'to do us' apart

Evageline Guico said her marriage vows on Sunday then sprinkled holy water (picture) over her face as she lay in a casket, in a Manila church. Miss Guico, 21, who is two months pregnant, was to have wed 21-year-old Marlon Manalac on Sept 26 after a three-year courtship. But on Tuesday, Manalac was found shot dead. (Reuters wirephoto)

Thames tragedy toll up

LONDON, Aug 21. (Reuters): Police said today they were considering criminal charges over the deaths of up to 63 people killed when a River Thames dredger smashed into a pleasure boat packed with partygoers in the heart of London.

Police revised the expected death toll from 60 to 63 but said the exact figure of those killed in the accident in the early hours of Sunday morning may not be known for some time.

They also revised to 25 from 27 the number of bodies recovered and to 87 from 84 the number of those known to have survived. A further 38 people were believed to have been on the river cruiser Marchioness and have not yet been accounted for.

A police spokesman said the captain and first mate of the 1,475-tonne dredger Bowbelle, which smashed into the stern of the much smaller Marchioness, had been freed overnight after questioning and alcohol tests.

They were expected to return for further questioning later.

"We are looking at offences such as possible unlawful killing and any other related offence," the spokesman said.

Transport Secretary Cecil Parkinson, who cut short a holiday in America to return to London, announced new safety measures to help avoid a repeat of the river's worst disaster in a century.

He ordered Thames pleasure boat owners to keep records of passenger numbers and to keep them on shore.

Mishap probe open (See Page 2)



Strike cripples Dhaka

Stores closed and buses and cars in Dhaka stayed off the streets yesterday during a six-hour strike called by five small leftist parties demanding the resignation of President Hussain Muhammad Ershad.

Police said they arrested at least 10 demonstrators, mostly university students, who threw stones at police near Dhaka University.

A police sergeant was injured and his comrades responded by firing tear gas at the stone-throwers, police said.

United News of Bangladesh said the strike paralyzed business in other major towns, including Chittagong, Khulna and Rajshahi.

Policemen beating and kicking a boy during the strike. (Reuters wirephoto)

Turks act against Sofia Border shut

ANKARA, Aug 21. (Reuters): Turkey announced today it was closing its border with Bulgaria to curb an influx of ethnic Turks and pressure Sofia to negotiate an agreement over their future.

Some 310,000 ethnic Turks, saying they faced a Bulgarian campaign of religious and cultural assimilation, have fled to Turkey in an unchecked flow since Turkey waived visa obligations for them last June.

It was Ankara's first direct retaliation to Bulgaria's refusal to negotiate the future of the 1.5 million minority.

Deputy Premier and State Minister Ali Bozer said Turkey would close the frontier at 0300 am tomorrow (2300 GMT Monday).

Bulgaria today denounced Turkey's decision to close its border to refugees without visas, saying the move was contrary to Ankara's commitments to accept all ethnic Turks wishing to leave Bulgaria.

Bozer insisted Ankara remained ready to accept all ethnic Turks once a comprehensive agreement was reached with Bulgaria.

He said the Bulgarian government had been notified of the border closure through official channels.

Sofia has rejected Ankara's call for an accord to compensate refugees for property left behind and to protect the rights of ethnic Turks who want to remain.

(See Page 5)

Dakar cuts ties with Mauritania

DAKAR, Aug 21. (Reuters): Senegal severed diplomatic ties with Mauritania today after Mauritania expelled the Senegalese ambassador in Nouakchott.

Mauritania's Charge d'Affaires in Dakar, Bilal Ould Werzeg, told Reuters he had received a note from Senegal's Foreign Ministry asking all Mauritanian diplomatic personnel to leave Senegal within 24 hours.

The break followed a row between the two West African neighbours after ethnic riots last April and May which left hundreds dead and thousands displaced.

The diplomatic note gave no reasons for Senegal's move, made public a few hours after Mauritania ordered the Senegalese ambassador for activities incompatible with his diplomatic status normally a euphemism for spying.

The Senegalese ambassador, Ousmane Camara, was given 48 hours to leave Mauritania.

The riots were triggered by a minor border incident over grazing rights but were fuelled by decades of simmering racial tension between black Senegalese and the mostly light-skinned, Arabic-speaking Moors dominant in Mauritania.

Yellow-mellow — Cory

MANILA, Aug 21. (Agencies): President Corazon Aquino, speaking at a mass to mark the sixth anniversary of her husband's assassination, called on Filipinos to revive the unity they showed in toppling former president Ferdinand Marcos.

Benigno Aquino, Marcos' chief rival, was shot dead at Manila airport on Aug 21, 1983 on his return from voluntary exile in the United States. His murder sparked massive unrest that led to Marcos' overthrow in a 1986 popular revolt.

"We cannot improve unless we join together, because the work is beyond the capability of any but a deeply united nation... We cannot come together until we revive the trust that first brought us in grief and led us back, three years later, in triumph," Cory said today.

She said she wondered how many Filipinos would still join her in commemorating Aug 21 when she no longer was president.

Cory pleaded patience and understanding in her effort to cure the nation's ills as Manila's Catholic archbishop warned that corruption runs "like AIDS in the blood."

Cory said she was not "preaching naivete — but only a measure of trust without which this country will again begin to die."

"One man gave everything for nothing," she said of her husband.

"Have we not a stronger reason to give a little more of ourselves for something that is already getting better? Can we not pause a while from our scorn and disbelief for this country that is after all going somewhere if not as fast as we would like?"

Forty people are being tried for the murder.

Cardinal Jaime Sin, the influential Archbishop of Manila, blasted the corruption that plagues the Philippines and the operation of casinos, which he said are eroding the nation's moral fibre.

"We dream of the Philippines as a great nation, but we cannot stop corruption that runs like AIDS in the blood," Sin said.

NEWSWATCH

Worshippers killed: Gunmen wearing military uniforms shot and killed 13 Buddhist worshippers in southeastern Sri Lanka on Monday, military officials said. Nineteen others were wounded in the attack.

Sinhalese radicals, meanwhile, detonated a landmine under an Army jeep in the central Sri Lanka, killing five soldiers and the civilian driver, the officials said.

The bodies of six other people, five of them burned, were found in the Kandy hill district.

All 25 deaths occurred in a 24-hour period ending at midday Monday. (AP)

Earlier Report Page 5

Preparatory Gulf talks: The UN's special envoy for the Gulf will hold preparatory talks with representatives of Iran and Iraq on Wednesday and Thursday in Geneva, a UN spokesman said on Monday.

The envoy, Ambassador Jan Eliasson of Sweden, will hold what the spokesman called "meetings of a technical nature" to lay the groundwork for talks Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar will have with the foreign ministers of the two countries. (Reuters)

3,250 bodies exchanged: UNIMOG — the United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group — said on Monday that bodies of more than 3,250 war



Death of a legend

British conservationist George Adamson, was shot to death at his camp in a remote reserve in Kenya. Adamson is seen feeding a tiger in this filephoto. (Reuters wirephoto)

Full Report Page 4

dead have been returned since Gulf war shooting stopped a year ago.

The UN's 350 observers, drawn from 26 countries, watch both sides of a truce line stretching 1,200 km (750 miles) from mountains in the north to the desert and swamp in the south. (Reuters)

Polisario rejects invitation: Guerrillas fighting Morocco for independence of Western Sahara said on Monday they rejected an invitation from King Hassan to return to Morocco.

Repeating an offer he has made several times previously, King Hassan said in a broadcast on Sunday night that he would pardon opponents who returned to Morocco.

He reiterated his invitation after the recent defection of several leaders of the Polisario Front, which has been fighting since 1976 for control of Western Sahara, annexed by Morocco after Spain withdrew from its former colony. (Reuters)

New political party: Prominent Muslim leader Syed Shahabuddin on Monday formed a new political organisation — Justice Party — which he said would protect interests of minorities and weaker sections of the society. (KUNA)

Israeli Army denies: Israeli military sources said on Monday a Palestinian-American teenager found dead in the occupied West Bank had been shot at close range. The Army denied it was responsible.

The Army and police examined the body of Amjad Hussein Jibreen, 14, after relatives said he was shot in the heart, his head was smashed and his body had cigarette burns. (Reuters)

Hunger striker dies: A jailed Moroccan student has died in custody after being on hunger strike for 64 days, human rights groups said on Monday.

The Association and the League of Human Rights said in a joint statement that Adelhak Chebada, 28, a student at the faculty of letters in Rabat, died at Aviceenne (Ibn Sina) hospital in Rabat on Saturday.

Road accident: Fourteen Army personnel were killed and two injured when a truck they were travelling in collided with a train on the Sultanpur crossing, about 15 km from Lucknow, police said.

The dead, including a major, were of the fourth Madras infantry. They were going for routine exercises. The truck driver, who was passing an unmanned railway crossing did not see a train coming, police said.

Farmhouse attack: Sikh extremists burst into a farmhouse in Punjab and shot to death 10 women and children during the night, news reports said on Monday. (See Page 5)

Riot police beat Prague 'spring' protesters

PRAGUE, Aug 21. (Reuters): Riot police swinging batons charged thousands of demonstrators chanting "long live freedom" today on the 21st anniversary of a Soviet-led invasion which crushed a communist reform movement in Czechoslovakia.

Helmeted police beat dozens of demonstrators in Prague's central Wenceslas Square and in side streets as the crowd fled.

After the half-hour demonstration, police blocked the medieval Charles Bridge to stop more than 1,000 demonstrators who tried to march across the River Vltava to the prime minister's office.

Two hours later, 1,500 protesters regrouped in the central square to jeer police and chanted demands for freedom, and hundreds were detained.

Dozens of police vans, lights flashing and sirens wailing, brought in reinforcements to attack protesters who ignored orders broadcast over loudspeakers to leave.

Police attacked a camera crew from the Austrian television network ORF, felled the cameraman with a karate blow, smashed their camera and cut their cables.

A crew from the US network ABC was harassed and foreign photographers had their films confiscated.

More than 2,000 people gathered in Wenceslas Square for what was planned as a silent march. They broke into loud applause and raised their arms in V-for-victory signs when a group of Hungarian activists unfurled a banner proclaiming:

Plainclothes police tore it down and the crowd chanted: "Long live freedom," "Long live Hungary" and "Long live Poland" — showing how reform in other East bloc states is encouraging demands for liberalisation in Czechoslovakia, where hardline communist rule has prevailed since the invasion.

The Polish parliament and the Hungarian Communist Party and government last week condemned the invasion in which all Warsaw Pact members except Romania took part.

Police seized a Hungarian who told the crowd in Czech from a friend's shoulders: "You must know that Hungarian youth never agreed with the invasion. Our future must be one and our forces must be united."



Prague police detaining a demonstrator. (Reuters wirephoto)

Policy shift by pinks

TOKYO, Aug 21. (AP): In a major shift of policy aimed at bringing other opposition parties into a coalition, the Japan Socialist Party said today it will accept a continuation of Japan's military forces and the security treaty with the United States.

Tsuruo Yamaguchi, secretary of Japan's largest opposition party, said the party also will not seek any drastic changes in the country's economic policies.

But he said the party would seek a gradual reduction of US bases in Japan.

Yamaguchi told a meeting of party regional officials that the policy changes were aimed at creating an alliance with other opposition groups, which have criticised the party's past policies as unrealistic.

The socialists previously had strongly opposed the mutual security treaty of the United States and Japan's self defence forces, which they said violated a constitutional ban on maintenance of land, sea and air forces.

Japanese courts have interpreted the constitution as allowing defensive military forces.

Under the moderate leadership of chairwoman Takako Doi, the Socialists emerged the biggest winner last month in elections for parliament's upper house.

Opposition parties now hold a majority of seats in the upper chamber, and hope to eliminate the governing Liberal Democratic Party's majority in the lower house in general elections that must be held by next July.

Hiroshi Mitsuoka, chairman of the conservative governing party's policy affairs research council, said today the party would transfer power to the opposition rather than seek a coalition government if it loses its majority in the lower chamber.

As the largest opposition party, the Socialists could lead their own coalition government if a unified opposition captures a majority of seats in the lower house.

Aoun offers to talk



Troops get training

Lebanese Army troops loyal to pro-Syrian Army commander Sami Khatib train on Soviet-made tanks, donated by Syria, as part of campaign launched by Damascus to gather all its allies against Christian Army commander Maj. Gen. Michel Aoun. (Reuter wirephoto)

Dark world tells little

Lebanese captors offer no clue

BEIRUT, Aug 21. (Reuter): Three lines usually mean bad news. If it's three pages, the hostage is probably still alive.

Signed with exotic group names and authenticated by photographs or videotapes, the threats, demands and announcements of Lebanon's kidnappers arrive without warning at news agency or newspaper offices in Muslim west Beirut.

Handwritten or typed in Arabic, they always start with verses from the Holy Quran.

Anonymous messengers hand them to doorknockers or drop them unseen at entrances. One was spotted using a paper tissue to avoid leaving fingerprints on a plain white envelope.

The last to arrive, from the Revolutionary Justice Organisation last night, threatened to harm two hostages if France intervenes in Lebanon.

The communiques, totalling several dozen over the past five years, have common threads:

Muslim militancy, hatred of Israel ('the Zionist enemy'), rage against the United States ('the great satan'), support for Iran, loyalty to "struggling brothers" imprisoned in the West, Israel or Kuwait.

Some messages carry love or birthday wishes from captives to their families. Some announce plans to kill a hostage.

Usually, a few days later, a reprieve arrives with several pages of angry justification for the kidnappers' cause.

But sometimes the next message announces in a few harsh lines that the hostage has been "executed."

These scraps of paper have told the world most of what it knows about the kidnappers and what they want. But the picture remains blurred. Experts think the group names are a ruse by one network of pro-Iranian kidnappers using several covers.

Released hostages have reported seeing together in the same cell captives whose abductions were claimed by different groups.

Those messages have been signed by four groups:

■ Islamic Jihad (Holy War), emerged in 1984, kidnapping a Saudi Arabian diplomat and claiming responsibility for suicide bombings of US marines and French paratroopers.

■ The Revolutionary Justice Organisation appeared in May 1986 demanding the West end support for Iraq and claiming the kidnapping of four French journalists who were released in 1988.

■ Islamic Jihad for the Liberation of Palestine emerged in January 1987, four days after American professors Alann Steen, Robert Polhill and Jesse Turner and Indian Mithleshwar Singh were kidnapped from the campus of Beirut University College.

■ The Arab Struggle cells surfaced in May 1989, claiming the kidnapping of Briton Jack Mann.

(Continued from Page 1)

sounded a warning that French intervention in the war would be disastrous.

"To intervene with one Lebanese party against another will lead to disastrous results," Sheikh Mohammed Hussein Fadlallah, spiritual mentor of Hezbollah told Visnews television news agency.

Sources in Tripoli said some 500 soldiers from the Lebanese Army's 2nd Brigade were expected to take up positions facing the Christian enclave's northern front within hours, joining about 2,000 leftist militiamen who manned three in recent days.

Units consisting mainly of Muslims obey General Sami Al Khatib, but have taken little part in battles of the last five months between Syria and its Lebanese allies on one side and Aoun's troops on the other.

Security sources said this was the first time that Syria has armed the 2nd Brigade with T-54 tanks, heavy guns and other Soviet-made weapons.

Christian sources said French envoy Alain Decaux, who was in Beirut last week presented a plan calling the Syrians and Lebanese militia forces to withdraw from the capital and from towns and villages up to 20 km (12 miles) away.

Christian and Muslim brigades of the Army would deploy in the area, with observers positioned around the zone and in various districts of Beirut.

The observers would also deploy along the Green Line battle zone and in strategic hills around Beirut.

The sources did not say if Paris' plan was discussed with Damascus which has some 33,000 troops in Lebanon.

France said today it is sending two more Navy vessels to join its armada closing on Lebanon for what officials call a purely humanitarian mission despite a Lebanese Christian appeal to Paris for military assistance.

The Defence Ministry disclosed that the anti-submarine frigate Jean de Vienne had set sail secretly for the area leaving for Lebanese waters was the fuel tanker Meuse. It would sail from the southern port of Toulon in a matter of hours, the ministry said.

The addition of the two latest vessels takes the French armada to a total of eight vessels in all on a vaguely-defined mission that officials say is designed to protect primarily 1,000 French citizens in Lebanon.

France kept up its diplomatic efforts to resolve the Lebanese crisis today, presiding over a meeting of senior European Economic Community officials to try and forge a joint European approach.

Aoun's offer was broadcast by all Beirut radio stations as his 20,000 mainly Christian troops exchanged sporadic artillery and tank fire with the Syrians across the city's dividing Green Line and in the hills above the capital.

The exchanges intensified at nightfall on the eastern rim of the 3-mile (five-kilometre) line splitting Beirut into Muslim and Christian sectors and at the Christian hilltop stronghold of Souk El Gharb southeast of the capital.

Police said one person was killed and 14 were wounded. That raised the overall toll to 785 killed and 2,140 wounded since Aoun's confrontation with the Syrians broke out on March 8.

The violence started two days after Aoun blockaded illegal militia-run ports south of the capital, hoping to recover lost customs dues estimated at around \$100 million annually.

The Syrians and their militia allies retaliated by shelling and besieging the Christian heartland.

A terrorist group has threatened to kill two American hostages if the French use military force to back Lebanese Christians against Syrian-backed Muslim forces in the country's civil war.

■ Kuwait is yet to receive a report from the supreme Arab committee on Lebanon in which the three-member body was to outline what it has done to pacify Lebanon. Kuwait's acting Premier and Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmed said today.

Sheikh Sabah was responding to reporters' question on whether an Arab gathering was to meet to discuss the committee's report.

■ Pope John Paul II today concluded a visit to Spain, marked by his second call for a ceasefire in Lebanon and Vatican exploration of a papal mission to that war-torn nation.

■ Israeli soldiers backed by tanks clashed with Muslim commandos in southern Lebanon today following a string of attacks on Israeli positions in the area, security sources said.

There were no immediate reports of casualties in the clashes north of Israeli-held territory in southern Lebanon, according to sources in the village of Machghara, 24 miles (38 km) southeast of Beirut.



The wife (wearing dark glasses) of the captain of the Marchioness is consoled by a friend, while relatives pay respects to passengers of the vessel which sank in the River Thames. (Reuter wirephoto)



Forensic experts board the wrecked hull of the Marchioness as it lies beached on the bank of River Thames. (Reuter wirephoto)

Mishap probe opens

38 missing in Thames tragedy

LONDON, Aug 21. (Agencies): Port investigators today blamed "a navigational mistake" for the sinking of a crowded pleasure boat during a cruise on the River Thames and police considered criminal charges in the weekend accident that killed at least 25 people.

As many as 150 people at a birthday party were plunged into the river's muddy and polluted waters about 1:40 am yesterday when the 1,475-ton barge Bowbelle slammed into the Marchioness, splitting the 80-ton pleasure boat in half and sinking it within minutes.

After finishing today's search, Scotland Yard said that 25 bodies from the Marchioness had been recovered and police had identified 87 survivors.

The spokesman also said police are searching for 38 people identified as possible passengers whose whereabouts have not been accounted for since the disaster.

A spokesman said earlier that police believed there were 120 people on board the boat at the time of the accident, but cautioned it may have been carrying up to its listed capacity of 150 passengers.

Among the missing was Antonio de Valencellos, host of the glibby birthday party attended by several top figures in the London fashion and modelling community.

Police said it could be days before they are able to compile a final death toll because of the difficulty in determining how many people were on board.

More than 25 police launches were cruising the Thames in an intensive search for bodies, which may have been washed far downstream by the river's swift current.

The 150-foot hull of the Marchioness was hoisted in two pieces from the Thames about 18 hours after the accident and hauled at daybreak today to shallow waters on the river's north shore. Most of the bodies so far recovered were located in the wreckage when it was raised yesterday.

Port authorities sought today to determine why the Marchioness was cruising in the Thames' central channel, a deep thoroughfare usually reserved for the largest ships on the river.

Terry Hatton, a spokesman for the Port of London Authority, said the authority opened its investigation of the accident today in conjunction with the Transport Department.

"The point is to find out how it happened and make sure it doesn't happen again," Hatton said. "It's a navigational mistake of some sort."

Hatton said he would not comment on who had the right of way through the main channel, but added "it forms part of the investigation."

"In general, the smaller vessels, because of their better manoeuvrability, would normally keep to one side of the river, but it's up to the individual captains."

The London daily the Independent reported that the crews of the two vessels argued

over their radios just before the collision about who had the right of way through the central span of London's Southwark Bridge.

William Ludgrove, a spokesman for Tidal Cruises which operated the pleasure boat, said the vessel was within its navigational rights on the River Thames.

"I'm quite happy that what the Marchioness did and where it was at the time of the incident did not contravene any Port of London Authority bylaw," Ludgrove said. "The Marchioness was overtaking another vessel ... and in doing so, he was quite entitled in my opinion to use the centre arch."

The captain and second mate of the sand-dredging barge Bowbelle were released after questioning and police said no charges had been filed against them. Seven members of the barge's crew have been questioned in all.

However, a Scotland Yard spokesman said officers were looking into possible charges of unlawful killing or related offenses. He said the report would be sent to the public prosecutions office.

Transport Secretary Cecil Parkinson, who cut short a Florida vacation to take charge of the inquiry, toured the disaster scene near Southwark Bridge.

"I'm very shocked at what happened and I'm very sad for the relatives of those who died," he told reporters early today. "We want to learn all we can from this and try to make sure that it doesn't happen again."

NEWS IN BRIEF

Rough experience: Two Arab boys had a rough experience from the Geneva police on the day of the Fête de Genève celebrations — August 12 — and the matter is under judicial review, a Swiss daily reported on Monday.

According to Tribune de Genève, the two boys, aged 15 and 16, landed in the police station for failing to prove before the train ticket examiner that they were young enough to travel on a half-ticket.

At the police station, a scuffle seems to have ensued and the youths, one Saudi Arabian and the other Lebanese, were reportedly beaten up by the police.

Having examined the two boys after the incident, a doctor from the paediatric police clinic reportedly testified that one of the boys had received a beating. (KUNA)

Inquiry demand rebuffed: British transport chiefs rebuffed a demand on Monday by the bereaved of Pan Am flight 103 for an immediate public inquiry into gaps in airline security that allowed a terrorist bomb to be planted aboard the plane.

The disagreement emerged at a meeting between Transport Secretary Cecil Parkinson and relatives of some of the 259 people aboard the jumbo jet that blew up over Scotland on Dec 21.

Transport Minister Michael Portillo, one of Parkinson's deputies, said there was "a really very frank exchange of views."

Bert Ammerman, US president of the victims of Pan Am flight 103, said: "We are not satisfied on the

position that the department of transport has taken regarding the inquiry and regarding airport and airline security." (AP)

Party leader fired: Chancellor Helmut Kohl on Monday fired the manager of his conservative Christian Democratic Union in an apparent bid to reorganise the embattled party as it heads into a national election campaign.

Heiner Geissler told reporters at a press conference called late in the day that Kohl told him he would not be re-nominated at the CDU national conference that begins Sept 10 in Bremen.

"I regret this," said Geissler, who has been party general secretary for 12 years. "I think it sends the wrong political signal." (AP)

Gas canister explodes: Eight people were injured on Monday when a package filled with canister gas exploded as it was being opened at the regional headquarters of major national civil rights organisation, police said.

US congressman John Lewis, a Georgia Democrat, said the explosion at offices of National Association for the Advancement of Coloured People (NAACP) appeared to have been racially motivated.

The gas was contained in a hat-box sized package addressed to NAACP regional director Earl Shilohster. He said the package bore an Atlanta postmark and the letterhead of a local law firm. (Reuter)

On the happy occasion of
Romanian National Day
23rd August, 1989

We extend to
His Excellency
the President of the Socialist Republic of
Romania
Nicolae Ceausescu
and the People of Romania our heartiest
greetings and congratulations

KNTAC

Khalid Al-Nasrallah Tourist & Aviation Corporation

P.O. Box 878, Safat 13009, Tlx: Nasralla 22599K
Tel: 2422691-2446888-2429288

INTERNATIONAL

New York developers wheeling and dealing to keep building

NEW YORK, Aug 21, (AP) In Manhattan, where even the air and river bottoms are for sale, developers are wheeling and dealing to keep building higher and denser on an island that isn't getting any bigger.

Billionaire Donald Trump wants to use the rights he owns to land under the Hudson River to create the world's tallest building. Across town, the owner of the air space above Grand Central Terminal has been battling for more than 11 years to convert it to glass, steel and cash on the ground.

"It's a logical extension of the cleverness of

New York City developers' lawyers," says Steve Robinson, co-chairman of Westside, a community organisation fighting excessive development.

"They push the limits, they invent new mechanisms, they try anything that may have a shot at working, because there are so many dollars at stake."

Dozens of office and apartment buildings are going up in New York's midtown area alone, especially around Times Square.

Developers long have managed to break through New York's zoning restrictions by

acquiring extra development rights or offering things like public plazas and low-cost housing in exchange for the waiving of certain regulations. Such actions raise cries of foul from often powerless citizens.

"On street corners all over Manhattan...you have disproportionately large buildings going up," said Sander E. Katz of the Women's City Club of New York, a civic organisation. "There needs to be some absolute limit on the amount of additional floor area that can be imposed on any one lot."

Civic groups are focusing on Trump City, the billionaire developer's massive West Side project. Katz calls it "The most dramatic single example of the kind of monstrous result you can get by the accumulation of development rights."

Westside targeted it from early on.

"If we are able to have an impact on what Trump proposes, then other developers in the city would begin to get the signal," says Robinson.

On 76 acres (30 hectares) of old railroad yards along the Hudson River between 59th

and 72nd Streets the largest undeveloped land parcel in the city, Trump City would include a 150-story structure and 13 other buildings ranging from 13 to 60 floors. Besides offices, hotel space and apartments, there would be an 800,000-square-foot (75,000-square-metre) shopping mall.

Westside says the 7,600 housing units would heavily overburden the neighbourhood's schools and sewers, and that the tower, the world's tallest, would cast a shadow across the Hudson River and Central Park. Trump's people say there are plenty of sewers and

schools, and that the shadow would not be that obtrusive in a city full of skyscrapers.

Trump wants to transfer to his shoreline property the development rights he owns to 19 acres under the Hudson River, a holdover from the days when waterfront industry extended onto the piers.

William Valletta, counsel to the Department of City Planning, said that the city's zoning law allows a lot's overall size — including underwater rights — to be the basis for determining the size limits of a building. Zoning reformers want to get rid of that provision.

AND PLACES

HOMESTEAD, Florida: A thief who gave federal authorities the slip and escaped with a sackful of bank money, has achieved celebrity status at the condominium complex where he staged the crime, but the FBI is not amused.

Residents of the Lakeshore Village complex were eyeing each other this weekend and wondering about the identity of the thief.

The man escaped with \$150,000 in bank money Thursday after FBI agents failed to spring the trap they had set for him along the Florida turnpike.

"He has to be living at the shore," Ed Butler, 47, a resident of the 640-unit development, told the Miami Herald. "How else could he disappear so quick?"

Embarrassed FBI agents gave up their door-to-door search for the culprit late Thursday.

The man telephoned the First National Bank of Homestead, Thursday morning demanding money. He threatened to shoot missiles at the bank if his demands were not met.

Bank officials contacted the FBI, which promptly set a trap to catch the would-be extortionist. Bank officials withdrew \$150,000 from the bank's vault, put the money in a sack and dropped it by the side of the turnpike.

The thief surprised FBI agents by darting out of some bushes, snatching the sack and then high-tailing it into Lakeshore Village. One agent gave chase, but only caught a glimpse of the thief, (UPI)

CHARLOTTE, Michigan: Don and Edna Hale originally posted their scarecrow couple in the family garden to deter the birds, but instead have found a new purpose.

It is not unusual for a driver to pass by the couple's farm near Charlotte and see two scarecrows — the two figures standing in the middle of a garden who are named after singers Dolly Parton and Kenny Rogers.

What happens all the time, Edna Hale said, is that people stop to look at the scarecrows and say, "I don't want people to think I'm not hospitable."

The Hale scarecrows are a life-size and original that they were named among 10 winners of the Great American Scarecrow contest in this month's Mother Earth News.

"I'm not sure how good they are with corn, but they're pretty good at fooling people," said Don Hale who has lived on the farm with his wife for 48 years. "We always run out real quick whenever we've had a bad wind, because they get blown over and people think we've had a heart attack."

When I started to make the first one, I just kept stuffing and stuffing, and finally, why, there was Dolly. Edna Hale said. "So then, of course, I had to have Kenny." (UPI)

UPLAND, Pennsylvania: A former New Jersey state trooper severely injured in the crash of United Flight 173 on July 19, 1988, died Saturday at Crozer-Chester Medical Centre in this Philadelphia suburb, where he was transferred after the crash. He was 44.

His death brings the toll in the July 19 crash at Sioux City, Iowa, to 112. There are 184 survivors.

Dobson, who had retired from the state police force, his wife, Joanne, state police Detective Sgt. William Prato of Vineland and his wife, Rosemarie, were returning from a vacation on the Denver-to-Chicago flight. His three travelling companions died. (AP)

YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK, Wyoming: A 122-pound (55.3-kilogram) black bear with a taste for picnic fixings has been moved from Yellowstone National Park to Washington State University, where she will have her eating habits studied.

Rangers first relocated the young bear from the Indian Creek Campground on July 25 to another section of Yellowstone after she caused some property damage and showed no reaction to campers in the area. She reportedly returned to the area within five days and continued her previous behaviour until she was captured Aug 5 and taken to the university.

At the university, the bear will be one of a group of grizzly, black and brown bears being studied for nutritional needs and digestive ability. (AP)

LIBREVILLE, Gabon: President Omar Bongo is fighting rumours surrounding his romantic life.

"I'm not in the habit of defending myself, rumours circulate, life goes on," Bongo said last week in a message broadcast on the anniversary of Gabon's independence from France in 1960.

Public rumours, traces, anonymous letters are the fruit of those who have nothing else to do.

Rumours circulating widely in the capital of this West African nation have linked Bongo, 54, with the young daughter of Congolese President Denis Sassou Nguesso. According to the rumours, Bongo is expected to marry shortly. (AP)

CAMBRIDGE, Massachusetts: One of the leaders of the student pro-democracy movement in China will be visiting an American university at Harvard University during the 1989-90 school year, Harvard officials say.

Wei Keji was chairman of the Beijing University Students Autonomous United Association, the unofficial union that coordinated the majority of student demonstrations in Tiananmen Square.

The visiting undergraduate programme is aimed at students who want to spend one semester or one academic year studying at Harvard. (AP)

BUFFALO, New York: Film producer Tony Halicki was killed while shooting a movie Sunday night when a telephone pole fell on him, police said.

Halicki, 48, died when a cable that was attached to the tower, which he had planned to topple for a movie, snapped and severed a telephone pole, which fell on Halicki, according to reports from the scene.

A spokeswoman at Kenmore Mercy Hospital, where Halicki was taken following the accident, said the producer was dead on arrival at the hospital.

Halicki was completing local shooting on "Gone with the Wind II," a sequel to his 1974 movie, which

Raw courage 2 survive sea ordeal

MIAMI, Aug 21, (UPI) A couple said they fended off shark attacks and caught fish by hand as they drifted aimlessly in a life raft for 66 days after a group of whales sank their boat in the Pacific Ocean.

William Butler, 60, and his wife, Simone Butler, 52, were picked up Saturday by the Costa Rican Coast Guard and taken to a hospital in the coastal city of Golfito. The Butlers lost about 30 pounds (22 kg) each during the ordeal and were recovering from first-degree burns at Golfito Hospital, the Miami Herald reported today.

"I forced myself to eat almost two pounds (900 g) of raw fish a day, and I forced my wife to eat it too," William Butler said in a telephone interview from his hospital bed.

He said they never gave up hope.

"We discovered once again the power of God and prayer. That's the only thing that really saved us," he said.

Dr Carlos Vargas in Golfito Hospital said the couple will remain hospitalised for at least four more days.

"They are very skinny, but their general condition is good," Vargas said.

The Butlers left Matheson Hammock Park Marina in Miami April 14 aboard their 38-foot boat Siboney. They planned to sail around the world.

None of the dogs were injured, she said. (AP)

WASHINGTON: In many US cities, including Washington, hard-core users of cocaine and heroin are now as likely to be women as men, according to a Justice Department study.

The study, based on drug testing of people arrested in 14 cities, highlights a dramatic increase in the number of inner-city women using illegal drugs, particularly crack cocaine. This development, many public health officials say, is the primary explanation for the growing numbers of drug-addicted babies and cases of sexually transmitted diseases being reported in many urban areas, including Washington.

The Justice Department study found that in Washington 65 per cent of 242 women under arrest who were tested in the last three months of 1988 showed signs of cocaine use. This compared to 62 per cent of 1,051 arrested men sampled during the same period. (KUNA)

SANTA FE, New Mexico: The Smithsonian Institution and Indian leaders will try to settle a dispute over handling the skeletal remains of Indian ancestors, but no commitments have been made, a Congressman said Sunday.

Officials had hoped to announce an agreement on the fate of the remains Saturday night during a reception at the Wheelwright Museum of the American Indian in Santa Fe, but not enough progress was made in the negotiations.

Leslie Logan of the Smithsonian's office of public affairs said one of the sticking points in the negotiations is whether the institution will return remains that were taken from certain locations but can't be traced to a particular family or tribal group.

The Smithsonian has an estimated 35,000 Indian skeletons and other sacred objects. Some American Indians like anthropologists and other collectors to grave-robbes. (AP)

MACY, Nebraska: A sacred pole topped with a human scalp and said to have the power of life and unity was presented to the Omaha tribe on Sunday after being held 101 years in a Boston museum.

The pole, believed to be more than 300 years old, is a symbol of unity for the American Indian tribe. Its last keeper, Yellow Socks, entrusted it to the Peabody Museum at Harvard University because he doubted younger generations of Omahas would cherish it.

Tribal officials recently negotiated its return. (AP)

ST PAUL, French Polynesia: Jean-Louis Edouard climbed into an Antarctic ice crevasse Sunday to rescue a stranded sled dog on the 25th day of a six-man expedition across the frozen continent.

Cathy Densett, a spokeswoman for the St Paul-based Trans-Antarctic Expedition, said the dog, Spanner, and two other dogs fell into the crevasse while pulling a sled over a snow bridge.

OIL spill cleanup

Hundreds of volunteers clean up the shores of western England's Mersey river, where a pipeline leak of 150 tonnes of crude oil threatened birds and their feeding grounds.

The volunteers worked Sunday along some of the 50 kilometres (30 miles) of shoreline sullied by the leak, trying to limit the damage.

The spill occurred when oil leaked from a pipeline sinking the Shell terminal at Tranmere, near Liverpool, and its refinery some 10 miles (16 kilometres) upriver at Stanlow, Ellesmere Port.

After a helicopter flight over the estuary, Shell UK chairman Bob Reid said small concentrations of oil were spread over "a very large distance."

About 40 Shell staff were involved in the cleanup which includes spraying oil patches from two tugs. Booms may also be used to contain the slicks.

Reid added they were treating the incident "very seriously" and warned that "even with hundreds of people working on the cleanup, it could take weeks." The cause of the leak is under investigation. (Reuters wirephoto)

Riding high

As the sun sets, fair-goers enjoy the rides during the last day of the Ohio State Fair in Columbus Sunday. Total attendance for the 17-day event is expected to reach more than 3.5 million people. (Reuters wirephoto)



Dizzy blows
Jazz trumpeter Dizzy Gillespie, 70, plays to a crowd at the Newport Jazz Festival on Sunday in Newport, Rhode Island. (Reuters wirephoto)

Leona overpaid taxes: attorney

NEW YORK, Aug 21, (UPI) Defense attorneys in the tax evasion trial of Leona Helmsley said they would present evidence today to prove the self-styled hotel queen and her billionaire husband actually overpaid their income taxes.

The case has been recessed since Wednesday, when Judge John Walker of the US District Court in Manhattan said he would grant the defense one hour to present the evidence and the government one hour to rebut it.

"I am convinced at this point to allow the evidence," Walker said after the revelation by the defense.

The judge added, however, that even though he thought the government had persuasive factual arguments that the couple cheated on their taxes, he felt the defense's evidence should be presented to the jury.

According to the defense evidence, two accounting firms recently went over the Helmsleys' individual tax forms and discovered that some partnerships were not properly depreciated.

James Devita, the assistant US attorney prosecuting the case, argued that while that may be, the tax returns have not been amended.

"They want to rewrite history," he said.

Helmsley, 69, is accused of billing \$4 million worth of renovations at her 26-story (10.5 ha) Greenwich, Connecticut, estate to the Helmsley Hotel business, and failing to pay millions of dollars in taxes.

Her 80-year-old husband, Harry, was severed from the trial after a series of small strokes left him with a severe memory loss.

In addition to Leona Helmsley, Frank Tarco, 45, Joseph Licari, 51, also are charged in the 47-count indictment.

Tarco and Helmsley are charged with one count of extortion, which carries a maximum 20-year prison term.

During the lengthy trial, now entering its eighth week, the prosecution has carefully constructed its case against Helmsley, presenting several witnesses who described how the couple charged personal items to their hotel business.

Immigrant Jews

WASHINGTON, Aug 21, (AP) Hungary has begun allowing Soviet Jews to fly to Israel through Budapest, becoming the second East European country to permit the transit of such immigrants, the World Jewish Congress said today.

The Hungarian decision is a harbinger of the establishment of full diplomatic ties between Israel and Hungary in the coming weeks and of direct flights between the Soviet Union and Israel in the future, said WJC sources.

Judgement day

Jim Bakker on trial

CHARLOTTE, North Carolina, Aug 21, (AP) Jim Bakker, the travelling evangelist who used his fund-raising talent to build a religious empire, will be looking for 12 more believers this week — in the jury box of a federal courtroom.

The television evangelist, ousted from his PTL empire two years ago, entered the courthouse today and said nothing more to reporters waiting outside. He and top aides are charged with diverting to their personal use more than \$4 million of the \$158 million contributed by viewers.

Shortly after Bakker entered, about 70 prospective jurors were ushered into the courtroom. In the first two hours of jury selection, no one was seated on the panel but a handful of prospective jurors were dismissed.

Meanwhile, his wife, Tammy Bakker, opened the "Jim and Tammy Show" this morning with tears and exhorted listeners to pray for her husband.

"We have such trouble things going on in Charlotte, N.C. today," Mrs Bakker said. It's like a circus in Charlotte, N.C. I don't know how possibly Jim can get a fair trial in Charlotte, N.C. His attorneys have been pressing for a change of venue.



Tammy Bakker

Several huge private television ministries in the United States broadcast religious programming and run various projects with millions of dollars solicited mostly from viewers through toll-free numbers. Some have come under scrutiny for the activities and opulent lifestyles of their host evangelists.

Last year, television evangelist Jimmy Swaggart was stripped of his Assemblies of God credentials after a New Orleans prostitute said he had paid her to pose nude for him.

Bakker, who left the PTL television empire he created during a sex-and-money scandal in

1987, moved earlier this year to an almost empty shopping centre in Orlando. His new show is carried by several television stations.

Shirley Balmer, a spokeswoman for Jim and Tammy Ministries, said she did not know of any plans by Mrs Bakker to attend her husband's trial, and that Bakker was not planning to return to Orlando on weekends for services at his new Covenant church.

Bakker is charged with eight counts of mail fraud, 15 counts of wire fraud, and conspiracy to commit mail and wire fraud. If convicted on all counts, he could be sentenced to 120 years in prison and ordered to pay more than \$5 million in fines. Mrs Bakker isn't charged.

After jury selection, opening arguments were scheduled to begin Aug. 28, but defence attorneys have renewed motions to move the trial because of pretrial publicity.

US magistrate Paul Taylor earlier rejected a similar motion, saying publicity had died down in the two years since Bakker left PTL. But Taylor said lawyers could renew their arguments before US district court judge Robert Potter during jury selection.

Victims talk

Crime and punishment

ST PAUL, Minnesota, Aug 21, (AP) When a judge sentences a criminal in the United States, the criminal's victim usually looks on in silence. The legal system allows a victim to testify to the facts of the crime, but he has no say in the perpetrator's punishment.

Now, however, three US states are allowing crime victims to speak at sentencing hearings to give them more involvement in their cases. But statistics show that most don't use the right.

In California, where voters approved a so-called "Right-To-Allocation" Law in 1985, two surveys released last year of judges and prosecutors indicated that fewer than 5 per cent of felony crime victims made statements at sentencing hearings held by judges. Victims said they felt they could have little impact, they already had satisfactory involvement or they were afraid.

The judge alone decides a criminal's punishment in most US legal proceedings, and even when victims speak under the new laws, the judge has the final say.

In Michigan, where a Crime Victim's Rights Law has been in effect since July 1985, "very few take advantage of actually speaking," said Circuit Court Judge Michael Harrison.

However, in at least half the crimes where there is an identifiable victim, Harrison said they submit a statement that the law requires judges to consider.

Fran Sepler, executive director of Minnesota's Crime Victim and Witness Advisory Council, which pushed for the state's year-old Allocation Law, said such legislation serves an important function because it gives victims "a maximum opportunity to participate."

"The feedback I get from judges is that they find these statements very difficult to listen to, extremely painful: that it injects an element of...humanity into the courtroom that is otherwise not there," Sepler said. "While there may not be substantial changes in sentencing...The victim impact statements are important considerations for them as they determine things like mitigating and aggravating factors."

Sepler said Mothers Against Drunk Driving, a nationwide lobbying group, is advising members to speak at sentencing.

Minnesota State Sen. Richard Cohen, an author of the measure, said officials involved in implementing the Allocation Law say it's working smoothly and is not tangling up the criminal justice system.

"It's allowed victims who are often given short shrift in the process to have more of an opportunity to be a part of what's taking place," Cohen said. "They will have the satisfaction of the sentencing judge knowing exactly how they feel and what has happened to them."

Shame of London

LONDON, Aug 21, (KUNA): Violence in the British capital is on the increase and there has been a rise in sex attacks despite a drop in crime, Scotland Yard figures out today showed.

The five per cent rise in the number of sex attacks during the 12 months to the end of June, included a 17 per cent increase in the number of rapes and attempted rapes, the police said.

Figures for violence in London went up by 13 per cent, but car thefts fell by nine per cent, muggings by six per cent, burglary by five per cent and shoplifting by four per cent.

The total number of recorded offences fell from 740,200 in the 12-month period ending June 1988 to 722,500 in the year ending June 1989.

Scotland Yard chiefs believe the continuing rise in the recorded reporting of these crimes through the police domestic violence units and child protection teams.

Study on drug habits of drivers

MONTREAL, Aug 21, (KUNA): The increased use of drugs and alcohol on the job has prompted the federal government to conduct a survey of 20,000 bus drivers, truckers, pilots and air traffic controllers to study their booze and drug habits.

Transport Canada is responsible for the survey of people who are in safety sensitive jobs. It has the backing of unions, employers and industry groups.

Participation in the survey is not mandatory and volunteers will receive absolute anonymity.

Son of John F. Kennedy joins DA's office in Manhattan

NEW YORK, Aug 21, (UPI) John F. Kennedy Jr. declared the 1988 People magazine Hunk of the Year and a trendsetter on the 1989 international best dressed list, today assumes a new title — assistant Manhattan district attorney.

The handsome only son of the late President John F. Kennedy is among the new crop of 64 "rookie" prosecutors who was sworn in, photographed and fingerprinted at the office of Manhattan District Attorney Robert Morgenthau today.

Morgenthau gained prominence as a federal prosecutor after President Kennedy appointed him US attorney for the Southern District of New York in 1961. He was later elected Manhattan district attorney.

The district attorney's spokesman, Gerald McKelvey, vowed to block reporters from interviewing the publicity-shy Kennedy, 28, on the job, saying he should be treated "just like everybody else."

However, the district attorney's office

has taken extraordinary steps to bar reporters from contacting the new celebrity prosecutor, measures never before taken to shield the 475 other assistants.

Morgenthau, the son of Roosevelt administration Treasury Secretary Henry Morgenthau Jr, likes hiring famous sons. In the past he brought on Andrew Cuomo and Cyrus Vance Jr, currently Dan Rather, son of the CBS anchorman, is on the staff.

One other celebrity hire, John Jr's

cousin, Robert F. Kennedy Jr, wound up resigning under a cloud of suspected drug abuse. After being sworn in in 1982, RFK Jr failed the bar exam and resigned in July 1983, saying he needed a rest. On Sept 16, 1983, he was charged with heroin possession in Rapid City, South Dakota, a few days after he fell sick on an airplane there. He entered a drug treatment programme and received a suspended sentence and two years probation. He eventually was admitted to the New York State bar in 1985.

Farms of drug barons raided

Colombia acts to crush Medellin drug cartel leaders



Galan: assassinated

BOGOTA, Aug 21. (Agencies): Colombian troops and police, using new powers to fight the country's cocaine traffickers, have raided and occupied properties owned by drug leaders, the Defence Ministry said yesterday.

A ministry statement said that in an operation which began on Friday, soldiers raided the main rural estate of reputed Medellin drug cartel chief Pablo Escobar, farms belonging to the Ochoa trafficking family in and around the city of Medellin and farms belonging to "The Mexican" Gonzalo Rodriguez Gacha, near Bogota.

Defence Ministry spokesman Colonel Eduardo Arevalo, asked whether the properties raided had been confiscated under one of the emergency decrees announced on Friday by President Virgilio Barco, said "Yes".

Barco, responding to the assassination of presidential candidate Luis Carlos Galan by suspected drug-backed gunmen at an outdoor political rally on Friday night, declared that security forces could hold suspects for up to seven days, seize their assets and extradite them if they were wanted abroad.

The raid at Escobar's Hacienda Napoles, about three hours' drive from Medellin, garnered the greatest number of goods, accord-

ing to the ministry. It listed the seizure of six vehicles, four boats, one bulldozer, a satellite dish, 3,000 gallons of petrol, 2,000 head of cattle and 100 pigs.

It said the estate had been occupied by troops and 52 people were being held there. The concrete entrance to the vast estate was also pictured as having a small mounted airplane, reputed to have flown Escobar's first load of cocaine.

In the three-day operation in four of the country's 22 states, troops and police raided 505 properties and detained 10,450 people, the ministry stated. The security forces also seized 157 vehicles, 622 weapons and four tonnes of coca paste.

Police and soldiers also rounded up nearly 10,000 people for questioning in a nationwide crackdown on cocaine traffickers.

Tens of thousands of people, many openly weeping and calling out for justice, packed downtown streets for Galan's funeral yesterday. President Virgilio Barco characterised him as a martyr in an escalating war on the drug underworld.

According to a Defence Ministry communiqué issued last night, police and military authorities have rounded up 9,896 people, raided 298 homes of suspected drug dealers

and seized 330 arms.

Assassins believed hired by the drug cartel gunned down Galan who was a sworn enemy of the cocaine cartels and an outspoken proponent of extradition of drug traffickers. He had been threatened by drug dealers frequently and said he had survived an assassination plot in Medellin two weeks ago.

Barco announced the revival of the US-Colombia 1990 extradition treaty just minutes after Galan's death, and also decreed a state of siege allowing pretrial seizure of suspected trafficker's properties and a broadening of police powers.

At the funeral, Barco said blame for Galan's death lies not only with his killers but with users of cocaine and other drugs, and said sadly that Colombia is paying a high price for global drug abuse.

Funeral ceremonies began early yesterday with a violin recital organised by schoolmates of Galan's eldest son, 17-year-old Juan Manuel, as other family members wept beside the coffin.

Colombian police on Monday seized helicopters suspected of belonging to the drug traffickers.

Commandos swept into Guaimaral airport and seized the helicopters.

Earth may be hit by debris

Race to retrieve falling satellite

NEW YORK, Aug 21. (Reuters): Scientists at the US space agency are racing to rescue a satellite the size of a bus before it crashes to earth, the New York Times reported today.

The newspaper quoted officials at the National Aeronautics and Space Administration as saying the 11-ton scientific satellite was falling to earth faster than expected and they were planning to send a space shuttle to retrieve it.

If the satellite is not saved, 2,540 kg (5,600 pounds) of debris in 430 chunks might hit earth, but the chances of people being hurt would be remote. Experts say the debris could land on Africa, South America, India, South-East Asia and Aus-

tralia.

Ten years ago the Skylab space station slipped its orbit, raining debris on the Indian Ocean and Australia.

The space agency wants to use the space shuttle for servicing and retrieving spacecraft and not just for putting them into orbit and had scheduled the rescue for December. However, this could be moved forward to November in order to prevent the \$14 million satellite hitting earth.

"We'd like to demonstrate that we have a dependable spacecraft we can use for routine servicing," Dr William Kinard, chief scientist for the satellite, was quoted as saying.

The satellite was put into orbit by the shuttle in 1984 and should have been picked up a year later but a scheduling delay and the Challenger disaster in 1986 put the shuttle out of action for nearly three years.

Its information is crucial for the design of spacecraft intended to last decades rather than years, agency officials say. It also has importance for the Strategic Defence Initiative, commonly known as "Star Wars", for ideas on how to build anti-missile weapons with long endurance.

A NASA spokesman was not immediately available for comment on the newspaper report.

US may not send troops for drug war

KENNEBUNKPORT, Maine, Aug 21. (Reuters): President George Bush has completed work on a strategy to fight drug trafficking but his chief of staff today played down the possibility of using US troops to help Colombia deal with drug kingpins.

"I think the tradition in the Western Hemisphere has been a reluctance on the part of anybody to ask for troops and I think there's a reluctance on the part of the president to commit troops," White House Chief of Staff John Sununu told reporters.

Attorney General Richard Thornburgh has said the United States should consider sending troops to Colombia, if invited, to help fight the powerful cocaine industry there. But Sununu said Thornburgh was merely restating longstanding US policy.

"There has been no indication of their (Colombia's) desire of that and we have in no way prepared for that kind of request," said Sununu.

Sununu, with Bush on vacation at Kennebunkport coastal resort, indicated that US assistance to Latin American drug producing nations would be limited to additional financial aid and equipment that could be used to fight drugs.

Colombia has arrested more than 10,000 people and seized millions of dollars in property of suspected drug barons since the Friday assassination of leading presidential candidate Luis Carlos Galan. Police suspect the killing of Galan, a judge and a police chief last week were ordered by drug traffickers.

Sununu said the cost of Bush's programme could range up to \$8 billion and that the President would give details in a Prime-Time television speech on Sept 5.

Dutch police claimed today to have made the biggest single haul ever of amphetamines, confiscating almost one million tablets of the drug ecstasy in a storage room rented by an American.

Police spokesman Coes Remeun said the raid took place on Friday in a cellar under an Amsterdam flower shop after a tip from West German police, but he refused to name the American involved.

West German police claimed the pills had been manufactured illegally at the premises of the West German chemical firm Chemie Cöln, Remeun added.

He said West German police were at present investigating "some" Imhausen-Chemie employees for their alleged involvement in the production of the pills.

West Germany's federal criminal department said in a statement today the seizure followed months of investigations into the affairs of some staff at Imhausen-Chemie and an unnamed American attorney.

The statement said the attorney and several Imhausen employees were suspected of the illegal production and sales of methylene dioxymethyl amphetamine, commonly known as ecstasy.

OAS fails to break Panama's political deadlock

PANAMA CITY, Panama, Aug 20. (UPI): An OAS mission failed to break a stalemate between Panama's opposition and government representatives yesterday after a second day of talks aimed at seeking an end to a three-month-old political crisis.

A delegation of the Organisation of American States met separately with both sides over the weekend to mediate between government negotiators who insist that defector ruler Gen. Manuel Antonio Noriega cannot resign under US pressure and the opposition, which demands that he step down.

Panama has been in political limbo since the

government annulled May 7 national elections. The Roman Catholic Church and most foreign observers say the opposition won the election by a 3-1 ratio, but the government claims it swept the polls by 2-1.

After two days of talks, the OAS delegation called a recess yesterday afternoon without making any declarations. The mission is scheduled to return to Washington tomorrow to brief the organisation Wednesday.

Meanwhile, pro-government representative Romulo Escobar criticised US involvement.

Kenya's pride and joy killed

NAIROBI, Kenya, Aug 21. (AP): Conservationist George Adamson was shot dead at his homestead in a remote northeastern Kenyan game reserve where he helped dozens of lions born in captivity learn to survive in the African bush, sources said today.

Adamson, with this late wife Joy, author of the book "Born Free," helped popularise wildlife conservation. He was 83.

Eric Callaghan of the British High Commission confirmed that Adamson was found dead at his camp in the Kora National Reserve yesterday.

"We don't know how he died, we just had a report he was found dead," said Callaghan.

Members of Kenya's wildlife community and associates of Adamson, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said they understood Adamson had been shot dead by Shifta, roaming bands of Somali tribesmen who are believed responsible for most of the animal poaching in Kenya.

Robert Denny, a spokesman with the British High Commission and other officials said they did not know who killed Adamson or the exact circumstances surrounding his death. The area around Kora is known to be frequented by roving bands of poachers and bandits.

A source with close links to Kenya's authorities and to the country's wildlife community said one of more of Adamson's assistants were thought to have died along with him, apparently in a clash with an armed group.

However, neither police nor Adamson's lawyer would comment on the report. Police Commissioner Philip Kilongo and wildlife director Richard Lesley flew to Adamson's camp this morning to investigate the reports.

It was due largely to agitation by Adamson, who moved to Kora and leased the area from a county council in 1971, that the government made it a game reserve three years later.

Subsequent encroachment by nomadic Somali tribesmen and their herds led Adamson to pressure Kenya into calling on paramilitary, anti-poaching troops to remove the Somalis before they caused too much destruction.

In an interview with the Associated Press in 1983, Adamson said he had been told of a plot by Somalis to murder him in the hope that with him gone, authorities would be under little pressure to police the reserve.

"I think that George always was aware that that was a risk and that he was treading on somebody's toes," said one of Adamson's close associates.

Joy Adamson's wife, renowned author and conservationist Joy Adamson, was killed in 1980 in the Shaba Game Reserve by a young servant over a wage dispute. She had moved to the game reserve in northwestern Kenya in the late 1960s to work with leopards.

Adamson, a Briton, was game warden of Kenya's northern frontier district in 1944 when he married Joy, an Austrian-born artist whose books would thrust him into fame.

Twelve years later, he brought home three motherless lion cubs. One, named Elsa, became the central character of the book, "Born Free." Adamson served as technical director for a film adaptation.

That book as well as its sequels, "Living Free" and "Forever Free," described the Adamsons' unique and controversial practice of taking lions born in captivity and teaching them to survive on their own before freeing them into the wild.

However, after a mauling incident in Kora in 1980, the government stopped the practice.

Adamson, whose shoulder-length flaxen hair and goatee gave him a lionine appearance, lived in a modest camp in Kora and survived off a pension, interest from a trust set up by his wife, and donations from admirers who wanted him to continue protecting Kora.

A slim sunburnt man who habitually wore just shorts and sandals when strolling among his wild lions, Adamson often went years without entering East Africa's cities.

His remote home, a collection of earthen-floored huts surrounded by wire mesh that kept out the big cats, was nonetheless frequently visited by admirers.

Adamson had requested that he be buried at Kora beside Joy, a favourite lion he was forced to shoot as it mauled an assistant, said Monty Ruben, a film producer whose involvement with the Adamsons stretches back more than 20 years.

He wrote two books, "Born Free" and an autobiography "My Pride and Joy."



Godfather of drug cartel

Undated file photo of reputed Medellin cartel leader Pablo Escobar. Colombia's Defence Ministry said yesterday that soldiers and police raided farms and buildings belonging to the leaders of the notorious Medellin cocaine cartel. (Reuters wirephoto)

NASA to send probe to Jupiter

PASADENA, California, Aug 21. (UPI): Even as the Voyager 2 probe races toward Neptune, NASA is gearing up to fire a robot spacecraft to Jupiter, and officials said yesterday preparations were on schedule for an Oct 12 launch by the crew of the shuttle Atlantis.

"It's sort of been scary, things have been going so well," project manager Richard Spheeris said. "We've been very pleased, the team's worked very hard."

If all goes well, the \$1.4 billion Galileo Jupiter probe will be transported to launch pad 39B at the Kennedy Space Centre Thursday for installation in a special "clean room" where it will be readied for installation into Atlantis's payload bay.

"It is the Rolls-Royce of spacecraft, likely never to be matched for its complexity and capability," said Clayne Yeates.

Atlantis was scheduled to be towed from its hangar to the Florida Shuttleport's vehicle assembly building late yesterday for attachment to its external tank and solid-fuel boosters.

The assembled shuttle vehicle is set to be hauled to the launch pad around Aug 28, with blastoff on the sixth post-Challenger mission on tap for Oct 12.

"We have completed our spacecraft 'stand alone' operations," Spheeris said at the jet propulsion laboratory, where scientists are gearing up for the Voyager 2 flyby of Neptune Thursday. "There's a lot of pressure on us all to get (Galileo) launched during this period."

Launch processing is in its final stages and engineers still have about a week of "contingency time" at the launch pad — shifts in which no work is scheduled — to handle any unexpected problems.

Because of the positions of Earth and Jupiter in their orbits around the sun, and the power of Galileo's "inertial upper stage" booster, NASA must launch Galileo during a one-month period starting Oct 12 or the mission will be delayed two years while Earth and Jupiter return to favourable positions.

The spacecraft originally was scheduled to be launched in 1982 but the flight was repeatedly delayed by changes in its mission design and, ultimately, by the Jan 28, 1986, Challenger disaster.

Galileo is the first spacecraft designed to spend time in orbit around one of the giant outer planets for an extended series of observations. It will test for water and radio signals on Jupiter after a six and half year flight to the planet.

Mission Neptune

Voyager 2 explores distant planet

PASADENA, California, Aug 21. (AP): After a 12-year, 4.4 billion-mile (seven billion-kilometre) space odyssey, Voyager 2 fired its thrusters today to take final aim toward Neptune, the most distant and last unexplored planet due for a visit by a spacecraft from earth.

"The spacecraft is in great shape, and everything is going extremely well," flight engineering manager Lanny Miller said.

The small adjustment in direction was the last needed to target Voyager for Thursday's close encounter with Neptune and Friday's flight past its largest moon, Triton. The manoeuvre, meant to nudged Voyager to the right and increased its speed a tiny 1.1 miles per hour (1.7 kilometres per hour), means Voyager will fly closest to Neptune about 8:55 pm, PDT (0355 GMT) Thursday.

Engineers at NASA's jet propulsion laboratory received a signal from the spacecraft at 8:15 am PDT (1515 GMT) today indicating the thrusters started firing at 4:09 am (1109 GMT). It takes four hours and six minutes for the signals to reach earth, even at the 186,000-mile-per-second (299,330-kilometre-per-second) speed of light.

The approaching encounter with Neptune has drawn scientists here from all over the world.

"It's almost like being on a ship of discovery like Marco Polo, Magellan and Columbus," says Jurrie Van der Woude, a laboratory spokesman.

"For most of us, this is the last picture show, the last foreign shores we visit in the solar system."

Cable television stations will carry live NASA broadcasts of photographs from the planet.

On its approach to the solar system's fourth-largest planet, the picture-snapping space probe already has discovered four moons in addition to Triton and Nereid, which had been discovered from earth, as well as two partial rings of debris orbiting Neptune.

Voyager also discovered Neptune has a magnetic field; hurricane-like storms dubbed "scooters" with 400 mile per hour (640 kilometre per hour) winds; 2,700-mile-wide (4,345-kilometre-wide) bands vaguely like earth's jet streams; and a 8,100-by-4,100-mile (13,035-by-6,600-kilometre) great dark spot, probably a huge storm like Jupiter's great red spot.



'I won't chop your head off'

Comin, an African hippopotamus, weighing 350 kilos, lets a zookeeper have a close look at his

mouth. Comin has been in the Pessac Zoo, France since 1981. (Reuters wirephoto)

INTERNATIONAL

Computer for India: US dilemma

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21, (AP) — US officials are deadlocked over whether to allow export of American-made supercomputers to India and Israel, where US intelligence experts believe they could be used to help design nuclear weapons and missiles, a congressional source said yesterday.

"There is a deadlock between the agencies and it's going to come up to the White House for a political decision," said the source, who spoke on condition that he not be identified.

The dispute pits the Commerce and State Departments, which favour the exports, against the Defence Department and CIA, which oppose them, said the source, who is closely involved with nuclear proliferation issues.

"You have the State Department trying to smooth relations with friendly nations, you have the Commerce Department trying to promote exports," he said. "On the other hand, you've got the intelligence

community concerned. No 1. about illicit uses of those computers, and No 2, about possible Soviet access to some of those systems."

At issue are applications to export a Cray Research Inc. supercomputer to Technion, a technical university in Israel; an IBM supercomputer for the University of Sao Paulo in Brazil, another IBM machine for Embraer S.A., an enterprise largely owned by the Brazilian government that makes aircraft; and a Cray computer for the Indian Institute of Technology in Bangalore.

"Israel, Brazil and India are without question pursuing activities related to either nuclear weapons or long-range missiles, or both," the congressional source said. "And with the facilities which they (the supercomputers) are going to, there is ample reason to believe there are either direct or indirect connections" to the weapons programmes.

Special Report

Nature heals

Ayurveda is gaining recognition

LANCASTER, Mass., Aug. 21, (WNL) — A growing number of governments are turning to an ancient healing system to help find cures for modern-day ills ranging from alcoholism to heart disease.



Chopra: unique

Ayurveda — literally the science of life — is a 6,000-year-old Indian doctrine which uses plants, herbs and minerals instead of surgery and drugs. Based on the theory that health is the product of a perfect balance between body and spirit, and that patients must be treated as a whole person, Ayurveda is starting to gain worldwide recognition as an alternative to Western medical techniques.

Already governments in India, Brazil, Thailand and Senegal have set up Ayurveda programmes, to run in tandem with the countries' established health-care service. Later this summer will see the start of the first such operation in Moscow. Indian-born Dr Deepak Chopra, head of the American Association of Ayurvedic Medicine, has been invited by the Soviet minister of health to open a clinic in the nation's capital.

Dr Chopra, a former chief of staff at the New England Memorial Hospital in Stoneham, Massachusetts, trained in traditional medicine in his native India before moving to the US. "I had a busy practice in Boston, and then I got interested in Ayurveda," he explained. "It answered so many of the problems that Western medicine simply didn't address."

Chopra does not dismiss traditional medicine — he and all the doctors working with him have medical degrees. "Western medicine has some wonderful things to offer. We just tend to use them indiscriminately," he said. According to the doctor, one third of the annual US health care budget is spent on unnecessary drugs and surgical operations.

"Western medicine focuses on relieving and masking the symptoms but does little to cure the disease itself," he said. "It relies on 'magic bullets' which often have unpleasant or dangerous side-effects. We could prescribe 80 per cent less drugs in this country along by following Ayurveda techniques. Ayurveda focuses on prevention and we know that 80 to 90 per cent of illness is related to stress, lifestyle or nutrition. We can influence these diseases greatly, and for the remaining 20 per cent we can maximise the patients' own ability to recover from illness."

Just outside the small town of Lancaster, a 40-minute drive from Boston, Chopra runs a small but exclusive clinic, housed in a magnificent turn-of-the-century mansion set in 200 acres of rolling parkland.

Guests — they are never referred to as patients — include businessmen hoping to resolve problems of stress, alcohol and tobacco addiction, and movie stars coming to recuperate from the rigours of show business. Since it opened three years ago, Elizabeth Taylor, Linda Gray — the Sue Ellen of the Dallas TV series — and members of the Beach Boys rock band have all been clients at the centre.

Other people come to Lancaster suffering from more serious ailments, including chronic arthritis, multiple sclerosis and cancer. In the chronic disease category, Ayurveda has scored some notable successes, though doctors are guarded about making claims to have found actual cures.

Still, a woman suffering from breast cancer and who sought treatment at the centre appears to have had a complete remission after five visits.

Of 10 patients treated at Lancaster for multiple sclerosis, two showed a marked improvement, and five showed a dramatic change for the better, doctors report. Another area producing encouraging results is AIDS research. Patients being treated at two experimental Ayurveda clinics in New York and San Francisco have all shown a gradual reduction in the severity of their symptoms and, most importantly, an increase in the strength of their immune system, which protects the body against diseases. All have reported weight gains and an improvement in symptoms such as fever, muscular pains, chills and sweating. Most significantly, there has been a major improvement in the mental state of all the patients, a factor which in turn has an effect on the immune system.

Said Chopra: "They still have the AIDS virus, but they do not seem to get ill. We have patients who have had the virus for eight years without even catching a cold. Of course it does not mean they are cured."

On a lighter note, he explained that a popular treatment among Lancaster's movie star clients is the rejuvenation programme, doctors claim to have found ways of slowing the ageing process, using, among other things, a technique to halt the deterioration of DHEA sulphate, a vital hormone which declines as people get older.

Treatment at the Lancaster clinic does not come cheaply. A week's stay starts at \$2,200, going up to \$4,300 if you take a royal suite, with a luxury limousine to pick you up at the airport.

"We also have an outpatient facility where a patient will spend between \$50 and \$150, and the Blue Cross insurance will pay for it," Chopra said.

As an in-patient, a client may take a variety of treatments, including aromatherapy — the inhalation of fragrant oils — music therapy — especially effective in treating insomnia and high blood pressure — and colour therapy — the beaming of different colours onto a patient's body. Oil therapy — where warm oils are trickled onto the patient's forehead, has a soothing effect on the central nervous system and allows the brain to function more effectively, say doctors. Steam herbal baths are recommended for the treatment of people with arthritic conditions and weight problems.

Early diagnosis is the key to Ayurveda, and doctors have developed a special three-fin-



Ethnic Turks await permission to collect their belongings from the Turkish-Bulgarian border in Kapikule. (Reuter wirephoto)

Cypriot talks may be blown up

NICOSIA, Aug. 21, (AP) — Greek and Turkish Cypriot leaders charged today that demands made by the other side were time bombs that would blow up peace talks for reunifying the war-torn island.

Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash reiterated his rejection of any negotiations demanding the return of 200,000 Greek Cypriots to their homes in the Turkish-occupied north of the island.

The Greek Cypriot refugees could not be allowed back for a period of at least 18 years after a peace settlement, Denktash told a rally in the Turkish sector of the divided island capital Nicosia.

"Allowing them back before this period is like accepting a time bomb among Turkish Cypriots," he added.

Denktash, the President of the self-proclaimed Turkish Cypriot republic of northern Cyprus, recognised only by Turkey, also said a settlement was impossible as long as there was no international recognition for his breakaway mini-state.

The United Nations Security Council called the statelet "legally invalid" when it was proclaimed in 1983 and demanded its abrogation.

Other Security Council resolutions on Cyprus call for the withdrawal of an estimated 30,000 Turkish troops and 50,000 mainland settlers from northern Cyprus.

Parliament Speaker Vassos Lyssarides, speaking at the same time in the Greek Cypriot sector, also warned of a "time bomb."

"We are seeking a settlement which respects the basic human rights of both sides. One that ignores this basic principle and implementation of the UN resolutions will become a time bomb in the foundations of an artificial state edifice," he said.

UN-sponsored peace talks between Denktash and President George Vassiliou, the Greek Cypriot leader, which started a year ago are currently deadlocked. The two leaders last met in June.

UN Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar tried to break the deadlock by presenting a draft to serve as a basis for resuming talks.

The document had a mixed reception in both camps. Vassiliou accepted it, but Greek Cypriot opposition parties rejected it, while on the Turkish Cypriot side, opposition parties accepted it but Denktash rejects it.

Denktash was addressing a rally called to reject the draft immediately before the breakaway state's parliament opened a two-day debate on it.

The document attempts to bridge differences over the reunifying the island through setting up a bi-zonal federation.

Turkey closes border Families split up

KAPIKULE, Turkey, Aug. 21, (Reuters) — Turkey's decision to close its border with Bulgaria spread anxiety through weary crowds waiting today for ethnic Turkish relatives at the Kapikule crossing point.

"What will I do? My wife, children and parents all stayed behind," said one ethnic Turk in a rubbish-strewn car park where he had slept and waited for 25 days.

Scores of other people had similar fears as news spread that Turkey would restrict the flow of ethnic Turks from Bulgaria from 2 am tomorrow (2300 GMT Monday) to try to pressure Sofia into negotiating an agreement over their future.

At the border, dozens of families dragged four-wheeled donkey carts to and fro across the border piled high with bundles of clothes, beds and even stoves.

More than 2,500 had arrived by road and railway four pm (1300 GMT) today.

"We had to put an end to this," said Vedat Demir, security chief of Edirne border province.

A small but rising number of people have returned to Bulgaria, over 1,300 in total and 70 on Sunday alone. Some waited to cross today, saying they had been unable to make ends meet in Turkey.

For the new arrivals, goods are loaded up onto trucks for transport to their new homes.

US Senator Dennis DeConcini, who visited the Bulgarian side of the border, said 10,000 ethnic Turks were waiting patiently there without water or facilities.

"What the Bulgarians have done to the Turks should be condemned," DeConcini told reporters. New arrivals said they had spent up to eight days on the road in Bulgaria and predicted the delays would cause a popular explosion of wrath in villages which many ethnic Turks still wanted to leave.

"People in the villages were all packed up and ready to join their relatives. I wouldn't like to say what they will do if they can't come," said one refugee.

At the border, dozens of families dragged four-wheeled donkey carts to and fro across the border piled high with bundles of clothes, beds and even stoves.

More than 2,500 had arrived by road and railway four pm (1300 GMT) today.

"We had to put an end to this," said Vedat Demir, security chief of Edirne border province.

A small but rising number of people have returned to Bulgaria, over 1,300 in total and 70 on Sunday alone. Some waited to cross today, saying they had been unable to make ends meet in Turkey.

For the new arrivals, goods are loaded up onto trucks for transport to their new homes.

Lanka seizes rebels, arms

COLOMBO, Aug. 21, (Agencies) — The Sri Lankan military arrested hundreds of suspected rebels and seized weapons in raids at the weekend, while at least another 15 people were killed yesterday in political violence, military sources said.

They said large quantities of weapons, ammunition and explosives were seized in the raids on rebel hideouts and about 650 suspected members of the People's Liberation Front arrested in Colombo and elsewhere.

Nine other people were killed in separate incidents in the south of Sri Lanka where the front also set fire to four state-owned buses and a soldier's house.

The sources said some families had moved into safe shelters and anti-rebel operations had been intensified at the weekend in response to a rebel threat against the families of security men who did not resign by Aug 20.

Anonymous posters, believed to be put up by the security forces, threatened to retaliate by destroying the families of front members unless they withdrew from the left movement by yesterday.

"They seem to have got the message. There have been no attacks on our families for the last 48 hours," one officer said.

Political sources said the government was adopting a two-pronged strategy against the rebels' anti-government campaigns.

While intensifying the fight against the front, the government was trying to persuade it to give up arms and begin peace talks.

Prime Minister Dingiri Banda Wijetunge appealed to the rebels on television and radio last night to agree to stop hostilities.

His appeal followed a proposal by President Ranasinghe Premadasa last week to hold talks with all political parties, including the front, on ways to restore normality.

There has been no response from the front to peace overtures by the government during the past eight months and political sources doubted whether rebel leader Rohana Wijeweera would react favourably to the latest appeal.

In other developments, Sinhalese radicals detonated a landmine under a Sri Lankan Army jeep, killing five soldiers and the civilian driver, military officials said today.

The bodies of six other people, five of them badly burned, were found in the Kandy Hill district, the officials added.

All 12 deaths occurred in a 24-hour period ending at midday today.

The military officials blamed all 12 killings on the People's Liberation Front, an extreme leftist Sinhalese group that has been attacking the Sinhalese-dominated government for the past two years.

The front accuses the government of making too many concessions to the Tamil minority and of weakening the nation's sovereignty by allowing Indian Peace-keeping troops to remain on the island.

However, opposition politicians and front supporters have accused the government or government-tolerated vigilante squads of responsibility for the charged bodies that turn up virtually every day in the Sinhalese heartland.

Senior government and military officials also have acknowledged privately that "excesses" have been committed in the government's fight against the Sinhalese radicals.

The attack on the Army patrol occurred last night in Mahawera, about 135 kilometres (85 miles) northeast of Colombo.

Glacier talks stall

SKARDU, Pakistan, Aug. 21, (Reuters) — India and Pakistan have failed to make any headway in talks aimed at settling their bitter dispute over a bleak Himalayan glacier, Pakistani Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto said today.

She told reporters during a visit to the front line on the Siachen glacier — the world's highest battlefield — that Pakistani troops were dug in for another winter.

"There has been a delay in the negotiations," she said. "We were hoping that some progress would be made before the winter snow, but unfortunately that has not happened. As you can see everybody here is quite dug in for another winter."

Benazir flew by helicopter to a forward base at the foot of the glacier 16,500 feet (5,000 metres) above sea level. She praised the bravery of troops and was briefed by commanders.

The two countries began talks in June on disengagement of their forces from the bleak glacier, where their soldiers have fought sporadically since 1984.

The basis of the plan is the withdrawal of soldiers to positions held earlier without affecting claims to the territory.

Military delegations met in Rawalpindi at the weekend and Benazir's statement was the first firm sign that they had failed to settle their differences on withdrawal positions.



Benazir: no headway

Karachi curfew enforced Violator shot dead

KARACHI, Aug. 21, (AP) — Army troops shot and killed a man for violating curfew, police said today, bringing the death toll to 20 in a week of ethnic unrest in Pakistan's largest city.

Armed troops patrolled the troubled areas in armoured vehicles and on foot. Eight neighbourhoods were under curfew, some round-the-clock.

Police said six people were wounded in a firefight in one district last night.

Renewed clashes between mohajirs, immigrant Muslims from India, and the local ethnic Sindhis, began last week in the working-class neighbourhoods of eastern Karachi.

Police said about 36 people have been injured, and 12 buses and a truck burned in the unrest.

"There is an acute shortage of eatables," said a housewife in one area by telephone.

Hundreds have died and thousands have been injured in ethnic riots fuelled by high unemployment and scarce housing over the past three years.

Bhindranwale Tiger Force of Khalistan massacres family of ten over a land dispute in Punjab

PADRI KALAN, India, Aug. 21, (UPI) — Sikh radicals today killed 10 family members — five women and five children — in an attack believed paid for by a rival farmer over a festering land dispute in northern Punjab, police and witnesses said.

Police reported 10 gunmen from the "Bhindranwale Tiger Force of Khalistan," one of the most hardline Sikh separatist groups, staged the assault in Padri Kalan village, 25 miles (40 km) south of Amritsar.

They said slayings were contract killings by extremists fighting to create in Punjab a theocratic Sikh nation named "Khalistan." Violence linked to the separatist drive has left some 5,000 people since the campaign began full-scale in 1983.

Police said the assailants entered the one-storey-high brick farmhouse set amid rice fields on Padri Kalan's outskirts and began searching for the house-

holder, Gian Singh, who was out with two sons patrolling their crops.

The attackers armed with automatic weapons first shot as they lay in their beds a grandson and granddaughter of Singh, police said.

Police reported the Sikhs then herded the other eight occupants — Singh's wife, mother, daughter, two daughters-in-law, two other grandsons and a remaining granddaughter — into a central courtyard, where their victims

were lined against a wall to die in a hail of gunfire.

"We are ruined," wept Joginder Singh, Gian Singh's eldest son who lost his wife and two children. "They have not left any sign of living in our native home. God will never forgive these killers who butchered my children."

Hardip Singh, Gian Singh's youngest son, was sleeping on the roof of the house when the assailants arrived, prompting him to hide amid hay bales

from where he watched his family slain.

"The leader dragged out my sister-in-law, my mother and my sister by their hair," he said. "The women pleaded for the lives of the children, but the killers didn't listen. They abused them, and said they will strike again for the four male members (of the family)."

Police and residents said Gian Singh had been embroiled in a six-year-long dispute with a neighbour, who was jealous of the farmer's purchase of

lucrative farmlands and his superior irrigation arrangements.

They reported Gian Singh had often been warned of "dire consequences" for possessing the land, and said his rival had finally decided to have him eliminated by paying militants to perform the task, a fairly common event in competitive, agrarian Punjab.

Police said the rival farmer and his entire family had disappeared.

Raoul is still alive: sister

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Raoul Wallenberg's family hopes that glasnost will finally produce the truth about the Swedish diplomat who disappeared in the Soviet Union 44 years ago after saving tens of thousands of Jews from the Holocaust.

They have accepted an invitation to Moscow to meet KGB and Soviet Foreign Ministry officials with a promise of access to all available information.

"Everything seems to be possible in the Soviet Union under Mikhail Gorbachev's new policy of glasnost (political openness). And we firmly believe Raoul is still alive," Wallenberg's sister Nina Lagergren said.

Wallenberg was last seen in January 1945 aged 32 when he was driven to see Marshal Rodion Malinovsky, commander of the Soviet troops occupying Budapest at the end of World War Two.

Moscow denied all knowledge of him until 1957, when they quoted a document declaring he had died of a heart attack 10 years earlier in Moscow's Lubianka prison.

Accepted
Sweden has never accepted the Soviet version and Wallenberg's family, encouraged by reports from former inmates of Soviet jails who say they have seen the missing diplomat, is convinced that he celebrated his 77th birthday on August 4.

Lagergren will travel to Moscow with Wallenberg's half-brother Guy von Dardel and the chairman and secretary of the Swedish Raoul Wallenberg Association.

Their trip has raised hopes of a breakthrough but Soviet officials have tried to tone down expectations. "According to the information we have here, there are no other documents," said Mikhail Skupov, Soviet press attache in Stockholm.

Unveiled
Wallenberg's family and friends are torn between hope and realism.

"Somebody said that if Gorbachev opens a door and Raoul steps into the room it would be one of the most wonderful events of the century," Wallenberg Association secretary Sonja Sonnenfeld said.

"We will bring all our hopes to Moscow but leave our illusions behind. The invitation could be a public relations gesture only, but then again, if nothing comes out of it the world will be disappointed," she said.

A monument to Wallenberg was unveiled in Budapest in 1987. Senior Kremlin leaders and the Soviet media have praised his work for the first time.

Refugee influx in FRG

BONN, Aug. 21. (AP): At least 1,400 East German escapees poured into West Germany over the weekend, including 500 people who seized the chance to flee during a "friendship" rally on the Hungarian border, officials said today.

The ever-growing tide of East Germans fleeing their country through Hungary's recently relaxed border with Austria prompted Bonn officials to plead for reforms by the communist East Berlin government.

It is relatively easy for East Germans to travel to Hungary. More than 10,000 East Germans have made their way to West Germany since the start of August, according to Manfred Kersten, spokesman for the resettlement camp in Giessen, where most refugees are received.

The camp, about 50 kilometres (30 miles) north of Frankfurt, has become so crowded over the past few weeks that West Germany has converted a former military barracks near Muenster to house the overflow.

Leading Social Democratic politicians today called on the East German government of Erich Honecker to alter its domestic hard line and give its citizens hope that they may soon see reforms like those instituted in the Soviet Union, Poland and Hungary.

"We appeal to the East German leadership to revise its course and make possible the kind of pluralism and personal engagement that are evident in the Soviet Union today," said SPD leader Hans-Jochen Vogel.



Walesa (right) greets Mazowiecki with a bear hug. (Reuters wirephoto)

Blackmail, says Walesa

Row over cabinet seats

GDANSK, Poland, Aug. 21. (Agencies): Solidarity leader Lech Walesa accused Poland's Communist Party today of blackmail by threatening to refuse to co-operate with the union over the formation of a government.

"Poland needs reforms. Only work on the concrete shape of these reforms gives credibility to the political forces active in our country. No one will achieve that through a policy of threats and blackmail," Walesa said in a statement.

Walesa said he was appealing to the communists to drop their threat to refuse to share responsibility for Poland's political future if they were not given a significant role in a Solidarity-led coalition government.

Communist Party pressed today for extra seats in the new cabinet and said members do not want to "put up their hands" in surrender to a Solidarity-led coalition government.

In an interview in the party newspaper Trybuna Ludu, first secretary Mieczyslaw F. Rakowski said he is looking for ways to strengthen the powers of the party.

Solidarity has offered the communists the ministries of Defence and Interior, but party journalist Daniel Passent said in an interview with the British Broadcasting Corp. that it probably would also ask for the powerful ministries of foreign affairs and finance.

"Hundreds of thousands of our comrades are waiting today all over Poland for the voice of their central committee on the issues most significant, not only for the party, but for the whole country," Rakowski said.

"Do we capitulate or charge forward? Do we resign from the values of socialism or are we ready to defend them?" he said.

Prime minister-designate Tadeusz Mazowiecki, in Gdansk yesterday, said he has made no final decision on the makeup of his government but that it would be open to reform forces from all parties.

Earlier, Walesa told reporters: "If the Communist Party does not draw proper conclusions, and so far it has not, then it will have no chances whatsoever in the future. It should stop rocking the boat and start doing its job."

The Communist Party's policy-making central committee made the threat in a resolution passed on Saturday, the same day that President Wojciech Jaruzelski asked Mazowiecki to form a government.

The government would be the first in Eastern Europe to be

dominated by non-communists since the aftermath of World War Two.

"I appeal to the Communist Party to drop the tactics presented in the central committee resolution of Aug 19 and to construct a programme of deep political and economic reforms which society will undoubtedly appreciate," Walesa said.

A spokeswoman for Sejm Speaker Mikolaj Kozakiewicz confirmed today that the Sejm has received Jaruzelski's nominating letter.

The appointment of Mazowiecki would be added to Wednesday's agenda of the Sejm, the lower parliament chamber, the spokeswoman said.

He said a central committee resolution, in which it threatened to withhold support from the government if it does not receive enough cabinet seats, answers the expectations of the part of the party "which does not want to put up their hands" in surrender.

The communist central committee demanded in a resolution published late yesterday that it be given an amount of seats in the Mazowiecki government that "correspond to its state and political potential."

Mazowiecki today welcomed the positive assessment of the reforms in Poland by the Kremlin and rejected talks with the Communist Party before he approved for the job by parliament.

Mazowiecki said he read Soviet comments about the formation of his non-communist-led government, the first one in the communist bloc in four decades, and added they were positive.

Walesa has urged West German banks to open branches in Poland, saying they would attract savings which Poles keep under their mattresses because they do not trust communist-run state banks.

In an interview with the daily newspaper Bild, Walesa was asked whether the Communist Party could end up maintaining its power by keeping the defence and interior ministries in a Solidarity-led government.

"Polish communism is like a radish, red on the surface but not inside," Walesa was quoted as replying. "In my life I have only met a few real communists."

Walesa has been invited to Britain as a guest of the UK government, it was reported.

Japan today welcomed the appointment of Solidarity editor Tadeusz Mazowiecki as the first non-communist prime minister of Poland.

Azeris hold protest strikes

MOSCOW, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Protest strikes have broken out in the Azerbaijan capital of Baku and in Sumgait, flash-point of last year's bloody ethnic fighting between Azeris and Armenians, the official Azerbaijani news agency said today.

A spokesman for the Azeri reform agency said a number of light industrial enterprises were on strike but oil production and transport were working without interruption.

A member of the unofficial Azerbaijani Popular Front, which called the two-day warning strike, said from Baku that some 60 factories had shut down, including two defence plants.

He said it was too early to tell whether workers in the city's oil fields had joined the protest.

The protesters are demanding greater political and economic autonomy and continued Azerbaijani control over the disputed region of Nagorno-Karabakh, home to a large Armenian population.

But Nazim Ragimov of the Popular Front said preliminary figures from strike committee headquarters showed that roughly 100,000 workers at some 60 factories had downed tools.

These included two defence industry plants, the country's largest air conditioner factory and an equipment plant that supplies the oil fields of Baku and Tyumen in Siberia. Chemical factories in Sumgait were also on strike, he said.

Baku and Sumgait were said to be calm with no reports of disorder. In February 1988, 32 people died in Sumgait in the worst-known ethnic riots in Soviet history.

Today's strike follows rising tension in the southern republic and a warning strike last Monday. A week of talks with local Communist Party officials failed to deter the Popular Front's call for a republic-wide general strike, planned for early September.

Yesterday, demonstrators flooded Baku's central Lenin Square calling on local leaders to meet the Popular Front's demands after talks between the two collapsed. It was the fifth big protest in recent weeks.

The movement demands an end to Moscow's direct control over Nagorno-Karabakh, imposed last year after ethnic clashes between Azerbaijan and the neighbouring republic Armenia, and the lifting of a curfew and military presence in Baku and other Azerbaijani cities.

OAU seeks strategy to end regional wars

Tough conditions set for negotiations with Pretoria

HARARE, Aug. 21. (Agencies): Zimbabwe President Robert Mugabe and other African leaders opened four days of summit talks today, seeking a new strategy to end the regional wars and to address apartheid in South Africa.

Mugabe said the leadership of South Africa's black majority was ready to engage in serious negotiations with the white-led government.

But "they and the people of free Africa must be convinced that the regime is serious about wanting to negotiate," Mugabe told the Organisation of African Unity ad hoc committee on southern Africa.

But because of "very difficult and delicate conditions" these initiatives needed more backing from the 50-member OAU and other world nations, the Zimbabwean leader said.

As conditions for negotiations, the OAU said the government must at least lift the existing state of emergency, free political prisoners, lift a ban on political groups and restrictions on individuals, withdraw troops from black townships and end political trials and executions.

A nine-page declaration on South Africa adopted in Harare by the OAU's ad hoc committee on southern Africa said any negotiations should aim to create a united, democratic and non-racist South Africa based on one person-one vote.

"The above mentioned steps must therefore be taken before negotiations," the document said.

The document clearly backed the known negotiating position of the African National Congress (ANC), the main guerrilla group fighting to overthrow South Africa's white government.

Current OAU chairman President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt said the meeting was convened at a crucial stage in Africa's struggle against South Africa's apartheid system of racial segregation.

"The most important fight in our struggle is the elimination of apartheid and racism in South Africa," he said.

He challenged guerrilla-backed African National Congress and the rival Pan Africanist Congress of South Africa to unite as one liberation group.

"We stand ready to bring together both organisations in conditions acceptable to their leaders," he said.

The ANC, the main guerrilla organisation in South Africa, has resisted previous calls for it to merge with the PAC and end a longstanding antagonism between the two groups.

PAC President Zephania Mothopeng has said limited dialogue to date between South Africa's 26 million blacks and six million whites who hold political power has led only to "cosmetic" changes to apartheid.

"At present, that type of negotiation is out," he said.

Private summit discussion was scheduled on proposals for a new approach to South Africa's racial policies by the two main anti-apartheid movements.

The specifics of the proposals were not made public.

President Kenneth Kaunda of Zambia, chairman of the southern African frontline states, is scheduled to meet South Africa's acting President and ruling National Party leader Frederik de Klerk on Aug 28 just a week before parliamentary elections in the country from which blacks are excluded.

Kaunda is expected to brief De Klerk on the outcome of the meeting.

Seven of the 13 African leaders normally represented on the committee attended the opening session.

Mugabe said the committee's chief task was to assess the intentions of South Africa's white rulers, assist in defining "objectives and parameters" for any future negotiations and lend support to any such talks.

Mugabe said mediation efforts to end conflicts in the black-governed former Portuguese colonies of Angola and Mozambique had made progress.



Mubarak greets Zimbabwean women on arrival in Harare. (Reuters wirephoto)



Mubarak, (left) current chairman of the Organisation of African Unity, with Mugabe (centre) and Kaunda at the start of a meeting. (Reuters wirephoto)

De Klerk offers reforms

'Polls could be last to exclude blacks'

JOHANNESBURG, Aug. 21. (Reuters): South African acting President F.W. de Klerk says he hopes next month's general election will be the last to exclude the republic's black majority.

"The new South Africa that we envisage... would be a South Africa in which all are first class citizens, a South Africa where everybody has the right to vote," De Klerk said in a Sunday night interview on state-run television.

"Time is of the essence. I will do my utmost to assure a tempo which will bring us to that ultimate goal of participation by all at the soonest possible moment."

South Africa's white, Indian and mixed-race coloured voters will elect racially segregated chambers in Parliament on Sept 6 but the 23 million blacks still have no say in national affairs.

Asked whether this year's elections could be the last to exclude blacks, de Klerk said: "I think that everybody, including me, would wish that that would be possible."

De Klerk, seen by many as a new broom in South Africa's ruling National Party (NP), was sworn in as acting president last Tuesday after president P.W. Botha resigned in an acrimonious dispute with his

heir apparent.

As the election approaches, analysts say he is trying to win friends abroad with promises of reform while reassuring white voters that the NP will protect their interests.

Weekend clashes between anti-apartheid demonstrators and police dented De Klerk's reformist image.

The government has already published a draft bill setting out vague proposals for a black franchise at a higher level than their existing vote, which is limited to municipal polls.

But Pretoria holds fast to a political system based on separate "groups" — a term which traditionally refers to skin colour, although the NP is now mooting segregation along cultural lines.

Asked whether the NP would abolish apartheid race segregation, de Klerk replied: "It depends on your definition of apartheid. Differentiation which does not entail anything negative for those participating is not apartheid."

The draft bill showed that Pretoria accepted the notion of black voting rights, but this could come only after negotiations leading to constitutional reform, de Klerk said.



Kennedys tour southern Africa

Rory and Ethel Kennedy daughter and wife of the late Senator Robert Kennedy complete Ethel's immigration forms at the airport yesterday. Ethel arrived with her son Michael and a delegation of

American businessmen and politicians of the last stop on a tour of southern Africa. Rory Kennedy has been in Namibia for two months. (Reuters wirephoto)

Soviets show off the deadliest weapon in their arsenal — Blackjack, the fastest bomber

MOSCOW, Aug. 21. (AP): Another barrier fell to glasnost yesterday as the Soviets revealed to their own people and the world at large the deadliest weapon in their Air Force arsenal — the needle-nosed bomber NATO calls the Blackjack.

Bedeviled by a chain of recent mishaps, including plane crashes and the highly publicised defection of a fighter pilot, the Soviet Air Force dazzled its audience with its first air show in more than 20 years.

Although Western military attaches in attendance said they saw little that was new, the "aviation-sports holiday" was clearly an easing of once-obsessive military secrecy and a move in line the policy of openness under Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev.

More than 150,000 people at Tushino airfield in north-west Moscow saw the supersonic Blackjack bomber — known here as the Tupolov-160 — streak by, along with other aeronautes novelties like the Pontoon-winged A-40 floating amphibious rescue plane, the Ilyushin 96-300 jetliner and the cigar-shaped Tupolov-204, called the Soviet version of the Boeing 757 by Westerners.

High-performance fighters — including the MiG-29 and SU-27 — also thrilled the crowd with barrel rolls, loops and other gut-wrenching aerobatics that took them from the clouds 3,000 feet (1,000 metres) to near treetop height.

Then the Blackjack, which the US Defence Department says is the largest and heaviest bomber in the world,

flashed out of the north at an altitude of only 250-300 metres (yards), its four thundering jet engines leaving a yellow smudge of exhaust trailing.

Racing past at about 380 miles (600 kilometres) per hour, the 250-ton white-painted warplane, the nose of which makes it look akin to the Concorde, supercruise jetliner, shot past the airfield in seconds, then soared toward the south and the high-rise towers of residential Moscow.

Tass, the official Soviet news agency, said the aircraft tops all other superpower bombers in engine power and top speed, which it gave as 2,200 kilometres (1,364 miles) per hour. The Blackjack is already in service with a Soviet long-range guards aviation regiment, it said.

According to the US Defence Department's 1988 "Soviet military power," the bomber has a maximum speed of Mach 2.0 (twice the speed of sound) and an unrefuelled combat range of about 7,300 kilometres (4,500 miles). It reportedly can carry payloads of bombs or air-launched cruise missiles.

Tass called Blackjack's public debut "the main event" of the airshow, which it said was attended by Politburo members Nikolai Slyunkov and Viktor Chebrikov and the Soviet Defence Minister Dmitri T. Yazov.

According to Jane's "all the world's aircraft 1988-9," the Soviets are expected to build at least 100 Blackjacks at a new plant in Kazan. Eleven had been completed by 1988, Jane's said.

Savimbi ready for truce

RABAT, Aug. 21. (AP): UNITA leader Jonas Savimbi said he is ready to sign a permanent ceasefire with the Angolan government, adding that he was "optimistic" about the peace process.

Savimbi, at a news conference yesterday after meeting Moroccan King Hassan, said he sent instructions to rebel negotiators in Kinshasa, Zaire, to proceed with the signing of a permanent ceasefire agreement.

Angolan President Jose Eduardo dos Santos and Savimbi called a short-lived truce, sealed with a handshake June 22 at a summit of African leaders in Gbadolite, Zaire.

Both sides have since accused the other of truce violations which have become more numerous in recent weeks as sporadic talks peace negotiations continued.

Yesterday, the Portuguese news agency Lusa reported that a 13-man government negotiating team had returned to Luanda from Zaire on Friday after waiting two days for the rebels to appear.

INTERNATIONAL

NEWS IN BRIEF

Chernobyl cleanup

MOSCOW, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Cleanup efforts continue three years after the Chernobyl nuclear disaster and threaten to bankrupt the Soviet Republic of Byelorussia, Tass said today.

It said the clean-up, after the world's worst nuclear accident, had failed to eliminate the dangerous effects of radiation across one-third of the republic's territory, requiring the relocation of another 100,000 people.

The official news agency put the cost of the proposed relocation at more than 10 billion roubles (\$15.15 billion), roughly equal to Byelorussia's annual budget.

"Cleanup operations are carried out by the republic on its own, Byelorussia's economic and social development will grind to a halt for several years," Vladimir Yevukh, chairman of the republic's Chernobyl commission, told Tass.

Honecker surgery

EAST BERLIN, Aug. 21. (Reuters): East German leader Erich Honecker has undergone surgery to remove gallstones and is recovering in hospital, the official ADN news agency said today.

It said the veteran Communist Party chief and head of state, who turns 77 on Friday, had the operation last week.

"He is on the road to recovery," ADN said without giving any more details. Honecker returned home early from a Warsaw Pact summit in Bucharest in July after falling ill with a gall bladder complaint.

Honecker has led the orthodox communist state since 1971 and is now seen as one of the last of the old guard leaders in Eastern Europe, increasingly at odds with allied countries where reforms are underway.

Worker crushed

CALAIS, France, Aug. 21. (AP): A worker crushed by a giant wedge of concrete during construction of the English Channel tunnel died in surgery at Calais Hospital, the hospital said today.

On July 29, died about 6:30 pm (EST) yesterday while doctors were trying to repair the injuries he sustained when his chest and back were crushed about three hours earlier.

The tunnel contractor, Transmanche-link, issued a statement saying that the worker was "wedged against the stone wall of the tunnel."

Police in Calais said they have opened a separate investigation into the cause of the accident.

Ferry catches fire

TOPELOBAPO, Mexico, Aug. 21. (AP): A passenger ferry crossing the Gulf of California caught fire 41 kilometers (26 miles) from port yesterday and sank, but all 355 people on board were rescued, officials said.

The 299 passengers and 56 crew members made it into life rafts and were picked up by another ferry. Only two minor injuries were reported.

The accident occurred after an overheated engine exploded in flames, the director of the National Ferry Service, Antonio Rosado Echanove, told the government news agency Notimex.

Dogs freed

PARIS, Aug. 21. (UPI): Militants from an "Animal Liberation" Organisation broke into a drug-testing laboratory in the northern Oise region and made off with about 40 dogs being used for experiments, laboratory officials said today.

The French laboratory, a private laboratory testing drugs for humans on animals, based in Villers-lez-Nesle in the Oise region, said 38 dogs were kidnapped overnight Saturday and laboratory equipment was smashed.

The Animal Liberation Front, a French branch of the British-based movement by the same name, claimed the raid in an anonymous call to a local news agency office this morning and said it "freed" 42 dogs.

Tropical storm

MIAMI, Aug. 21. (UPI): Tropical storm Erin headed west over the open Atlantic today and hurricane forecasters expected its 45 mph (72 kph) winds to strengthen.

At 6 am EDT (1000 GMT), the poorly defined center of the storm was situated to be near latitude 23 north, longitude 41.8 west, or about 1,350 miles (2,170 km) south-southwest of the Azores islands.

Erin was moving toward the northwest at 15 to 20 mph (24 to 32 kph), but forecasters at the National Hurricane Center in Miami expected the forward motion to slow today as the storm veered toward the north.

Maximum sustained winds were near 45 mph (72 kph) with higher gusts in squalls.

Police probe

ESCHWEGE, West Germany, Aug. 21. (AP): West German police are investigating a border incident in which at least 90 small-calibre bullets were fired from West Germany into an East German village.

A police spokesman in Eschwege, a small town near the East German border, said yesterday that 90 bullet casings were found at a spot on the Wesra River.

But authorities had no clues to the identity or number of assailants in the incident that occurred early Friday, nor did they know what motivated the attack.

DC-6 wreck found

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, (AP): A three-nation rescue team has found the wreckage of a Nicaraguan cargo plane and the remains of its crew one year after it disappeared, the Defence Ministry said yesterday.

The remains of the Costa Rican pilot, Argentine co-pilot, and four Nicaraguan crew members were taken from the wreckage on Saturday, the ministry communiqué said.

260 boat people heading for Japan

TOKYO, Aug. 21. (AP): Two Vietnamese boats carrying a total of about 260 refugees were headed today toward southern Japan, adding to a recent flood of arrivals straining the country's refugee housing, officials said.

Keisuke Sakamoto, a spokesman for the Maritime Safety Agency, said a Japanese fishing vessel encountered one of the boats today near the Senkaku islands, 250 kilometres (156 miles) north-

west of Taiwan.

The 100-ton boat was carrying about 130 Vietnamese, who had left their country on Aug 4 for economic reasons, he said.

The official said the Vietnamese were in good health and the Coast Guard gave them food and water before the boat headed for the island of Okinawa.

Another Vietnamese boat was found drifting

today off Nagasaki, 982 kilometres (614 miles) southwest of Tokyo, said an official at the Tokyo headquarters of the MSA, Japan's Coast Guard.

The MSA sent five patrol boats and a helicopter and confirmed the boat was carrying 137 Vietnamese, said the official, who declined identification.

Officials were uncertain where the boat people would stay tonight.

The Omura temporary refugee centre in Nagasaki, capacity 200, said it is sheltering nearly 450 Vietnamese and can take no more.

A group of 229 boat people who arrived in Okinawa yesterday had to stay overnight at a school.

So far this year, 22 boats have brought 1,651 Vietnamese refugees to Japan, compared to 219 for all of last year, according to government statistics.

Mostly Bangladeshis, Pakistanis

Japan nets illegals

TOKYO, Aug. 21. (AP): Japan arrested more than 2,700 foreigners, mostly Bangladeshis and Pakistanis, between May 29 and June 17 for working or staying in Japan illegally, the Justice Ministry said today.

Police and immigration authorities arrested 2,705 foreigners in Tokyo, Osaka and Nagoya during a campaign to "expose illegal foreign workers," said a ministry official, speaking on condition of anonymity.

He said 308 other foreigners surrendered voluntarily to police during the campaign.

The official said Japan has deported 3,013 foreigners, including 749 Bangladeshis, 664 Pakistanis, 422 South Koreans, 360 Filipinos, 177 Malaysians, 113 Thais, 77 Chinese, including Taiwanese, 66 Indians, 17 Ghanaians and 14 Nigerians.

He said 57 per cent of 2,174 males arrested while working in the major cities during the campaign were factory workers, and 32.7 per cent construction workers. The remaining worked as dishwashers and packing workers, the official said.

In a similar campaign in Tokyo last year, Japan deported 1,870 foreigners for violating immigration laws, the official said.



Radical South Korean students demand the release of Im Su-Kyung (Reuters wirephoto)

Asians on the rise in Sydney

SYDNEY, Aug. 21. (AP): People of Asian origin will account for almost 15 per cent of Australia's population in 40 years, up from about 4.5 per cent now, Immigration Minister Robert Ray said.

Ray, in an interview yesterday, said that by the year 2030 nearly one in seven Australians will be of Asian descent. Australia's population is currently about 16.5 million.

Asians comprise the fastest-growing segment of the population in Australia, a nation whose population already is either 40 per cent overseas-born or with at least one immigrant parent.

Ray was responding to a study which said one in five people in Australia would be of Asian origin by the year 2030.

He said the report, by the office of Multicultural Affairs, wrongly lumped people from Israel, Iraq, Iran, Lebanon, Syria, India and Sri Lanka into an Asian classification.

The Labour government of Prime Minister Bob Hawke has a declared policy of multiculturalism, whereby immigrants are encouraged to maintain cultural ties with their homeland.

Ray said a ceiling for Australia's population may have to be established, and put a tentative figure of 25 million people as the upper limit.

The immigration minister told the Channel 10 Network that 70 per cent of immigrants settle in either Melbourne or Sydney to work.

"It would be very much better if we had a wider dispersal of migrants right throughout Australia, rather than concentrating on those two big cities which in turn puts on infrastructure costs," he said.

Ray said there was little the government could do but suggested one option might be to limit immigration.

"Immigration to any country always has been a self-interested thing," Ray said. "And within some stage in the future, for environmental or other reason, it may be in our self-interests then to limit immigration."

Australia was first occupied by Europeans in 1788.

AIDS risk

Beware

PADUA, Aug. 21. (UPI): Mothers of female prostitutes here are warning customers of the risk of getting AIDS from their daughters, who prostitute themselves for money to buy heroin.

By tracing car licence plate numbers, about 50 mothers are able to get addresses of clients, to whom they are sending letters warning of the disease, the *Evening Daily La Repubblica* said.

"With our daughters you risk getting AIDS," the letter reads in part.

There are some 6,000 known drug addicts in this northeastern city of 242,000 near Venice, and most test positive for the AIDS virus, the newspaper reported.

Hirohito's property

\$13 million taxable

TOKYO, Aug. 21. (AP): Tax authorities announced today that the late emperor Hirohito left 1.86 billion yen (\$13.06 million) in taxable property.

It was the first time authorities disclosed the amount of an emperor's taxable estate, an official in the Kojimachi tax office said. Until the end of World War II emperors were regarded as living gods.

Hirohito died of cancer on Jan 7 at age 87, and Akihito, his eldest son, immediately succeeded him. Hirohito's wife, Nagako, became empress Dowager.

Emperor Akihito has paid 428 million yen (\$2.99 million) in inheritance taxes on his half of his father's estate, which he divided evenly with his mother. The empress Dowager, as Hirohito's spouse, was exempt from paying inheritance taxes, Kyodo news service reported.

The Japanese constitution, drafted by US occupation forces shortly after the end of World War II in 1945, stipulates that the emperor is the "symbol of the state and the unity of the people."

SINCHON, North Korea, Aug. 21. (AP): Blood, blue-eyed American soldiers with wolf-like grins, claws for hands and long, hooked noses leered from the walls of the war museum in rural Sinchon county.

The passage of 36 years has not softened North Koreans' attitudes toward the army they maintain was the aggressor in the 1950-53 Korean war between the Chinese-aided north and UN-backed south.

In the 11 rooms of the Sinchon Museum, North Korea presents what it says is evidence that American soldiers of the UN force killed 33,383 civilians while occupying the country for 52 days from October to Dec 7, 1950.

The claims never have been investigated by neutral

parties, nor have claims in South Korea that northern forces committed similar atrocities. The sides, divided at the end of World War II when Japanese forces withdrew, remain technically at war. The fighting was ended only by truce, not a peace treaty.

Sinchon Museum guides tell the atrocity stories with impassioned conviction to about 1,000 North Korean visitors each day, many of them schoolchildren, reinforcing the prevailing image here of the United States as a warmonger bent on exterminating all Koreans.

Glass cases hold fire-charred cloth shoes said to be from women and children locked in storehouses without food or water and eventually burned to death by the Americans.

Napalmed Viet girl going to US

Burning memory

HAVANA, Aug. 21. (AP): The napalmed Vietnamese girl in the Pulitzer Prize-winning picture that came to symbolize the atrocity of war is planning a trip to America with a message of reconciliation and hope.

Phan Thi Kim Phuc was a terrified nine-year-old running from her napalmed South Vietnam village one June day in 1972 when Associated Press photographer Nick Ut captured her moment of agony for the ages.

The gripping picture appeared on newspaper front pages world-wide, enshrining Kim as a personification of Vietnamese suffering, and ravaging the American conscience.

Unseen in the photograph were the ghastly burns. "Her whole back and neck and arm were black like barbecue," Ut recalls.

"There was terrible heat. I was running, running, running away. I tore off my burning clothes. But the burning didn't stop. I was alone with that terrible heat," Kim told Los Angeles Times magazine writer Judith Corman while preparing for a scheduled six-week trip across America.

The photograph led Gen. William Westmoreland, commander-in-chief of US forces in Vietnam, to charge that Ut's picture was a fake. The general said Kim had been burned in "a hibachi accident."

Ut said he had travelled with other journalists to the village of Trang Bang following three days of heavy fighting. The napalm that routed Kim and other villagers fell in the early afternoon. As she ran, the girl cried that her flesh was "burning so hot," Ut said.

Kim and Ut met again on July 24, their first encounter in 17 years, during a brief reunion in

Havana.

"To me, she's part of the family," said Ut, whose famous picture hangs in the den of his suburban Los Angeles home. "I tell my children, Bettina and Michael, who were born in America, how lucky they are to escape war."

Ut fled his native Vietnam in April 1975 and worked two years in the AP's Tokyo bureau before transferring to the Los Angeles office, where he continues to work as a staff photographer.

The Havana reunion was a shock for Ut. The wounded child he photographed and took to a hospital in 1972 had grown into a beautiful woman, the scars on her back, chest and arm concealed beneath a T-shirt.

Kim accepted a Vietnamese government invitation to go to Cuba in 1986, where she eventually began studies in pharmacology. She now lives in a student apartment within a Havana high-rise.

"I want to live my life, marry, have children," she said, adding that she is "a joyful young woman."

Her US visit, tentatively set for this fall, will attempt to soothe lingering bitterness from the bloody Southeast Asian conflict of two decades ago.

"If I ever see those (South Vietnamese) pilots who dropped the bombs on me, or any American pilots, I would say to them, 'the war is over.' The past is the past," she said. "I would ask those pilots what can they do to bring us all together."

"There's such a connection between Vietnam and America, but it would be one of friendship. Not bitterness. Not enemies."



Replacing Viet troops

Cambodian soldiers on an Army truck heading out to the Thai-Cambodian border to replace withdrawing Vietnamese troops (left).

Cambodian police (right) armed with AK-47 automatic rifles guard an ancient temple overgrown by jungle in Angkor. Angkor's police guard both against rebel soldiers fighting the Vietnamese-backed Cambodian government and against thieves who have stolen most of the Buddha heads in the Angkor area. (Reuters wirephoto)



Kep plans rebirth

Resort wants to return to former glory

KEP, Cambodia, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Once the playground of royalty and the rich, the villas and hotels of this beach resort lie in ruins, a legacy of the 1975-79 rule of the Khmer Rouge.

"In older times this place looked like paradise," said a 30-year-old resident. Pol Sarom, gesturing towards a beach rimmed with thick tropical vegetation.

Cows wander inside the shell of the former casino and bone fragments of Khmer Rouge victims are scattered in front of the old petrol station where limousines once called.

Although the threat of civil war continues in this small southeast Asian nation, local officials plan to restore the resort to attract foreign tourists.

"One day this will be a great tourist region in Asia again," said Khuy Sien, the provincial government secretary.

The government has begun repairing the road into town and this month will start to rebuild a few guest houses and clear the beach.

The town was first hit in the civil war leading to the Khmer Rouge's seizure of power under Pol Pot in 1975. But most of Kep's buildings were deliberately destroyed during the four years of Khmer Rouge rule.

The Khmer Rouge, whose extreme leftist rule is blamed for the deaths of up to a million people, had little use for the town.

"Pol Pot wanted to change the city into the

country," Sien said in front of the overgrown ruins of Sihanouk College, named after former Cambodian leader Prince Norodom Sihanouk who used to arrive frequently by helicopter at one of his several villas.

Current peace negotiations between the Hanoi-installed Cambodian government and the three guerrilla factions represented by Sihanouk, Son Sann and the Khmer Rouge will determine the future of Kep as well as the entire country, local residents say.

Failure to negotiate the end of 20 years of Cambodian conflict could doom Kep's rebirth, they say. "If there is no agreement in Paris, Pol Pot will surely come here," said Nguon Run, a 33-year-old government soldier patrolling with an AK-47 machine gun near Prince Sihanouk's former hilltop mansion.

"If the Cambodian parties get together we will have time to build everything and progress will be very quick," Sien said.

He said a Thai company was interested in the project.

About 200 families, mostly fishermen and farmers, live around Kep, away from the deserted main resort strip. Some hope a tourist revival will improve their lot.

"If the government rebuilds the city and many people come to visit, I will get more money by selling shrimps, crabs and fish," said fisherman Sin Nor.



Deng Xiaoping

Deng: a demi-god in the making

BEIJING, Aug. 21. (Reuters): The personality cult surrounding China's senior leader Deng Xiaoping reached a new pitch today with all major official newspapers publishing glowing tributes on the eve of his 85th birthday.

Foreign diplomats said the articles were reminiscent of Mao Tse-tung in his declining years and could reflect a continuing power struggle in the Chinese leadership.

Newspapers announced the publication of a new volume of Deng's speeches and articles written between 1938 and 1965.

"This selection still has a guiding significance today,"

headlined the Communist Party newspaper People's Daily above a front-page picture of Deng gesturing in an armchair.

The praise seemed intended to place Deng in the pantheon of communist greats.

During his revolutionary career spanning seven decades, the People's Daily said, Deng had combined the ideas of Karl Marx and Lenin with China's actual situation and developed Mao's theories.

Deng's last public appearance was on June 9 when amid rumours he was dead or dying, he appeared on state television leading a meeting of military commanders five days after the Army crushed the student-led democracy movement in Tiananmen Square.

Diplomats believe Deng is following his annual custom of spending the hot summer months in the coastal town of Beidaihe.

The front-page picture, published in all major newspapers, was reportedly taken on July 2. They did not say where.

People's Daily also splashed three pictures of Deng as a younger man, two in uniform in the 1930s or 40s during China's war of resistance against Japan's occupying Army.

"They are building up the personality cult. It's a bit of a mystery why Deng was always against this," a Western diplomat commented.

"It could indicate he is seriously ill and that this is part of the next round of the power struggle," he added.

Britain's main opposition Labour Party was today attempting to have a government-sponsored British trade mission to Beijing called off.

It was disclosed last night, as Britain and China clashed over a plan to station Chinese troops in Hong Kong, that the group of businessmen had decided to go ahead with the trip.

The mission, set for October, had been put in limbo after the Chinese crackdown on the pro-democracy movement in Beijing in early June.

Rice price up in Burma

BANGKOK, Aug. 21. (AP): Burma's military government has failed to stop spiralling rice prices and is appealing to the people for help, the state radio has reported.

At a meeting of officials and townspeople in Rangoon on Saturday, Brig Gen. Myo Nyunt, chairman of the Rangoon division of the ruling state law and order restoration council, said that despite efforts to ease problems of rice distribution, "prices continued to soar."

He was quoted by the official radio Rangoon yesterday and a transcript of the broadcast was seen today in Bangkok.

Rice is the staple diet for Burma's nearly 40 million people. Last year, rising rice prices, discontent with the political leadership and other factors led to a mass uprising for democracy.

Troops loyal to military leader Gen. San Maung reportedly killed hundreds of peaceful demonstrators last September in crushing the unrest.

Amiri decree orders formation of governorate councils

Public services efficiency to be increased

AN Amiri Decree was issued Sunday and published in the official gazette. Kuwait Al Youm ordering the formation of councils in all the five governorates in the country. The councils will assist the governor in running the daily affairs of the governorate. The decree said that the duration of the council is two years after which it is liable for renewal.

Each council will consist of 19 members. 15 citizens residing within the governorate to be appointed through an Amiri Decree after being recommended by the Prime Minister, in addition to two chairmen of two co-operative societies in the governorate, a representative from Kuwait Mun-

icipality who must be at the level of an assistant undersecretary and the director of security in the governorate. The decree said that the council will elect its chairman and deputy chairman in its first meeting from among citizens. It added that each governorate council will have a general secretariat formed of citizens in the governorate and appointed by the governor.

Duties
The decree identified the duties of the governorate councils as co-ordinating with the governor in contributing to the economic and social development of the governorate and supervising all affairs that contribute to its progress.

It added that the council will have to study the requirements of the governorate and work to meet them within the limits of available financial resources. The councils will also work to speed up and increase the efficiency of public services and discuss the problems of citizens in the governorate and try to make them a part of the solution.

The councils will also encourage all social, educational, sports, cultural and health activities by guiding them to induce the spirit of co-operation among the governorate inhabitants. The council will have also to spread public awareness particularly relating to voluntary work and also work for

the protection of the environment through co-ordination with the concerned authorities.

Meetings
The decree said that the councils will have to hold regular meetings at least every two months or when needed or when one third of the members demand it and at the request of the governor. The meetings of the council will be valid when an absolute majority of the members attend provided they include the chairman or his deputy. The decisions of the councils are also taken in absolute majority vote. The discussions of the councils must be behind closed doors, the decree said. The councils are free to form per-

manent or temporary committees specialised to look into certain issues. They can seek assistance from government employees by demanding that from the governor. The decisions of the governorate council must be forwarded to the governor within one week of its approval by the council. The governor should ask the concerned ministries of their opinions about these decisions and should reply to the council chairman within 15 days of receiving the decisions. After this period, the decisions become effective, except those decisions that may create a dispute between the council and the governor which should be submitted to the

Higher Council for Governorate Affairs.

The decree said that the governorates will have their own financial resources to spend on their projects. These funds should come from allocations provided by the Council of Ministers, funds donated by co-operative societies for social services and donations by the public.

The decree also ordered the formation of a higher council for the governorates affairs to be headed by the Prime Minister. The higher council will include the Ministers of Interior, State Minister for Cabinet Affairs, Planning, State Minister for Municipal Affairs, Governors, chairman of

governorate councils, and a representative from each governorate council who should be from the 15 civilian members. This higher council will have to hold four meetings at least every year at the request of its chairman.

The main duties of the Higher Council is to study the decisions of the governorate councils, co-ordinate joint issues among the governorate councils, prepare the working charters of the councils and other supervising duties over the governorate councils. The decree said that it is allowed to divide each governorate in co-ordination with Kuwait Municipality and gradually, into several areas, each of them can have its own council.

Power and water are heavily subsidised

STATISTICS issued by the Ministry of Electricity and Water indicate that the average daily consumption of electricity of the limited income houses (government houses) ranges between 150 and 300 kilowatts which costs 300 to 400 fils. The daily water consumption varied between 350 to 500 gallons costs 280 to 400 fils. It added that the monthly consumption of power for the limited income house costs KD9 to 12 while water consumption costs KD8.400 to KD12 a month.

It pointed out that the average daily consumption of electricity at the private houses (villas) ranges between 250 to 300 kilowatts (500 to 600 fils), while average water consumption varied between 500 to 750 gallons a day (400 to 600 fils a day). This means that this average monthly electricity bill of each villa is KD15 to KD18 a month and water consumption KD12 to KD18.

Electricity consumption of a flat with normal air-conditioning averages 40 to 60 kilowatts a day (80-120 fils) with the monthly bill varying between KD2,400 to KD3,600. The average electricity consumption of the centrally air-conditioned flat varies between 60 to 80 kilowatts a day (120 to 160 fils) totalling a monthly bill of KD3,600 to 4,800. The monthly consumption of electricity in Kuwait costs KD16,537.235 and consumers only pay KD2,362.462 with the state covering the rest. The monthly cost of water consumption in Kuwait reaches KD4,794.315 and consumers pay only KD1,598.105 with the state paying KD3,196.210.

The monthly cost of consumption of brackish water amounts to KD611.853 with consumers paying KD111.246 while the state pays KD500.607.

Quadruplets born

A JORDANIAN lady gave birth to quadruplets (three males and a female) after five years of sterility. The woman delivered the test tube babies five days ago. She visited the Jordanian Sterility Treatment Centre nine months ago. Her case was diagnosed as suffering from an imbalance in the fertilisation hormone. Such a case makes the woman sterile for life, the director of the centre Dr Zaid Al Kilani said.

New ministry of culture proposed

Regular book exhibitions to be held

THE Secretary General of the National Council for Culture, Arts and Letters (NCCAL) Dr Farouk Al Omar has supported a proposal to establish a separate ministry for culture. The council is considered a semi-ministry but is now run by the Ministry of State for Cabinet Affairs, the official said an added that the council does not find any problem in carrying out its activities. One of the most important achievements of the council is the annual book exhibit for which preparations are undertaken six months in advance.

A number of cultural seminars, plays and lectures are performed during the days of the exhibit and a number of prominent Arab poets and writers will be invited during the coming book exhibit to deliver some lectures and seminars, the official said.

He added that another important achievement of the council is the children toys and books exhibit. Many people do not understand the real aim of holding such exhibitions and complain that only a limited number of books and toys are available in the exhibit because they believe that an exhibition is a place to gather and collect the biggest collection of these books and toys. But he added that the exhibition aims at offering an opportunity to visitors to select the best toys and books for their children. These exhibited books and toys are selected by a special-

ised committee which studies and inspects them before display in order to ensure that they do not include any harmful material for children and their education.

The toys are studied by specialists and chemists to make sure of their safety. "We are also concerned about the educational role of these toys and their positive effects," he said. Omar added that council is proud of issuing the series of Aalam Al Maarifa (World of Knowledge) book and the International Culture Magazine. He added that council's Aalam Al Maarifa series is the biggest one in the Arab world. We print about 50,000 copies of each book which are sold quickly. Some of these books are adopted as text books in some Arab universities, he said. The council has a number of sales centres in Safat Square, Faiha area and another one in Bayan area. He called to unify the cultural institutions in Kuwait in one body to achieve optimum results.

The council encourages any Kuwaiti or non-Kuwaiti desiring to write about Kuwait by buying their books and giving them rewards. The council is now preparing a five-year plan. It set up a committee headed by Dr Abdullah Ghunaim to prepare for the State's Prize. We plan to organise a number of painting exhibits, and cultural seminars during the coming period, the official said.

Omar pointed out that in an affluent country enjoying a level of luxury like Kuwait society it is really saddening to see how very few Kuwaitis engage themselves in the highly rewarding and educational hobby of reading.

Meanwhile, the Undersecretary of the Information Ministry Abdul Aziz Jaafar said that number of Kuwaiti cultured people are more than those in Kuwait compared to the population. We have a good number of famous Kuwaiti poets. But he added that most of people do not read books because they are busy in their work or attracted by other forms of media or culture like radio and television as well as newspapers.

Programmes
Kuwait radio and television tries to offer a wide format to society in all fields especially the cultural field. The official said that programmes of Kuwait TV do not reach the required standards, but added that efforts are being exerted to develop these programmes in future.

Undersecretary of Information pointed out that news bulletin is the most important programme he watches on television. The ministry plans to develop the news bulletin in order to attract more viewers and added he also listens to different programmes on Kuwait radio and other foreign broadcasts.

Union calls to revise payment system

THE chairman of the board of directors of the Union of Labourers working at Kuwait Municipality and Kuwait Fire Department Mossallam Mohammad Al Barrak has stressed the need for reconsidering the existing bonus distribution and overtime pay system applied at the municipality.

He said that the issue is the subject of a meeting held by the board last year under the chairmanship of the minister of state for municipal affairs and acting director general of the municipality, during which it was emphasised that bonuses would be endorsed for deserving and hardworking staff.

He pointed out that overtime pay in certain departments was approved following official correspondence with the Civil Service Commission. The board intends to set up a special fellowship fund through which the board could seek to enhance the activities of the security fund managed by the fund, the official said.

He highlighted the existing defects in the social security funds which he said fell short of serving the

workers at the Municipality or the Kuwait Fire Department.

He commented that the board had already requested payment of allowances to workers at the Health Affairs Department by a memorandum submitted to the minister of state for municipal affairs and Civil Service Commission.

The allowance percentage given to qualified workers is low and incompatible with work assignments. Supervisors at the building department are suffering from a lack of transportation to follow up work performance although they are obliged to use their own private cars. In contrast certain officials had available to them more than one car which they never hesitate to use for their private businesses, the official commented.

The board will participate in the meetings to be held in Morocco scheduled for Sept 11-13 by the Executive Council of the Arab Union of Food Industries Workers, to discuss the agenda for the 5th conference by the union.

Infrastructure in Kuwait to be completed by 2000 AD

KUWAIT will complete its basic infrastructure by the end of this century, Fuad Mulla Hussein, secretary-general of the Higher Planning Council (HPC) said and added that 11 years are considered a short span in the age of nations. During the next 11 years we will complete the road and sewage networks and other essential services and utilities. "This will bring us to the 'take-off' stage in relation to real development work," the official said.

Hussein was speaking on Kuwait's development strategy and disclosed that follow-up reports on the implementation of the five-year plan indicated both positive and negative factors in achieving some aims of the plan. One of the negative factors in the report indicated that the population of non-Kuwaitis is increasing in comparison to Kuwaitis although the plan expected to achieve a balance in the population of Kuwaitis and non-Kuwaitis by the end of the plan.

On the positive level, some goals of the plan like health services and eradication of illiteracy have been successfully achieved.

Opportunities
The official pointed out that the HPC approved the strategy of the coming five-year plan at its last meeting. The strategy focused on building the Kuwaiti productive citizen. The outline of the plan includes several disciplines such as education, administration and immigration.

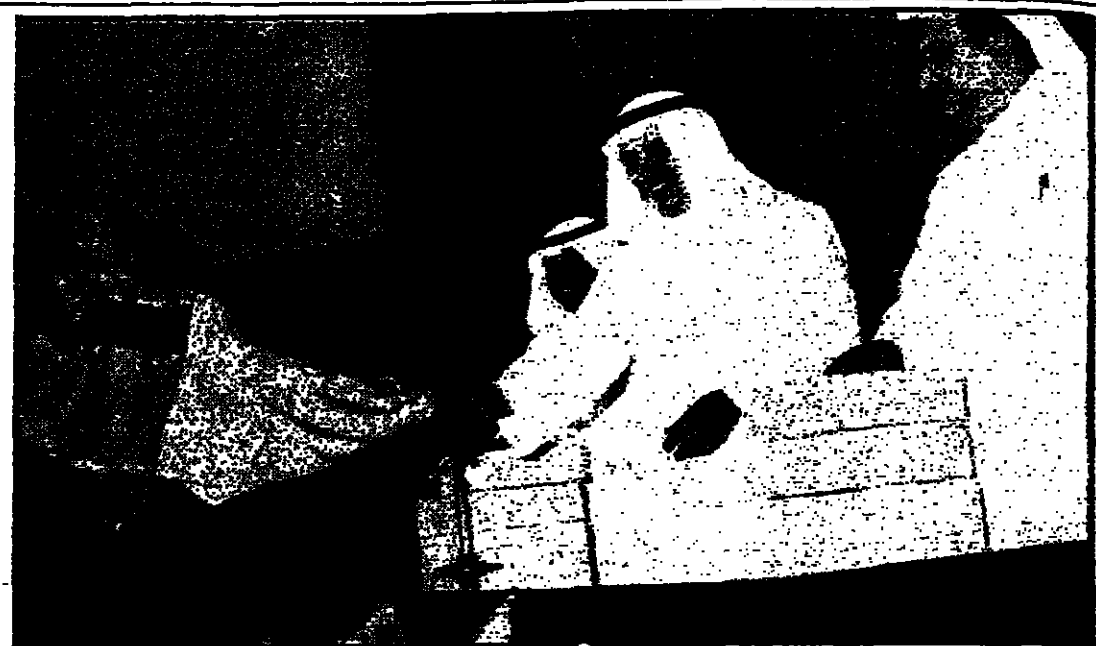
The state has a responsibility to provide work opportunities for Kuwaiti youths. Hussein said and added the private sector can positively contribute in this direction and called on this sector to shoulder its responsibility in the interests of the country. "Work opportunities should be made available to every productive Kuwaiti," the official reiterated and added that plans should be developed to support the private sector in order to encourage it to employ Kuwaiti youths.

Elaborating, he said that obviously the private sector being profit oriented will only provide job openings to productive Kuwaitis and called on all citizens to work towards being productive members in the form of a united Kuwaiti family.

The next plan aims at developing the role of the private sector in order to activate the national economy, the official said and added that there should be a diversification in the economic base of the state. Kuwait cannot afford to depend on oil as its only source of revenue, he commented.

The secretary-general pointed out that HPC's secretariat undertook a study relating to the activities of co-operative societies in Kuwait. The study which is now being reviewed by the economic committee of the council includes several proposals to develop the co-operative work in the country and has introduced new instruments to achieve this aim.

Activities of this sector have resulted in a turnover of about KD200 million — which is considered a fairly large amount for a small country like Kuwait. Consumer products are being channelled through 40 co-operatives located at all areas of the country. Unfortunately, the present five-year plan did not reflect in any manner on the activities of the co-operative societies, Hussein said.



Computer competition

A prize awarding ceremony was held at the Training Centre in Jabriya yesterday under the patronage of the Education Ministry Undersecretary Abdul Rahman Al Khodari during which prizes were given to students excelling at the summer clubs computer competition.

Present at the ceremony was the ministry acting assistant undersecretary for educational services Ibrahim Abal Khalil, the acting director of the Department of Schools Activities and Dr Hmoud Al Sedouri, manager of the computer-introduction-info-educational-system project, besides a number of ministry officials, teachers and principals.

Dr Sadoun delivered a speech at the ceremony in which he underlined the importance of computers in today's scientific and practical requirements, pointing out that the number of participants in the computer competition was 20 summer clubs, 14 for boys and 6 for girls from various educational areas.

He said that a total of 5,000 students took part in the competition which covered activities including the wall magazine, drawing and programming.

He added that the training programme was successful in attracting Kuwaiti youths and initiating them into vital field of computers.

Security main concern

Utilities incomplete, say east Fintas residents

INHABITANTS of the East Fintas area have sounded out a local daily on the level of public services in their neighbourhood and whether they appreciated the building styles of their houses.

Abdul Ridda Jassem Shaban said that the houses were satisfactory and that these constituted a better option than the land-allotment and a loan, and that the services were complete and lay within reach of all residents, although the clinic was still under construction.

Hafeez Mohammad Al Ajami expressed appreciation of the area lay-out and the perfection of road construction saying that schools were available and ready while the co-operative society building remained to be completed.

Raja Mutlaq Al Azimi said the area was clean, had spacious streets, with large parking lots, and the area was quiet but one could still see garbage littering the streets, as the municipality garbage-collecting vehicles picked up the garbage wrapped up in the black bags, leaving the streets out of its concern.

He added that services were being gradually connected, the telephone lines were being installed and certain mosques and buildings remained under construction.

Dimashq Mohammad Al Ajami said that the overhead water tanks left a bad taste and smell to the water, despite repeated attempts by him to

wash the tank, and he finally had to resort to the National Housing Authority who sent a man to take a specimen from the tank for testing but he had not as yet heard from them, while the problem remained.

He added that mosque located where he lived was built with the money donated by the inhabitants but hardly accommodated the number of worshippers, while a municipality supervisor prevented him from growing jasmine near his house despite the government's call for public contribution to the national greening plan.

He said that the security situation in the area was not tight enough as a total of 18 cars had so far reported stolen, and students had been seen vandalising school windows and the residence of the mosque imam with no one around to stop them.

Police station
He added that three weeks ago he saw a police patrol vehicle speeding through, but apparently the driver lost control of the steering and hit a nearby pavement.

Naser Mohammad Al Otaibi said that the area required landscaping and lacked a police station, while road planning was disorganised for lack of road bumps and traffic signs, and that the mosque in Block 4 stood close to that in Block No 5.

Abmad Ma'za said that planning of the houses was good, but the other day a crack took place

in the divaniya and bedroom in his house, and that when he reported the incident to the National Housing Authority they recommended that he use paint and paste, although the house was supposedly under a two-year warranty.

Mohammad Al Ajami said that there was a marked absence of patrol vehicles in the area, cleaning services were disatisfactory and the co-operative society branch was still to be opened, therefore residents turned to the co-ops in the neighbouring areas to get their supplies.

He added that the area required full security services to prevent youths from loitering around and being a public nuisance, and that the medical services were still unavailable and so were secondary schools.

Fihad Minahi Al Ajami said that the telephone service in the area was connected to Rigga central which served a total of 1,120 subscribers there and that as a result we often had interferences and cross-connections.

Waleed Al Shimmari said the area was good and the positive aspects outnumbered the existing defects and negativities, however the police patrol car was a rare sight, while certain blocks had only one access which constituted a major architectural flaw since the elderly had a difficult time crossing from block to another to catch their prayers at the mosque.

GCC plays active role for peace, says Maskari

DOHA, Aug 21, (QNA): The Assistant Secretary-General of GCC for Political Affairs Sief Ben Hashel Al Maskari has stressed that the GCC continually strives to preserve the unity and legitimacy of Lebanon and called for Lebanese self-determination without foreign intervention.

Maskari speaking to Qatari News Agency hoped that the tripartite committee will continue its efforts to save Lebanon from its crisis. Commenting on the Iraq-Iran dispute, Maskari stressed that the GCC states played an active role to arrive at a permanent peace agreement. The GCC states played a role to implement the UN Security Council's Resolution No. 598 that advocates peace between Iran and Iraq. He hoped that the present circumstances and developments in the area will encourage the two countries to the eschew peace plan.

Groups
Commenting on the Arab co-operation groups which appeared recently (GCC, Arab Co-operation Council-ACC and Arab Maghreb Union, AMU), he stressed that all these groups will support the role of Arab gathering or meeting that serves Arab interests, he added.

Commenting on the co-operation among the GCC states, Maskari said that it is making marked progress to ensure stability and peace for people of the area. He expected that a unified driving licence of GCC states will be issued at the end of this year as interior ministers of GCC states approved the unified form of the driving licence. The GCC states are also working towards bringing about a unified passport of GCC states. They are also endeavouring to implement the GCC unified economic agreement with the objective of bringing about enhanced economic activity and commercial trade within the GCC, the official said.

Tee-shirts

Ideal for Schools, Clubs, Hotels, Organisations, Companies or Ministries.

From 1,000 printed Tee-shirts to 50,000, for leisure wear or promotional work.

Arab Times Silkscreen Printing offers you the best rates in town. From one colour jobs to *8 colour printing jobs.

Available with design and artwork service at nominal cost.

ARAB TIMES SILKSCREEN PRINTING

Tel: 4813566 Extn: 232 (Michelle). Fax: 4819513

Stickers

Round, Square, Triangular or Rectangular. Any shape or any size.

Arab Times Silkscreen Printing offers you the best rates in town. Ideal for your promotional work at competitive prices.

*With design & artwork service

So print your stickers through Arab Times Silkscreen Printing and stick them where you want them.

ARAB TIMES SILKSCREEN PRINTING

Tel: 4813566 Extn: 232 (Michelle). Fax: 4819513

NEW ENGLISH SCHOOL
Jabrieh, Kuwait

The results of the London University G.C.E. "A" level examinations (June 1989) have now arrived in school and are available for collection from the secondary school secretary from 9 am - 12 noon daily.

Ahmadi governorate to enhance security

Two new police centres in south Kuwait

TWO new police centres which are presently under construction will be opened in Duhair and west Fintas areas, according to Brigadier Fuad Musaed Al Saleh, Director of Security at Ahmadi Governorate.

The Ministry of Interior has provided the services of additional policemen to enhance operations of this vital sector, the official said and added that crimes committed are not of a serious nature, but

related to minor scuffles, issuance of dud cheques, petty thefts and violations of the residency law.

Camels

Security personnel at Ahmadi have positively contributed to reducing acts of vandalism committed by youths and related acts of harassment in the area. Ahmadi Governorate reported 882 crimes

and 1,395 misdemeanors last year, he said. Commenting on the problem of stray camels in Ahmadi Governorate, he said that only one camel was shot as it had caused a traffic accident and had to be put out of its misery due to receiving serious injuries. Problems caused by stray camels can be solved by fencing the two sides of the motorway to prevent them from crossing these roads.

The governorate has issued a number of decisions prohibiting the public from hunting near the oil installations and other vital infrastructure. Security has been heightened at all vital installations and security personnel have been recommended not to show any leniency to those violators who do not comply with the governorate's decisions, Brigadier Saleh said.

No comment on diseased sheep issue

RIYADH, Aug. 21. (AP): A delegation of Australian officials left Saudi Arabia today without commenting on their three-day effort to persuade Saudi authorities to stop rejecting Australian sheep imports on health grounds.

The delegation, led by Dr Gardner Murray, a senior Ministry of Primary Industry and Energy official, was headed for Kuwait, an Australian embassy spokesman said.

The spokesman, who could not be named under embassy rules, gave no information on the delegation's talks with Saudi officials. He said an official statement would be made in Canberra.

The official Saudi Press Syndicate did not report the visit.

An embassy spokesman said only that the delegation discussed the issue with Agriculture Minister Abdul Rahman Al Jaber and Commerce Minister Abdullah Al Sulaimi as well as other officials at the two departments.

The Saudi move caused a furor among Australia livestock exporters. The Saudi market absorbs about half the estimated 7 million head of sheep that Australia exports annually to the Middle East.

The exports are worth about \$250 million a year.

Australian officials in Canberra and the Gulf have denied the sheep are infected, noting that sheeploads turned away from Saudi Arabia were later declared healthy in neighbouring Gulf countries, including Kuwait.

Murray arrived in Riyadh the day after the Saudis reportedly turned away a ship with 30,000 sheep destined for the Gulf port of Dammam.

Saudi officials earlier refused entry to three other ships carrying 227,000 live sheep, at both Dammam and the Red Sea port of Jeddah.

John Kerin, Minister of Primary Industry and Energy said in Canberra that the Saudi charges were not supported by clinical evidence.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Amir receives students

KUWAIT, Aug. 21. (KUNA): HH the Amir today received a student delegation representing summer clubs and swimming pools belonging to the Ministry of Education.

The students delegation extended thanks and appreciation to HH for his permanent support and encouragement to them.

The audience was attended by Electricity and Water Minister Dr Homoud Abdullah Al Rqabah, Education Undersecretary Abdul Rahman Al Khodary, acting assistant undersecretary for education services, activities department and director of physical education.

Contracts signed

KUWAIT, Aug. 21. (KUNA): Public Works Minister Abdul Rahman Al Houti today signed contracts worth KD3.6 million for the completion and maintenance of three kindergartens and the operation and maintenance of the central kitchen at the Centre for the Handicapped.

The kindergartens will be located in North Ardhya, Bayan and Omariyah. The four contracts went to a local firm.

Zayed message

ABU DHABI, Aug. 21. (KUNA): President of UAE Sheikh Zayed Bin Sultan Al Nahayan has received a message from Indian Premier Rajiv Gandhi, the contents of which were not disclosed.

The message was handed last night by Indian ambassador to UAE, during a meeting with Foreign Ministry Undersecretary Sheikh Hamdan Bin Zayed Al Nahayan.

Eritrean peace talks

Ethiopia seeks GCC support

KUWAIT, Aug. 21. (KUNA): A ranking Ethiopian official declared here today that his government has started an intensive diplomatic drive to solve the 28-year-old Eritrean conflict and said that Addis Ababa is interested in this drive would enjoy the support of the Arab countries. He also stated that Ethiopia has no intentions of restoring diplomatic relations with Tel Aviv due to differences over the Falasha and other issues.

Kassa Kebede, Assistant to President Mengistu Haile Mariam, told KUNA that his present tour, which includes in addition to Kuwait, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates, aims at clarifying to the head of these countries a peaceful initiative adopted by the National Shengo (assembly) of Ethiopia in early June which serves as a basis for talks that will lead to a peaceful solution of "a war that has dragged on and bled the nation over a period of twenty-eight years."

Among other things, the initiative offers to enter into talks with the various Eritrean groups without any pre-conditions and at any jointly agreed upon venue. It also offers to hold talks openly and publicly and in the presence of a mutually acceptable third party as an observer.

Drive, he said, is a member of the central committee of the ruling Workers Party in Ethiopia, said he had explained to HH the Amir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmed Al Sabah, conditions in Ethiopia, the Horn of Africa and the Red Sea. He also expressed hope that Kuwait and other Arab countries would support his government's drive to find solutions to the problems that hinder stability in that part of the world.

The Ethiopian official announced that HH the Amir has extended an invitation to President Mengistu Haile Mariam to visit Kuwait at any convenient time and said the president would be glad to respond to this invitation.

Kebede stressed significance of direct contacts between his country and other Arab states especially in view of the geopolitical similarity among them and he expressed hope that these countries would take the initiative to open embassies in Addis Ababa where they would be in a better position to assess events.

He further said that his recent visits to Cairo and Baghdad were within this target and that Iraq has dispatched a team of diplomats to Addis Ababa to open an embassy, this initiative



Kassa Kebede with Kuwaiti Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmed.

he said, was highly appreciated by his government.

Talking about the peace initiative, Kebede said that a mainstream opposition organisation, the Eritrean People's Liberation Front, the Eritrean Liberation Front and some organisations representing the Muslim majority in lowland Eritrea, had accepted the initiative but he hoped that other organisations would follow suit.

The Ethiopian leader clarified, however, that matters like complete independence, as demanded by the Eritrean organisations, or autonomy, as always proposed by his government, are not pre-conditions for starting the talks and said the peace initiative is flexible enough to accommodate any suggestions from both parties.

He went on to say that the Addis Ababa government was keen to see that the conflict comes to an end because it has enough problems awaiting solutions like the drought and the refugees on its territories.

Answering a question on his country's relations with the Sudan, Kebede denied accusations that his government extends military support to the armed rebellion in south Sudan led by John Garang and said such support was limited only to humanitarian aid to hundreds of thousands of refugees fleeing the conflict zone.

He said that the rebellion was going on before the revolution took over power in Ethiopia, therefore, these accusations do not hold water. He added that his government has recently reached agreements with Djibouti and Somalia for repatriation of refugees and that it was ready to conclude a similar agreement

with the Sudan to lessen the burden of hosting over one million refugees.

On the Middle East, issue, Kebede said the reasons which led to the severing of relations between Addis Ababa and Tel Aviv no more exist after return of Sinai to Egypt and the establishing of diplomatic relations between that Arab country and the Jewish state.

But, he added that Addis Ababa was not ready to restore these relations, severed in 1973, because of the Falasha "who were stolen in an international conspiracy in which Sudanese, American and Jewish officials co-operated, as well as because of Israel's refusal to allow Ethiopian supervision over a monastery in occupied Jerusalem."

Kebede, who was his country's ambassador to the UN in Geneva, during the Falasha crisis, said this crisis was not only a conspiracy against Ethiopia but also against the Falasha as human beings who are presently under immense suffering noting that the rate of suicide among them was higher than the total of suicidal cases in Israel since its creation in 1948.

He also emphasised that his government still supports international resolutions calling for the withdrawal of Israeli troops from occupied Arab territories and the restoration of the Palestinian people's rights. Ethiopia, said he, was among the first countries which recognised the Palestinian state shortly after its declaration during the Palestinian National Council's meeting in Algiers and it has upgraded the PLO office in Addis Ababa to a full embassy on which the Palestinian flag was hoisted by PLO chairman Yasser Arafat.

Per capita electricity utilisation only 5 pc

THE Ministry of Electricity and Water said yesterday that the maximum annual electric load has increased 103 times during the past three decades, while the power production capacity has increased 106 times during the same period. In its statistical annual report, the ministry added that mean annual growth rate per capita electric consumption has dropped from 11.8 per cent in 1958 to just 5 per cent in 1988. The ministry said that this indicates a positive trend in conservation of energy and added that the average per capita share in produced electric power has increased 8 times while the total generated energy annually has risen by 64 times over the same period of time.

Kuwait's population in 1958 was slightly over 230,000 while the population rose to about 1.96 million by the end of 1988. The statistical report said that per capita annual consumption of electric power was 1,322 kilowatts in 1958 while it increased to over 10,000 kilowatts in 1988.

Increase

The report added that the maximum load of consumption recorded on a day in 1958 was only 38 MW, while the production capacity was 70 MW. The increased to 3,920 MW in 1988 and the production capacity also increased to 7,398 MW.

It said that the maximum daily load increased by 25.9 per cent during 1958 and 1968, and by 15.6 per cent between 68 and 78 and by just 9.5 per cent between 78 and 88. It added that peak consumption during 1988 was recorded on two days. The first was on June 14 when temperatures rose to 49 degrees Celsius and relative humidity was 29 per cent. The second day was on Aug 30 when the temperatures were 40 degrees Celsius and relative humidity was 94 per cent. The maximum load on the first day was recorded as 3,900 MW and 3,920 MW on the other. It said that if this is compared with the maximum load recorded on a day in 1967, which was 3,740 MW, then the annual growth rate in consumption is 4.8 per cent.

Power generation

The ministry said that there are six power generation and water desalination plants in Kuwait with a total production capacity of over 7,000 MW per day. The largest of these plants is Al-Zour South Station with 2,511 MW, followed by Doha West with 2,400 MW, Doha East 1,58 MW, Shuaiba South with 804 MW, Shuaiba North 330 MW and finally Shuaiba plant with 195 MW. Concerning the electric power produced during the various seasons of the year, the report said that the power plants produce the maximum during the third quarter (summer) and the minimum during the first quarter (winter).

In 1988, all the power plants produced about 19.6 million MW. They produced 3.1 million MW in the first quarter, 5.4 million MW in the second, 6.9 million MW in the third and 4.2 MW in the fourth quarter. It said that only 16.7 million MW of the power produced, was consumed.

A total of 2.5 million MW were consumed in the first quarter, 4.7 million MW in the second, 6 million MW in the third and 3.5 million MW in the last quarter of the year.

Adulterers sentenced

THE Higher Court of Appeal has ruled against a sentence by the Criminal Court which refrained from passing judgement in the case of two married couples accused of adultery and sentenced each to two years in jail with hard labour.

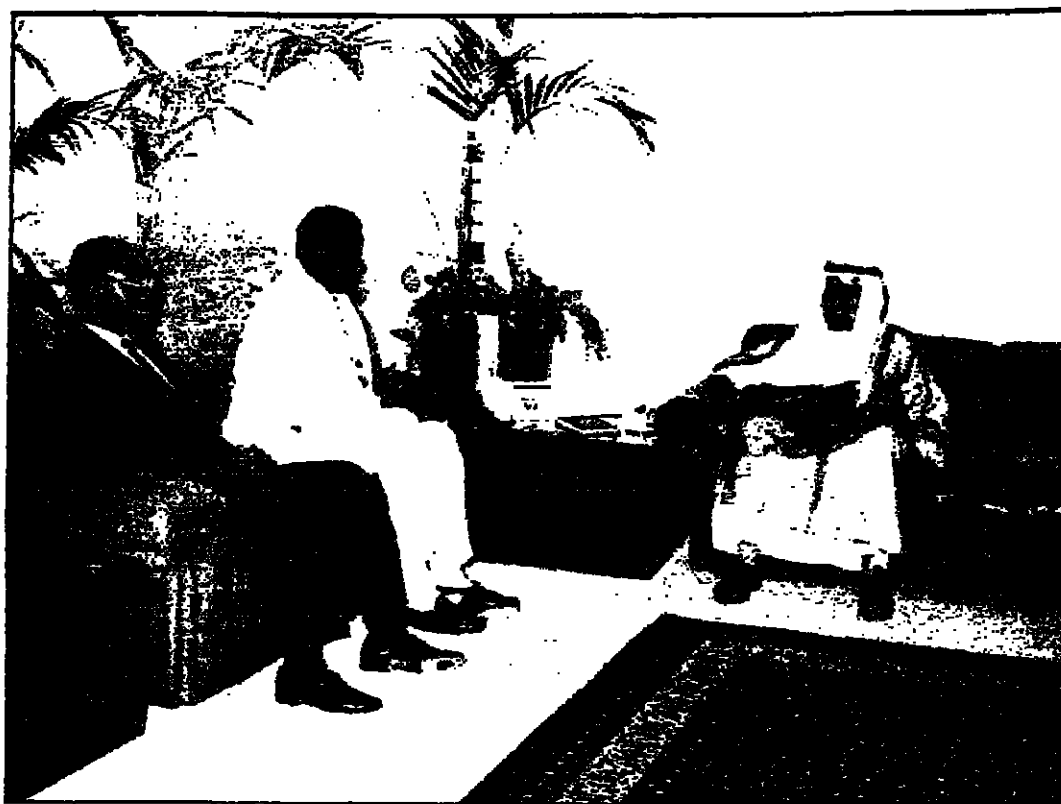
Meanwhile the Court of First Instance has sentenced a man to three years in jail and a fine of KD100 on charge of smuggling 2.3 grams of hashish and two bottles of whiskey for his personal use.

However the Court of Appeal decided to reduce the sentence to two years in jail with hard labour and to a fine of KD50 provided that the defendant submitted a deposition to lead a straight life.

The general prosecution has referred to court the case of a man charged with aggravated assault causing the victim severe traumatic injury as evidenced by the coroner's report.

The court heard that the suspect engaged in a heated argument with the victim over the way he drove his car which almost knocked the accused from his bicycle.

The court fined the accused KD100. The suspect was tried in absentia.



Amir receives Omar Sey

HH the Amir yesterday received in audience Gambian Foreign Minister Omar Sey who delivered to him a message from President Dawda Jawara. Present at the audience were State Minister for Foreign Affairs Saoud Mohamed Al Osaimi and Gambia's ambassador to Kuwait.

Overland truck drivers complain of exploitation

Total lack of rest areas

REFRIGERATED truck owners at the fruits and vegetables market suffer many problems. Through a field tour of truck parking lots at the market made by a local daily a large section of truckers indicated that the location designated for truck parkings at the market is neglected.

A trucker said that the place is taking on the appearance of a slum adding that overflowing sewage hails make the place unbearable and unhealthy.

At the location there is only one bathroom serving nearly 350 trucks. It is usual to see truckers sleeping under their trucks while others sleep on top due to lack of rest areas and because they fear that their units may stop working and spoil goods.

One of the truckers was taking a cool shower under his truck and away from public eyes to clean up after a long and tiring journey. Many have complained of the bad treatment they receive from merchants at the market pointing out that many merchants use their trucks as storage areas for their goods, by delaying unloading goods for days.

Another trucker said that they are liable to lose a part of their fees or even all of it in case the goods spoiled. He stated that merchants wait for several days before unloading goods for inadequate excuses.

Fees Riyadh Roshdi, a refrigerated truck owner and driver said that he brings vegetables from Jordan, Turkey, Lebanon and Egypt. He indicated that truck-

ers fees depend on demand and supply. At the present time the fee of a refrigerated truck from Jordan to Kuwait is KD375-400 with a load full of vegetables. The same load costs KD600 from Turkey to Kuwait, KD500 from Lebanon to Kuwait and KD900-1000 from Egypt to Kuwait.

Riyadh said that truckers face several problems at the road or in the market. He pointed out that truck parking lots at the market lack cleanliness, it is unpaved and causes a lot of dust. He added that there is only one bathroom serving a big number of trucks and that for the past two months even this single facility is out of order and added that there is a shortage of parking lots.

Riyadh expressed truckers demands of an airconditioned rest area, and complete service facilities due to the fact that they sleep under their trucks. He indicated that the parking area lacks safety utilities adding that a fire in one of the trucks may easily spread its way to the other trucks. He said that a fire truck should be at the location at all times.

Delays

Riyadh complained of the delay they face while loading and unloading their trucks. He said that merchants at the market may deliberately delay the unloading of their goods for several days until the market prices go up. Some of the goods include commodities that are easily perishable, he added.

Issa Al Tawalba another trucker said that he loads his

truck in Jordan and after a gruelling journey to Kuwait at the vegetables and fruits market they look forward to a place to take a shower, wash up, or rest. None are available at the market, he said.

In addition, he said, that overflowing sewage hails at the parking area makes the place unbearable. He pointed out that a trucker may stay for a full week under such tragic conditions and under the heat of sun. The place is unhealthy and trucks should be kept operating 24 hours to preserve vegetables.

Regarding their relation with merchants, Issa stated that truckers have a maximum waiting period of 24 hours in order to unload their trucks at other countries but, here in Kuwait the situation is different, truckers may wait for several days waiting for merchants orders to unload their goods on the excuse that the market is full.

Laws

Fawaz Badwan said that he brings various types of vegetables from Jordan at most times and sometimes from other countries. He added that depends on fees offered and merchants orders. He pointed out that truckers fees are judged by the law of supply and demand.

He stressed that a law should be promulgated to protect truckers from exploitation by merchants and importers. He said that the law should make importers and merchants unload their goods within a specified time frame.

Power cut again in Wafra area

By Nashat Al Agha

WAFRA residents again complained of the continuous cuts in electricity in their area. They complained that the power has been disconnected from their area during the past 4 days and their repeated appeals to the Ministry of Electricity and Water went in vain. Rashid Al Mussallum told Seyassah the power problem has not been solved and called upon the Minister of Electricity and Water, Dr Homoud Al Rqabah to instruct the technical agencies in the ministry to find a comprehensive solution to the problem.

Wafra area houses over 500 different farms for animals, chicken and agriculture. Last month, a farm owner reported the death of 12,000 chickens from his farm in Wafra when power went off for 5 hours only.

BAHRAIN DIGEST

Clean-up campaign in public areas

BAHRAIN is to start an operation with the help of a newly formed task-force to clean-up its beaches on a regular basis. According to an announcement made by the Central Municipal Council the clean-up campaign will be undertaken by a team of municipality workers every two weeks.

The announcement to start this operation comes in the wake of some serious pollution problems around Bahrain, primarily affecting the island beaches, including the longest one, the Zallaq beach. For the past few years Bahrain has been conducting a campaign committed to themes like the "Beautification Scheme" and "To Keep Bahrain Tidy" in a bid to protect the environment as well as maintain the general standards of cleanliness in the island. Numerous appeals have gone to the public to co-operate with the authorities to support such campaigns. Bahrain is a small place and thus it becomes more imperative to keep it beautiful and clean according to official sources at the Directorate of Tourism and Archaeology and the Directorate of Parks and Gardens.

In recent times there has been a strong and widespread effort to promote and develop tourism in Bahrain, particularly in the regional market. Bahrain's beaches comprise among its chief attractions. With a growing number of both residents and tourists flocking to the beaches these summer months there has been a growing concern for their health safety, bearing in mind the existence of pollution around the waters of the island.

Earlier this week Sheikh Roshid Bin Khalifa Al Khalifa, Assistant Undersecretary for Tourism and Archaeology, complained about the state of both marine and industrial pollution affecting the seas around Bahrain.

Arab info committee meet opens

TUNIS, Aug. 21. (KUNA): Arab Information Standing Committee opened its 47th ordinary session here today attended by representatives of various Arab countries.

Head of Kuwait's delegation, Information Undersecretary Abdel Aziz Jaafar told KUNA that the committee endorsed the agenda that would be presented to Arab information ministers scheduled to meet here next Wednesday.

He said the meeting also reviewed and ratified the resolutions adopted by ministers in their previous session in Baghdad.

The agenda approved by the committee today comprised a number of topics, including an Arab information plan on the international arena for the next year and a draft information code of ethics, Jaafar said.

Proposals on better usage of the Arab satellite, Arabast, by member states, Afro-Arab information co-operation and a study for setting up an Arab television programme production company were also endorsed by participants, he added.

For professional high quality photography using the very latest equipment in our large purpose built studio.

For creative still life, brochures, promotional and industrial photography. Excellent slide copies from flat artwork, 35mm to 5 x 4 inch, black and white printing and processing.

For a complete professional photographic service, ring Mark on 4813566 ext 235. And see how our images can help yours.

The image makers
ARAB & TIMES
Photographic Services

ARAB TIMES

Thought for today

ENOUGH is enough and too much spoils — Italian proverb

Pastor protests over apartheid

Election ultimatum

PASTOR Allan Hendrickse, reviled by leftists since 1984 for entering South Africa's segregated Parliament, vows he will wash his hands of participatory politics if apartheid is not dead in five years.

In that case he would drop opposition to the exiled African National Congress (ANC) guerrilla movement. He says next month's parliamentary poll is the last time he will lead coloured (mixed-race) voters in a race-based election.

"The three pillars of apartheid must go in five years," he said in an interview before speaking in support of his son, Peter, at an election rally in the farming village of Hankey.

Residential segregation, racial classification at birth and the reservation of separate facilities for different race groups would have to be unconditionally suspended by 1994.

"Otherwise I will have to pull out and say over to you, I give up. I will not be a part of an armed struggle, but... it would be tantamount to an endorsement from me of the ANC," he said.

Hendrickse, a 51-year-old congregational church minister, leads the anti-apartheid Labour Party which holds 76 of the 80 elected seats in the coloured House of Representatives, one of two chambers for non-whites set up in 1984.

Sweep

In the September 6 elections he wants to sweep all 80 seats so that he can fight the government to maximum effect.

"There is no advantage to opposition among to the government and we can be stronger if we have the whole house," he said.

Hendrickse served as the first non-white minister in P.W. Botha's cabinet before quitting angrily in 1987. Botha had attacked him for ingratitude and once berated him for nearly half an hour on national television for swimming at a whites-only beach.

He was clearly a hero to the 350 coloured farm workers who packed a church hall in Hankey, where the tar gives way to dirt on a road off the coastal motorway to Port Elizabeth.

The men wore ties and heavily patched suits. The women were smartly dressed as though for church. Everyone listened closely, punctuating his points with murmurs of approval.

The talk was largely about housing, of which there is not enough, about replacing nightsoil buckets with water-borne sewerage, about electrification, schools and medical care.

"You can hear how nearly everybody has cold or a cough," said coloured parliamentarian Chris April. "These people are poor and they want to know about bread and butter issues."

Nightwatchman Hendrik Grootboom said the creation of the coloured house of Parliament in 1984 had given him a new sense of self-worth.

"Many doors are opening to us that were closed, but an equal society is still the most important thing," he said.

Teacher Neville Dennis said Hendrickse voiced coloured concerns during the fight for equality and that was crucial among people earning as little as 20 rand (\$8.70) for a 50 to 60-hour week.

"It's violence or dialogue in this country and the Labour Party is for dialogue," he said. "But Mr Hendrickse is right — 10 years will be enough. After that we must fight," Dennis said.

Others, like coloured reformed churches leader Allan Boesak, urge non-whites to shun Hendrickse and boycott the poll that will exclude blacks, who outnumber whites, Indians and coloureds by more than three to one.

"Prove that the tricameral Parliament is a fraud," he said at an opposition rally in Cape Town. "We must not serve systems that perpetuate apartheid. We must make sure that this is the last election from which (blacks) are excluded."

Restricted

Cheryl Carolus, a leader of the heavily restricted anti-apartheid United Democratic Front, said at a university rally: "Any option that is open to us to resolve this country's problems will be utilised, but they must be real options. We cannot opt for halfway measures like this that will never bring a lasting peace."

The UDF campaigned to oppose registration of coloured voters when they went to the polls for the first time in 1984, their only parliamentary election so far.

Only 31 per cent of registered coloureds voted then and the UDF calculates that the true turnout was only about 18 per cent of eligible voters.

Hendrickse says participation has enabled him to use the two billion rand (\$875 million) House of Representatives budget to improve pensions, schooling and housing for South Africa's 2.8 million coloured people.

He also cites a 20-year record of anti-apartheid activism.

Hendrickse differs from the urban radicals who revile his tactics in his rejection of socialist economic principles and his opposition to apartheid from within the three-chambered parliamentary system imposed by Botha in 1984.

"I have no doubt that participation for us has been the correct strategy," he said, pointing out that it was his refusal to co-operate that prevented former President P.W. Botha from extending the life of Parliament and his own presidency to 1992.

"He needed us to force through that constitutional change. We said no, not unless you dismantle residential segregation. That's why they are having the election now."

He conceded, however, that he was unable to force Botha's hand in anything short of a constitutional change because the tricameral system is loaded in favour of the ruling white party.

(Reuter — Hankey).

TODAY IN HISTORY

1485 — England's King Richard III is killed at battle of Bosworth, ending War of Roses.

1567 — Duke of Alba establishes "Council of Blood" and begins reign of terror as military governor in the Netherlands.

1572 — Earl of Northumberland is executed at York, England, for treason.

1582 — Ruthven raid in which English party in Scotland captures King James VI while he is hunting and holds him captive until June 1583.

1642 — English civil war begins with King Charles I branding parliament and its soldiers traitors.

1654 — Jacob Barsimoun, said to be first Jewish immigrant to America, lands at New Amsterdam.

1717 — Spain attacks Sardinia under pretext that some Spanish subjects have been arrested in Italy.

1788 — British found settlement in Sierra Leone, Africa, as asylum for slaves.

1791 — Blacks revolt in French portion of San Domingo in West Indies.

1798 — French forces land in Ireland.

1910 — Japan formally annexes Korea.

1911 — Leonardo da Vinci painting "Mona Lisa" is stolen from Louvre museum in Paris, France. It is recovered in Italy in 1913.

1941 — Nazi troops reach outskirts of Soviet city of Leningrad in World War II.

1972 — Rhodesia is asked to withdraw from 20th Olympic Summer Games because of its racial policies.

1986 — Angolan guerrilla leader says Soviet-aided government forces have started using chemical warfare in 10-year struggle for control of nation.

1987 — Latin American foreign ministers meet in Caracas to discuss peace in Central America.



Retribution: a suspected collaborator, beaten by the crowd, is taken into custody by police and soldiers during the liberation of Paris, August 1944

Shaping thinking 50 years later

Legacy of World War II

SAVAGELY attacking Poland a half-century ago, Adolf Hitler's armies sparked a conflagration that killed more than 50 million people and spread world-wide in history's costliest war.

World War II drew in every major power, leaving behind a bitter legacy from fighting and holocaust that shape the thinking of nations to this day.

The reverberations range from the tensions between the capitalist West and Communist East to lingering uneasiness over the possibility of ever reunifying the two Germans.

And there are more individual problems, such as in Japan, with the diplomatic difficulties that arose over the attendance of foreign dignitaries at the funeral of Emperor Hirohito last February, and in Austria, where President Kurt Waldheim's war record as a German officer is under scrutiny.

The holocaust — the Nazis' extermination of an estimated 6 million Jews — casts one of the longest shadows of the war.

Last November, Philipp Jenninger had to resign as speaker of the West German Parliament just 48 hours after making a clumsily worded speech that sought to explain the German people's anti-Semitism and fascination with Hitler.

The war is remembered, too, in small, day-to-day details, like the seats reserved for war invalids on French trains, or the Christmas tree in London's Trafalgar Square, an annual gift from a grateful Norwegian people for the British war effort.

War time was an arena for giants: Hitler, Winston Churchill, Josef Stalin, Franklin Roosevelt. And it produced post-war leaders such as Charles de Gaulle, architect of modern France, and Marshall Josip Broz Tito, who ruled Yugoslavia until his death in 1980 and helped found the Movement of Non-Aligned nations.

Every nation shapes its own lessons from the war, often with distortions or exaggerations.

For the French, there is the painful knowledge that one's parents or grandparents may have collaborated with their Nazi conquerors.

Greater

For Eastern Europe, decades of official hero-worship of the Soviet forces are giving way to greater objectivity, in large part as a result of Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev's policy of openness.

"In the vision of the war we used to get, only the Russians were brave in fighting the Germans," said Anna Radziwill, who has taught high school history for 30 years and was elected to Poland's newly created senate.

"The vision of the West was that they were just sending us canned food," said Ms Radziwill, a member of one of Poland's old noble families.

German sailors aboard the old battleship Schleswig-Holstein fired the first shots of World War II, shelling a small Polish garrison at Westerplatte near the free city of Danzig at 4:45 am on Sept. 1, 1939. The German army poured across the Polish frontier while Hitler's warplanes pounded the country from overhead.

Two days later, Britain and France declared war on Germany. But not until 1941 did the fighting become a true world war, with the German invasion of the Soviet Union and the Japanese attack on US fleet at Pearl Harbour. In all, more than 50 nations joined the fighting.

Still uneasy neighbours 40 years after their creation, the two Germans present vastly different accounts of World War II and its causes.

In communist East Germany, a high school textbook from 1986 states: "World War II was unleashed by German imperialists and militarists," spurred by a desire for profits and conquests.

But just over the border, teenagers in West Germany's Hesse state are taught that Nazism was an all-embracing affair, "a terrible aberration to which an entire people was able to be driven by ideological blindness, ignorance and cowardice."

Singh, crusading against corruption, spearheaded the master-plan concocted by the Chief Minister N.T. Rama Rao and ended up with an en masse resignation of the opposition from the parliament.

Now where does Singh stand? Thanks to Arab

Revised history books for Soviet high school students still insist Moscow's forces defeated Japan virtually single-handed, even though the Kremlin did not declare war on Japan until three days after a US bomber dropped an atomic bomb on Hiroshima.

The textbook for the 11th grade says "the use of the atomic weapon was not militarily necessary."

"By this crime, unprecedented in the history of mankind, imperialist circles in the USA wanted to demonstrate its then-strategic superiority before the whole world," the book says.

But Soviet students do learn that their country's agreement to divide up Poland with the Germans was unjust.

In Warsaw, a newly emboldened communist government is moving closer to blaming the Soviets

for the massacre of more than 4,000 Polish officers in Katyn. To reverse the official line — that the Nazis did it — would constitute a monumental act of historical revisionism in East European minds.

Momo Kapor, a best-selling Yugoslav author and satirist, summed up the distortions of the past this way: "During the past 40 years or so, grandpas and grandmas, uncles and old aunts have been correcting, secretly, official lessons from textbooks."

While Britain remains unabashedly proud of its wartime role, other Western European nations, such as France and Italy, have had to face up to the darker side of their war record.

France was easily defeated in 1940 and then was divided into an occupied zone and a French puppet regime headquartered in the town of Vichy. The Germans later occupied the whole country.

French try to forget

IN France, where World War II is known as '39-45 to distinguish it from other German invasions, people no longer glance nervously across the Rhine. But not everyone has forgotten.

"I'm afraid not many of these men like to talk about it," said Jeanne de Barbel, who looks after 44 World War II victims at the Veterans hospital near Les Invalides, the vast complex Napoleon used to house the casualties of his wars.

"Victims from the war of '14-18 are more prepared to accept what happened," she said. But for the war that started on Sept. 1, 1939, it is still too soon.

The approach of the 50th anniversary of the war's outbreak has prompted reflection on the period that saw France defeated and then occupied for nearly four years.

"Most veterans blame a Nazi organization, not Germans," Madame de Barbel said. "My family suffered, too, and will be marked forever. But one must evolve and move forward."

Maurice Desmier, a resident of Tours who lost an arm to German shells on the Marne in the first year of the war, has long since gotten on with his life. He heads an association of war amputees in France.

He is happy that a Franco-German army brigade now manoeuvres jointly. He sees no problem that both countries plan to join other members of the European Economic Community in melding their economies in a more united Europe beginning in 1992.

Germany has invaded France three times since 1870.

A decade ago, spurred by personal friendship between French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing and West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, France began extending its military umbrella to its neighbour.

The joint army brigade symbolized the new era. But the allies found symbols work both ways. Officers cannot agree on a marching pace. Significantly, the unit out France's Bastille Day parade marking the 200th anniversary of the French Revolution.

"Fear is gone and, officially, there is no bad feeling against the Germans," Desmier said. He paused and added: "Of course, I cannot say there is no resentment in people's hearts."

Attitudes vary widely, by geography, individual nature and experience.

After all these years, fresh flowers appear on the white grave markers that seem to stretch out by the beaches of Normandy. No one has removed rusting shore guns from their bunkers.

Rachel Ewencyk, 78, refuses to shake the hand of any German of her generation. Her father, sister and brother were among the 75,000 deported French Jews who did not survive death camps.

Era

But she is warm to German exchange students who come to Paris to visit her grandchildren.

In rural areas of the Corrèze, deep in France's heartland, some people maintain stony silence at the mention of '39-45.

But in the tiny town of Moyau, just off the Normandy coast to liberate France, there seems to be little remorse.

"Absolutely not, I have seen no resentment at all," said the mayor's wife, Ingrid Charles, a German who has lived in Normandy since she came as an au pair girl 26 years ago. "Only the Dutch are sometimes reticent toward Germans, but that doesn't last long."

She and her husband run an elegant campground at the

family chateau. Vacationing Germans frolic in the gardens once seized by force of arms.

Some veterans resent ungrateful countrymen as much as former enemies.

Respect

Asked if Frenchmen respect a 1940 law reserving some subway and train seats for disabled war victims, Desmier said: "Alas, now unfortunately. The Frenchman is a very undisciplined person. It is the same for parking spaces. It is not so hard for me, but people with missing lower extremities find it very hard."

The Frenchman government still pays pensions to 239,000 injured veterans, 135,400 widows and 46,700 civilian victims of the war. Since the war's end, 2.5 million Frenchmen registered with the veterans' ministry.

French attitudes are complicated by factors beyond the war. Germany's solid economy and brisk trade evoke a certain envy. The West German mark, not the French franc, is Europe's hard currency.

Well-heeled West German tourists, like the Japanese, are sometimes seen with the slightly jaundiced eye once turned on Americans.

As West Germany slips away from its past reticence to dabble in world politics, Bonn is jostling Paris as a centre of power.

In recent months, the French press has devoted pages upon pages to issues lingering from '39-45. The influential Paris daily Le Monde carried a supplement on the literature of a new, friendly Germany.

Scholars stress the European long view of history. For many, '39-45 was World War III. Napoleon's march eastward from France was first, unless one counts Charlemagne, a millennium earlier.

labour problems and parallel economy are all deep-rooted and thriving? The person who said "politics is the last refuge of a scoundrel" cannot be wrong. Isn't that so?

C.K. Satyara,
Safat

Irresponsible headline

SIR: As an Indian I strongly object to the front page headline "Thief, may steal the show," Arab Times dated Aug 21, 1989. Putting the offensive word in quotes does not absolve the newspaper of the responsibility to show some deference to the prime minister of one of the largest democracies in the world.

I.F. Ahmed,
Kuwait.

Sticky issues

A year after the ceasefire

ONE year had passed since the start of the Iraq-Iran peace talks and nothing tangible had been achieved.

On August 20, 1988, the ceasefire agreement between the two warring countries came into effect according to UN Security Council Resolution 598, and five days later the talks between the two sides started under auspices.

Four rounds of talks were held between the Iranian and Iraqi negotiators in Geneva and New York respectively, but the talks were obstructed due to the two sides' conflicting views regarding the international border lines, opening of Shatt Al Arab waterway for safe navigation and exchange of prisoners of war.

Regarding the international border line separating the two countries, Iran insists on abiding to the Algeria treaty signed in 1975, which stipulates the border line lies in the deepest point in Shatt Al Arab, while Iraq stresses on its sovereignty over Shatt Al Arab and abides by the 1977 pact, which says that the eastern part of Shatt Al Arab is the border line between the two states.

Concerning the part in the first article of Resolution 598, which stipulates the withdrawal of the two countries' forces back to their lands, Iraq insisted on not pulling out its troops from Iranian territories until Shatt Al Arab is cleaned and opened before the Iraqi navigation, and until Iran stops searching Iraqi ships sailing in the Arab Gulf waters.

Iran refused to respond to the Iraqi demands and insisted on the withdrawal of the two countries' forces to the international borders first.

Concerning the exchange of prisoners of war issue, Iraq accuses Iran of obstructing this humanitarian problem. Iran has 70,000 Iraqi prisoners and Iraq holds 35,000 Iranian captives.

The Iraq-Iran negotiations on finding a comprehensive solution to the conflict between the two sides could take a while, because the eight-year destructive war that killed or injured around one million persons cannot be overcome easily.

The United Nations Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar had stated on the first day of negotiations between the two warring countries that "the differences between Iraq and Iran had deep roots and did not go back to one year or two years but go back to several decades and centuries." (Kunam Kim, Seoul, Korea)

Quote me

"This is a very serious incident, and I think the government is required to give an explanation." — Elias Freij said after filling a complaint with Israeli authorities over the death of a Palestinian youth.

"I can understand his motives. He has his views and he is coming to the end of his career when people tend to have stronger opinions about a subject than usual. He was not going to be pushed around by his own countrymen." — Kim Barnett, captain of Michael Holding's team.

"If we were to pursue it more aggressively, there could be some risk to our personal safety. The money involved in the illicit steroid market was such that, yes, there was certainly some concern." — Rolf Lund, chairman of Ontario Track and Field Association said about the inquiry into drug use in amateur sports.

"I confidently place the project of the Europe without borders at the feet of Virgin of Covadonga, and pray that such an entity will not turn its back on its Christian roots." — Pope John Paul said during a mass at the shrine of Covadonga, Spain.

"That's what Graf and Martina do so well. They remain in control. In close matches especially, you can see it affects their opponents more." — Lori McNeil said after deciding to come back to women's tennis.

"This is the first time we've run up to the re-entry into earth date this bad. If we don't retrieve the craft, all the information on it would be totally lost." — NASA scientist William Kinard said.

"The people are engaged in peaceful defiance. And what do they (the authorities) do? They unleash their murderous thugs. It's the same as before." — Alfred N20, ANC secretary-general said.

"Anytime I play her from now on will be pretty nostalgic. But I'll try not to think about that when I beat her." — Navratilova said in an interview as she looked forward to meet Steffi Graf.

"His (Allen's) finishing is genuine class. Already his glitter is beginning to rub off on our young players." — Manchester City manager Mel Machin said about Clive Allen.

"I can't say what's going to happen to me. Physically and mentally, I don't know what would happen if I won. I'd like to find out, though." — Ivan Lendl said.

"Our leaders are butchers. They are not human." — a resident of West Beirut who declined to be identified.

"No other person in the country is ideologically purer than I." — Kim Dae-Jung, South Korean opposition leader told the supporters.

"They (the party) should not fight for keeping their posts anymore. If they are wise, we ourselves will offer them those posts, because we need wise people, no matter what membership they have. But if they want to take posts by force, we won't give them." — Lech Walesa said in an interview.

"Fish begins to rot from its head. I am beginning from the head. We need reforms." — Lech Walesa said in an interview.

"It seems that both captains thought that they were in the right, but technically the actions of both could be held up to scrutiny." — Britain's Evening Standard newspaper quoted a river authority source as saying about boat sinking.

"We do fully support the democratic process in Poland and the spirit of dialogue and restraint which has made these historic events possible." — US State Department spokesman Richard Boucher said.

"I don't think we ought to respond, as some suggest, willy-nilly with a military response. But I do think that's an option that we have to keep open." — US Attorney General Dick Thornburgh said about the plans to send US troops to Colombia to fight drug terrorism.

"There is a tradition in Western hemisphere, a reluctance for anyone to ask for troops and a reluctance of the president to commit troops." — John Sumnu said there are no plans to send US troops to Colombia.

"Basically it is our policy not to try to increase attention on the hostages." — John Sumnu said about Lebanese hostage crisis.

MIDEAST

Cyprus is a prime listening post for Mideast

NICOSIA, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Diplomats call it microwave alley.

Why, they ask, did the Soviet Union and the United States decide to build new embassies on the holiday island of Cyprus within an electronic whisker of each other?

Glasnost? Perestroika? A sign that the cold war is over?

Perhaps the monks of the Nikko Monastery, who sold the two superpowers, rivals the prime land in central Nicosia know the answer.

The Soviet embassy is partially occupied, and the American still under construction. But the

size of the embassies underlines the importance of this island as the prime listening post in this corner of the world.

Cyprus has historically been a victim of its geography, set strategically in the eastern Mediterranean on the rim of Nato and facing the front door of the turbulent Middle East.

Like Lisbon in neutral Portugal during World War Two, non-aligned Cyprus is a haven for the intelligence gatherers.

"Cyprus is a listening post for Iran, Iraq, Syria and Lebanon where it is difficult to have people on the ground," an Arab source said.

It is one of the few countries in the region to have high-level Israeli and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) diplomatic missions.

"Arabs keep track of boat schedules and timings and try to smuggle fighters into Lebanon," he said.

"They watch Israeli, Israeli spy ships and each other," he added. "Others are here just in case something happens."

Israel watches the Arabs and the Iranians.

"There's nothing terribly sinister about the large Soviet presence here," a Western political source said. "They just want to get in on the act."

Another major power, China, has decided Nicosia is worth the investment in a new embassy. Its mission with enclosed oriental garden and moon gate is out of eyeball range of the Russians and Americans to the West.

But the French embassy and the West German Ambassador's residence are within the Moscow and Washington missions' surveillance range.

Normally the spying game in Cyprus is gentlemanly. Bitter Arab foes when at home can be seen playing pool together. "It's all very friendly," the Arab source said.

But occasionally violent Middle East rivalries

spill over on this tranquil holiday island.

In May, six Lebanese were arrested after police uncovered what they said was a plot to shoot down Lebanese Christian Army Commander Major-General Michel Aoun's helicopter with Soviet-made Sam-7 missiles.

The year before a car bomb intended for the Israeli Embassy blew up in a Nicosia street killing three people and injuring 19 others.

A few months earlier three Palestinians were blown up when their car exploded in the port city of Limassol.

But cloak-and-dagger spying, clandestine

meetings in smoky bars, passing of coded messages at secret rendezvous and cryptic messages breathed down the telephone have been dwarfed by modern technology.

The modern spy relies mostly on sophisticated electronics and satellites.

Cyprus, where goats are still herded, olives gathered by hand and the donkey is still an important means of transport in remote country areas, can boast a modern spying infrastructure.

A sovereign British base on the south coast on the road from Limassol to the resort town of Paphos bristles with radio antennae.

'Together until we reach Jerusalem'

PLO opens treasury in Amman

AMMAN, Aug. 21. (Agencies): Palestine Liberation Organisation chairman Yasser Arafat inaugurated a new headquarters for the PLO's treasury today, calling it "evidence of the unique Jordanian-Palestinian relationship."

Hundreds of people jammed the street in a diplomatic quarter as Arafat raised the flag at the new headquarters of the Palestine National Fund.

"I say to my people and to Jordanian people that we are together and side by side until we raise the Palestinian flag in Jerusalem, the capital of the Palestinian state, God willing," Arafat told reporters.

The fund was based in Amman for three years until 1986, when King Hussein closed 25 of the 36 PLO offices in the Kingdom due to disputes over the direction of efforts for peace with Israel.

Shots, stones—quite normal

Gaza duel often ends in death

GAZA, Aug. 21. (Reuters): The temperature rises, Arab youths spit fire and the adversaries in the Palestinian uprising begin a deadly duel that often ends in death.

First starts with a single stone thrown at an Israeli post on a rooftop overlooking the Gaza city market beside the intersection bearing the new emotional name of Palestine Square.

More stones follow, slamming into the walls and roof above the troops. Soon the soldiers are replying with tear gas, bullets and rocks of their own.

This battle in the occupied Gaza Strip was on Sunday. But a virtually identical one took place in the square the day before. Everyone expects another one today.

A tear gas canister ripped through the windscreen of a car passing through the square. A passenger, clutching his abdomen where the canister hit, was carried to the nearby hospital.

Drivers with horns blaring made a frantic effort to escape the square. Young men, often the same ones who throw the stones, jumped into the street to take charge of clearing the traffic. Tear gas canisters were thrown at the cars.

Stones were coming from three directions at the Israeli soldiers. But across the street, now littered with stones, Arab women continued to sell cheap clothes they had displayed on the pavement.

Another barrage and the stone-throwing ended abruptly as two Israeli Army trucks screamed into the square.

Troops spread out in search of the "shabab," a word which literally means young men but is now synonymous with the resistance to the 22-year-old Israeli occupation.

"They never find them," commented a smiling Palestinian. Occasional shots echoed down the street as the troops edged along the fronts of buildings.

The youths had melted into the maze of houses. But the tension and anger that fuelled them remained.

Gaza city is dirty, congested and visibly poor. The fronts of shops are coated in tar sprayed by the Israeli authorities months ago to obscure graffiti supporting the Palestinian uprising.

A boy showed two spent cartridges from an Israeli M-16 automatic rifle he had just retrieved.

"Look. Look what the Israelis do to us," an old man selling fruit on a street leading off the square shouted at a foreign journalist.

Traffic reappeared in another block. But steel shutters again changed shut across shops and cars began to scatter in anticipation of fresh trouble.

"It happens every day, sometimes several times a day," said a taxi driver, who agreed to drive to the Israeli frontier 10 km (six miles) to the north.

The PLO then transferred the fund, basically its finance ministry, to Abu Dhabi in the United Arab Emirates.

Jaweed Al Ghusseini, the fund's director, told reporters before the inauguration ceremony that the fund's 1989 fiscal year budget totalled \$274 million.

He said the fund would "reflect positively on the economic co-operation between Jordan and the PLO, although the PLO's budget constitutes a small part of the Jordanian economy."

PLO officials here have said the move of the fund was part of the organisation's effort to help Jordan overcome financial difficulties.

Ghousseini said new location would "further help us to channel our money to Palestinians in the Israeli-occupied territories and in the meantime would help boost economic development in Jordan."

Ghousseini did not elaborate, but he said the money would be deposited with several commercial banks and financial institutions in Jordan.

Arafat, who flew in from Iraq yesterday, discussed the Lebanese war and prospects for an Arab-Israeli peace settlement with King Hussein, Prime Minister Zeid Bin Shaker and other top aides to the King.

The PLO leader said that more talks were scheduled for today with Jordanian Foreign Ministry officials.

Bethlehem Mayor Elias Freij said today he has filed a complaint with Israeli authorities over the alleged killing of a Palestinian in the pilgrimage centre by security officers disguised as tourists.

Freij said in a telephone interview that "this is a very serious incident, and I think the government is required to give an explanation."

A Palestinian activist who discussed an Israeli peace plan with Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir said today any future talks must be through the PLO.

West Bank lawyer Jamil Tarifi, a supporter of Arafat's Fatah group, confirmed last month that he had met Shamir. Other activists denied Palestinian reports of similar meetings.

Asked if he would meet Shamir again, Tarifi, 42, told Reuters: "No. I did not have anything to talk with him about and I think if he really wants to talk about the peace, he knows very well the address. He can go to the PLO and talk with them."

A top aide to Arafat said in remarks published today in Kuwait that Palestinians would be willing to negotiate economic ties with Israel once it agreed to the establishment of a Palestinian state.

"All matters are negotiable after the right of the Palestinians to set up a state is approved," Bassam Abu Sharif was quoted as saying by Kuwait's Al Anbaa newspaper.

"For example... the Palestinians want a passageway between the West Bank and the Gaza Strip," said Abu Sharif.

Eight Palestinians expelled by Israel for their alleged role in the uprising in the occupied territories said today they planned to appeal to the International Court of Justice at the Hague.



Ayoub shouts a message across a gully into Syria.

Shouting the message across

Druze on the Golan kept apart

MAJDAL SHAMS, Israeli-annexed Golan Heights, Aug. 21. (CSM): Many families discuss their affairs and local news around the dinner table. But when Samih Ayoub wants to talk to his uncle, he goes to a hill at the edge of the village, cups his hands, and yells out across a gully.

Lined with mines, the small ravine marks the border between Israel and Syria. The clear mountain air stays quiet enough to relay the greetings of relatives. Yet lurking in the hills is a constant sense of danger of all-out war between the two intractable enemies. Caught between them are people like Ayoub, one of some 16,500 Druze residents of the Golan Heights.

Israel annexed the territory seven years ago, after capturing it from Syria in the Six-Day War in June 1967. The local Druze, born Syrian, whose relatives live in a suburb of Damascus, were suddenly given the option of taking Israeli citizenship.

"It's not easy," explains Jamil Shofi, a farmer and restaurant proprietor. "The Israelis say, 'Why don't you just take the citizenship?' But what happens if the Golan goes back to Syria one day? Then where will we be?"

For almost 1,000 years, the Druze have been guided by such pragmatism. While they speak Arabic as a native language, their

religion is an insular offshoot from Islam, separating them from their mostly Muslim neighbours throughout the Middle East.

So almost all Golan Druze have chosen to remain stateless. Many say that they are under occupation no less than the Palestinians who have been rebelling against Israeli rule in the West Bank and Gaza for more than a year.

"It's natural that you want to be part of where you were born," Shofi says. When then-prime minister Menachem Begin annexed the Golan, the Druze responded with a strike that kept schools and businesses closed for several months. Hundreds spent time in Israeli jails for pro-Syrian activities.

Yusef Abu Jabal and his father both spent 12 years in prison as members of a resistance movement. After they were freed in a prisoner exchange, his father went to Syria, joined by his mother and two sisters. The "shouting hill" is their only means of contact.

"Most of the families are split," Abu Jabal says. He comes to the hill with his family when he has time. Holding a megaphone, his wife, Amaza, yells down to a man tending a small field in the valley and asks for her uncle. When relatives want to meet, they pass the message via the farmer.

"Such a situation can't continue forever. All the people are looking for a political

solution," Abu Jabal says.

Not many Israelis agree with him. "It would be a catastrophe for Israel to give up the Golan Heights," says Clery Lishansky, a resident of Israel's northernmost town, Metula, nestled between southern Lebanon and Syria. "We have more room, more security, by having the Golan under our occupation. I don't think it would be safe for me if they gave it back."

Before 1967, Syrian gunners entrenched in the hills used to attack the Jewish settlements below. But the Golan Druze don't accept that occupation of the heights is the answer to Israel's security needs.

"If the Israelis really believe in peace, there is no need to be afraid," says Ayoub, who also served time in prison for his Syrian nationalist activity. According to him, only a comprehensive peace agreement that finds a solution to the Palestinian problem can provide the ultimate guarantee for Israel.

The shouts from hill to hill will continue to mock the blocked border between two warring nation states. Just as families will always find ways to talk to each other, Shofi is bedrock sure about what shifting political claims won't change.

"No matter what happens, this is where we stay," he says. "I was born here. This is where I will live all my life. This is my land."

NEWS IN BRIEF

Libya to restore ties

ABU DHABI, Aug. 21. (KUNA): Libyan leader Muammar Khaddafi will announce the resumption of diplomatic relations with Egypt in his political speech marking the 20th anniversary of the Libyan revolution.

All Ithihad newspaper, published here today, quoted an Egyptian official in Cairo as saying that the concerned authorities had received information that Khaddafi will make the announcement on the Sept 1 during the celebrations of the country's revolution which brought him to power in 1969.

The Libyan leader is expected to visit Egypt following the resumption of relations, the paper quoted the source as saying.

Jail turned library

NICOSIA, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Tehran's 19th century Qasr prison is to be shut down and turned into Iran's largest library, Iranian television said today.

It said outgoing Prime Minister Mir-Hossein Mousavi ordered the prison in central Tehran to be handed over to the National Library Organisation. The library is planned to contain 40 million books, it said.

The television did not say what would happen to the hundreds of prisoners now held in the jail, many on drug-related charges.

Heroin seized

LAGOS, Nigeria, Aug. 21. (AP): Police seized 61 kilograms of heroin and were questioning two employees of EgyptAir in connection with the biggest drug seizure yet at Lagos' international airport, Nigerian newspapers reported yesterday.

The newspapers said the two employees, both Nigerians, were identified as G. Adamu, whose first name was not available, and Nurudeen Lawal. The Lagos Concord said Adamu was Egypt Air's Lagos airport manager and Lawal the air traffic clerk.

Israeli visit

WARSAW, Aug. 21. (Reuters): An Israeli minister arrived in Warsaw yesterday, the first such visit in 22 years.

Religious Affairs Minister Zevulun Hammer was expected to have talks with Roman Catholic officials about the presence of a Carmelite Convent at the former Nazi death camp at Auschwitz, in southwest Poland, which has angered many Jews.

The Israeli government expressed disgust at an attack at Auschwitz last month by Polish workers on seven American Jews, who were protesting against the presence of the convent on the site regarded by Jews as a unique shrine to the Holocaust.

Tanker hits wreck

DUBAI, Aug. 21. (Reuters): An oil tanker has hit a Gulf war wreck, posing a pollution threat to sea and beaches near the United Arab Emirates city of Dubai, shipping sources said today.

They said the 37,514-tonne Liberian-registered tanker Gulf Current hit the wreck of the Mare, which was damaged during the Iran-Iraq war and sank last year under tow eight miles (15 km) off Dubai.

There were no reports of any injuries and it was not immediately clear when the collision occurred.

Iran to release

NICOSIA, Cyprus, Aug. 21. (AP): Iran will release today six Somalis captured while fighting with Iraq in the 8-year Gulf war, the official Islamic Republic News Agency reported.

IRNA, monitored in Nicosia, quoted a newspaper as reporting the six men from the East African nation will be released for humanitarian reasons.

The "mercenaries," as the daily Jomhuri Islami described them, will be turned over to the International Committee of the Red Cross at Tehran's Mehrabad airport for repatriation.

Project test

ATLANTA, Aug. 21. (AP): If pines can make it in this dry region of the United States, they'll make it anywhere, say the architects of an experiment to grow hybrid trees in the Negev desert of Israel.

Using seeds for "super pines" developed in the US southeast by Atlanta-based Georgia-Pacific Corp., scientists are waiting to see if such trees will thrive in the dry, unfriendly climate of the desert in a project they say could boost the fight against world hunger and global warming.

If the trees, to be helped along with irrigation, take root in the desert climate, there will be potential for advancing the capability to grow food in other non-productive regions of the world, said Stuart Paskow, spokesman for the Jewish National Fund, which conducts agricultural research in Israel.

Sudan expels

KHARTOUM, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Sudan has quietly expelled an Irish nurse working for the Dublin-based Charity Concern, Western diplomatic sources said today.

They said Brigid Quirk was served with an expulsion order last week and left on Saturday. Another concern worker, logistics officer Mark Cunningham, was informally asked by security authorities to leave the country, the sources added.

Lawyer arrested

TUNIS, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Tunisian lawyers demanded today the immediate release of a colleague, Radhia Nasraoui, arrested in connection with statements she made in court when defending a political activist.

The Tunisian Barriers Association said in a statement that Nasraoui's arrest on Saturday 48 hours after the defense of her client in court was "an intolerable infringement of the rights of the defence."

Stop singing, women ordered

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM, Aug. 21. (AP): A group of Jewish women fighting for greater freedom of worship at Judaism's holiest site, the Western Wall, suffered a setback today when the supreme court ruled they could not sing at the wall.

The court issued a temporary injunction ordering the "women of the wall" to follow the rules of the ultra-orthodox rabbis who oversee religious activity at the site.

The rabbis banned the group of 110 women from singing and had them dragged by ushers from the wall, prompting the women's appeal to the high court.

Earlier, the rabbis blocked them from reading the Jewish holy book, the Torah, or from wearing prayer shawls during their services.

A suit filed by the women in May asks the supreme court to uphold their prayer rights, including the wearing of shawls and use of the Torah. A final ruling in the case is expected before year's end.

Peace with Sudan junta unlikely, say rebels

ADDISABABA, Ethiopia, Aug. 21. (AP): Peace talks between Sudan's new military junta and Sudanese rebels broke off after an acrimonious two days with the two sides agreeing only on the need for further talks, a rebel source said today.

"It means a continuation of the war," said the rebel, a member of the Sudan People's Liberation Army delegation to the talks. "Unless they change their policies, I don't think we can work together."

The talks, which began on Saturday night and ended last evening, were the first between the Sudan People's Liberation Army and Sudan's new government of Lt. Gen. Omar Hassan Al Bashir, who seized power in a coup June 30.

In a brief statement after the

meeting broke up, the delegations described the talks as "frank and serious" and said the two parties had agreed to meet again at an as yet undetermined date.

Sudan's new leader, took control of the huge, impoverished North African nation saying one of his first priorities was to find a peaceful solution to the civil war.

However, the rebel source said the talks resulted in a stalemate with the government side refusing to consider any of the rebels' standing demands—a lifting of the state of emergency, abrogation of military pacts with Egypt and Libya and the suspension of Sudan's Islamic penal code.

The rebels also refused to consider the government's requests, which included a ceasefire and halting its negative propaganda.

Iran calls Iraq to opt for peace, frees six Somali prisoners

MANAMA, Aug. 21. (UPI): A government-supervised Iranian newspaper called today on Iraq to opt for peace in the region on the first anniversary of the UN brokered ceasefire in the Gulf war.

The appeal followed an earlier appeal from UN Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar to both sides in the eight-year-long Iran-Iraq conflict to sign a comprehensive peace treaty.

Also today, Iran freed six Somali prisoners of war it said had fought on the side of Iraq, and handed them as a "humanitarian gesture" to the

International Committee of the Red Cross at Tehran International airport, Tehran Radio reported.

The state-run radio did not say where the Somalis would be taken after leaving Tehran.

In a related development, Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati told Iranian diplomats gathered in Iran today that Iraq must remove its troops from Iranian soil before stalled peace talks between the two nations could resume.

Velayati called on Iraq to implement UN

Resolution 598, which calls for an immediate withdrawal of all troops to pre-war borders.

He added that Iran was willing to "execute the resolution without preconditions," according to Iran's official IRNA news agency.

The London-based Arab daily Ashraq Al Awsat meanwhile reported today that just one year after the suspension in fighting, the economies of the Gulf states had noted positive economic developments.

But Ashraq Al Awsat said the absence of a permanent peace between Iran and Iraq was

hindering complete economic revival. IRNA reported.

As an example, it said real estate prices in United Arab Emirates, which lies opposite Iran in the southern Gulf, had shot up four times since last year's ceasefire.

The Arab daily also noted boosts in real estate prices in Bahrain, and increased stock exchange activity in various Gulf states.

It said countries such as Kuwait were now ploughing more of their cash into domestic concerns rather than in foreign ventures.

Habibi named Iran's first VP

ATHENS, Aug. 21. (Agencies):

Iranian President Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani named two of his vice-presidents today, as reports from Tehran suggested the pragmatist group of clerics were moving swiftly to curb the power of the hardliners.

Tehran Radio said Rafsanjani appointed Hassan Habibi his first vice-president, and Atollah Mahajarani vice-president for the legal and parliamentary affairs.

The appointments came against a background of an intensified power struggle between Rafsanjani, heading a pragmatist group of clerics, and hardliners led by Hojatoleslam Ali Akbar Mohtashemi, the former interior minister.

The power struggle intensified after the hostage crisis in Lebanon erupted afresh in the wake of the murder July 31 of American hostage Lt. Col. William Higgins.

Rafsanjani announced days later that he was willing to help solve the hostage crisis, urging Washington not to launch military attacks on the bases of pro-Iranian Shiite groups holding the hostages. He has since moved to follow up on the offer.

The hardliners, who helped set up and finance the Lebanese Hezbollah, believed to be holding most of the Western hostages, do not want the captives released, preferring instead that they be used as bargaining chips to pressure the West.

The Tehran newspaper Abrar, owned by the hardline clerics, said today that the "Western hostages in Lebanon could be used by Muslims in their struggle against foreign intervention in their country."

The official Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) quoted Abrar as saying there was "a link between the Lebanese crisis and the hostage issue now more than ever" before.

The latest political manoeuvres in Tehran indicated that Rafsanjani, assisted by spiritual leader Ayatollah Ali Khamenei, a pragmatist ally, was moving swiftly to wrest power from the hands of the hardliners, regional analysts said.

The appointment of two vice-presidents in Tehran today came two days after Rafsanjani submitted a 22-member cabinet list to the Majlis or parliament, dropping Mohtashemi from the post of interior minister.

An Iranian newspaper linked to the pragmatist group reported that another hardliner may be on his way out of a position of considerable power and influence.

The English-language Tehran Times said Khamenei was preparing to fire Hojatoleslam Mohammad Musavi Khoeyni, the prosecutor general, replacing him with Hojatoleslam Mohammad Reyschahi.

Khoeyni, the cleric-memor to the young fundamentalists who seized the US embassy in Tehran in November 1979, holding 52 Americans hostage for 444 days, is a member of the hardline Militant Clergymen's Association (MCA) led by Mohtashemi.

The MCA made an important gain last week when one of its leading members, Hojatoleslam Mehdi Karubi, was elected Majlis Speaker, an influential post which Rafsanjani relinquished a day earlier after holding it for nine years.

Karubi's election as speaker brought the Majlis more directly under the control of the hardliners, because the MCA controls the young radical deputies who dominate the parliament.

But the removal of hardliners from the Interior Ministry and the office of prosecutor general meant they would lose control of gunmen who have propped up the rule of the clerics in Iran for the past ten years, the analysts said.

Both the interior minister and the prosecutor general were in command of powerful groups of Revolutionary Guards, the gunmen who play an important role in internal security.

EVENTS



Inter-hotel bowling tournament

Kuwait Darwish Dairies sponsored the first Inter-hotel Bowling Tournament held at the Kuwait International Hotel. Five of the major hotels competed. Kuwait International Hotel, Meridien Hotel, Holiday Inn Hotel, SAS Hotel and Messilah Beach Hotel. Competition was hard and the standard high, with supporters from each hotel cheering their sides. The eventual winners were the Kuwait International Hotel, runners-up the Meridien Hotel, and in third place SAS Hotel. The prizes were presented by Simon the general manager of the Kuwait International Hotel on behalf of KDD.



Employee of the Month

Kuwait Sheraton Hotel recently awarded Nour Alam and Saad Basaloun with the Employee of the Month awards for their efficiency at work. This ongoing Sheraton programme recognises employees for their outstanding services, efforts and dedication to duty which makes Sheraton the leading hotel in Kuwait. Picture shows Johan Weinzell, resident manager, Nour Alam from Food and Beverage Department and Fawzi Kanso, Food and Beverage manager.

CINEMA TODAY

Al Andalus
Red Scorpion
Al Salmiya
Arabic Film
Al Hamra
Arabic Film
Drive-In
Arabic Film
Al Firdous
Jaani Dushman
Fahadeel Open-air
Aap Ke Deewane

Al Fahadeel
Arabic film
Al Jahra
Abidisi Desh
Granada
Isabella
Al Sulabikhat
Cocktail
Al Jleeb
Jantrana
Ahmadi Drive-In
Arabic film

WHAT'S ON

ARTS

Kuwait Science Museum
OPEN Sat - Wed, 8 - 9 pm only. Natural history exhibits from in and around Kuwait, including blue whale. Closed on Thursdays and Fridays.

Islamic Arts Museum
SAT - Thurs: 9 am to 12 noon; 4 to 7 pm; Fridays: 9 am to 12 noon. Collection of Islamic art, ceramics, carpets and marine equipment.

Tareq Rajab Museum
SAT - Thurs: 9 am to 12 noon; 4 to 7 pm; Fridays: 9 am to 12 noon. Collection of Islamic art, costumes and jewellery from the Muslim world.

Sadu House
SAT - Thurs: 9 am to 12 noon; 4 to 7 pm. Exhibits include bedouin handicrafts — rugs, saddle bags, cushions and textiles. Closed on Friday.

SOCIAL

Kapilka contest

AUGUST 25: Kapilka will hold the Little Mr and Ms Philippines. Kuwait contest at Showbiz Pizzi place, Salmiya. This coincides with Araw ng Mga Bata (Children's Day). For details contact Jojo Medrano, AVP, welfare and special projects, VCP Rosafe Austria or VP Sarah Macarimbang — Tel: 483447.

Kalpak exhibition

SEPT 15: Women's wing of Kerala Art and Literature Promoting Association of Kuwait (Kalpak) will hold an exhibition of arts and handicrafts at the Indian embassy hall from 3 pm to 8 pm. Those interested to show their own creation, please contact on telephone Nos: 5632708/4316737/5626620.

Breeze '89

OCT 26: Tivim Centre's — Breeze '89 is going to hit the floors of Ramada Al Salam hotel, New Ballroom at a social evening organised in commemoration of village festival. Top Rank and Stepping Stones will provide scintillating music. Lots of surprises await. For fur-

ther information pls contact the organisers, Casimir or Mario on Tel. No. 2441860/67 after 3.30 pm.

Fiesta Filipiniana

UNDER the auspices of the Philippine embassy here in Kuwait, the Filipino Cultural Club, under the competent leadership of Buddy Patungan, proudly announces to its clamouring fans the comeback of "Fiesta Filipiniana '89" with the original cast at its original venue — where else, but at the spacious elegantly-lit Al Jahra Ballroom of the Meridien Hotel. Play day is set on Friday Sept 8, 1989, 4 to 7 pm.

For more particulars and ticket reservations, contact Florence — 2436121 or 2439451.

Colva Nite

OCT 19: Annual Colva Nite at New Ball Room of Ramada Al Salam Hotel. Top Ranks in attendance. For details contact tel: 2413884/2434776/562914-1/4310913 after 5 pm.

Star Nite

DEC 21: Star Nite at Ramada Salam "Al Dira" with Perfect Strangers music. Children entry KD.3/- from 2-1/2 years to 12 years. Others KD.4/- with sumptuous buffet. Fabulous hamper prizes and variety social entertainment under 555 sponsorship. For reservations contact tel. (res) 5331940 or 2413706 pm only.

Flasik's contest

FINAL preparations are now under way for the ultimate singing contest in Kuwait held for the Filipino population in this Gulf state. Flaskik president Grace Fe N. Covarrubias announced that auditions are held at the Far East Restaurant on Fridays, August 18 and 25 and 11 am and 4 pm and on Sundays August 13, 20 and 27 at 5 pm. Participants are encouraged to bring their music tapes.

Last Friday's auditions yielded a bevy of song lovers who will vie for valuable prizes during the contest slated for Friday September 1, at 4 pm, at the Meridien Hotel.

For more particulars, kindly contact the following Flaskik officers: Chary Nepomuceno Tel. 5624509, Rose Formantes: 4843601, Malon Tadana: 4881358, Esther Madamba:

New head for BBC Arabic service

SAM YOUNGER is the new head of the BBC Arabic Service, succeeding Bob Jobbins who has been appointed editor, World Service News. The Arabic Service is the largest of the BBC's language services, broadcasting to the Middle East, North Africa and the Gulf for 63 hours a week.

Younger has close connections with the Middle East. He worked as Assistant Editor of the Middle East International monthly magazine for six years, before joining the BBC External Services as a talks writer in 1978, specialising in Middle Eastern and US affairs. He has worked for the World Service Current Affairs department in a variety of posts, most recently as head, and was assistant head of the Arabic service from 1986-87.

"I am delighted to be rejoining the service, which is currently going through a period of significant change," he says. "I look forward to playing my part in developing it further and making sure it retains and enhances its status as the leading international broadcaster in Arabic."

Sam Younger, 37, is a Londoner. He was educated at Westminster School and at



Sam Younger

New College, Oxford, where he read philosophy, politics and economics. His interests include sport and choral singing and taking care of his three-year-old son.

● All entries for the What's On column can be sent by telex (22332) to Events Section or hand delivered daily, except Thursday, from 12 noon to 4 pm, at the Arab Times Office in Shuwaikh. Photographs will also be considered for publication. Phoned-in entries will not be accepted.

5312700 ext 4221. Marilyn Inductivo: 3940600 ext. 2230 & 4521 and other Flaskik officers or the event vice-chairman Al Castro of Martin Marietta Data Systems.

D'Assisi Association

OCTOBER 6: Ninth annual Thanksgiving mass will be held at the Holy Family Cathedral at 8 am followed by a get-together after mass. All D'Assisi ex-students along with their families and friends are invited. For more details contact: 2444379 or 2469811.

Konkani drama

NOVEMBER 2, 3: The new GOA presents M. Boyer's "Chintan Zallim Sopan" at the IAC (Funaiies). Cast includes the Charlie Chaplin of Goa "Jacinto Vaz" along with Remy Colaco, Seby Coutinho, Betty Naz and others. For tickets contact Canary Video (Sharq) or Video Club (near GPO).

Italian food festival

EVERY evening upto August 24 at the Ramada's El-Bandar Coffee shop, enjoy our cuisine where you can taste the biggest selection of Italian food such as: Ravioli alla stuffed with Spanish, Cannelloni with Ploaesa sauce, Tagliatelli with shrimps, and Zuppa Pavese famous soup.

HOTELS

At the SAS hotel
ALGHAZEER: SAS hotel's very own handicrafted show. Available for half day or whole day trip along the Gulf coastline. Food, beverages and fishing tackle provided on board. For booking, call 5657000 ext 416.

AL BOOM: Dine on charcoal grilled foods and finish off with della coffee. Open for dinner daily, lunch every Thursdays and Friday and for reservation call 5657000 ext 403 or 532.

PEACOCK ROOM: Chinese specialties served in a very cozy atmosphere. Open for lunch and dinner. For reservation, call 5657000 ext 403 or 532.

EEDAM: Wide varieties of delectable home-made goodies, freshly baked items to choose from. Eedam daily specials also available.

CLOCK: Only drive-in restaurant in Kuwait. Serves wide

selections of fast food including our very own specialties.

At the Kuwait International LA PALMA: Presents a culinary trip around the world featuring authentic Chinese, Indian, Mexican, African, Italian, British, German/Austrian, Turkish and Arabic dishes. Theme nights on Saturdays and Tuesdays. Ext 8166.

Falaka: Rooftop restaurant overlooking Kuwait's picturesque coastline. Offers international cuisine and elegant surroundings. Live entertainment during dinner. Closed on Friday, Ext 8012.

Garden Pool: Relax and enjoy our poolside barbeque event every Friday afternoon.

La Palisserie: Offers an extensive selection of pastries, exotic fresh bread, savouries, exotic juices and ice creams. Also serves Continental breakfast. Pianist in the evenings.

At the Kuwait Plaza hotel
SPECIAL breakfast: Al-Dallah coffee shop features the breakfast you like most. Full buffet of all kind of delicious dishes to be savoured by you. Eat as much as you can and whatever dish you fancy for only KD.995 only.

Special lunch and dinner: Also at Al Dallah coffee shop the buffet for lunch and dinner full of varieties of continental, oriental and Arabic food with Plaza special touch plus delectable sweets and fruits of the season. All these and more for only KD2.995.

Roman nights: The Italian restaurant in the heart of Kuwait takes you to the heart of Rome. Enjoy our exotic Italian specialties and our wide variety of Italian dishes with the music of our resident duo Stan and Alice.

At the Messilah Beach
AL MUBARAKIAH: The only 24-hour restaurant in Kuwait, offers a full spectrum of local and Continental specialties with daily buffet for breakfast, lunch and dinner plus a la carte menu.

Al Jawharah Super Night Club: Live entertainment by the resident "Rainbow" band with extensive a la carte menu on Wednesdays and special buffet on Thursdays.

Al Berdoweb beach garden restaurant open daily Sunday-Friday offering a variety of suc-

International motorsport in the Middle East resumes after a long break with the BP 2000 Trophy, Jordan on Sept 14, 15. Top drivers from the Gulf states and Jordan are expected to contest this, the second round of the 1989 Marlboro Desert Challenge.

Organised by the RAC, Jordan it will feature a prologue on Thursday to be followed by a testing 150 km of twisting desert stages on Friday. The all conquering Marlboro Mitsubishi team will again field three long-wheel-base Pajeros. These drivers Abbas Al Mosawi (Qatar), Mamdouh Khayat (Saudi Arabia) and Tareq Al Wazzan (Kuwait) currently hold the top three slots in the series, following the BP 2000 Trophy in Oman.

Among the local crews expected to take part are two of King Hussein's sons, Prince Abdulla a former national champion and his younger brother Prince Faisal. Ex-Lebanese champion Michel Saleh will also take part in his Range Rover fitted with a powerful 4.2 engine. Three times Middle East champion Mohammed Bin Sulayman (UAE) is also expected to take part.

"Jordan will require a completely different driving technique to that required for the soft sand conditions in the Gulf," said Abbas Al Mosawi, winner of the 1988 Marlboro Desert Challenge.

The 4x4 series which caters

1989 Marlboro Desert Challenge

Top drivers to challenge Qatari dominance



Tareq Al Wazzan

for both modified and standard vehicle groups allows crews to count their best three out of four results. Currently, only two points separate the leader in Group 1 Al Mosawi from his Saudi rival Khayat who won the Group A Middle East title in 1985.

"The challenge is still wide open," predicted the Saudi ace

Khayat.

In Group 2 Qatari veteran Jaber Al Marri who tops the drivers table in his Nissan Pathfinder also faces a real challenge from the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Experienced Riyadh based Mohammed Al Malki will debut his new V6 Mitsubishi Pajero in Jordan, in the familiar red-and-white colours of Marlboro. The win-

ner in this group will as his prize, receive an all expenses paid trip to a top European rally school.

The next round of the BP 2000 Trophy, Qatar on Oct 5, 6, will present crews with demanding soft sand conditions. Due to the central geographic location of Qatar in the Gulf, this event is expected to attract the largest entry in the series.

NIGHT CHEMIST

Kuwait

Al Hafith Pharmacy

Salah Al Deen Street, Wajif

Souq

Al Hakeem Pharmacy

Sharq, Jaber Al Mubarak

Street, Property of Al Motawa

Nugra and Hawalli

Al Sabah Pharmacy

Nugra, Al Othman Street, Al

Kord Square

Salmiya and Rumailiya

Sahari Pharmacy

Salem Al Mubarak Street,

Property of Fahad Al Zoben

Fahadeel and Almadadi

Burqan Pharmacy

Fahadeel Al Sabah Market,

Property of Fahad Al Zoben

Jleeb Al Shoyoukh

Palestine Pharmacy

Main Street, Property of

Munira Obaid Al Rajhi

Jahra

Al Zahra Pharmacy

The New Commercial

Market



Leaving for good

Baby Thomas, a well-known figure among Malayalee community in Kuwait is leaving for good, after 25 years service in Kuwait, to his home town in Kerala. A farewell party was arranged by his wellwishers and friends on Aug 11 at John's residence in Hawalli.

The meeting was arranged in a homely atmosphere and main guests were, Verghese Gee (First Secy, Indian Embassy), George Tharakan (Assistant Manager, Air India) and M.C. Bose (Economic Editor, Arab Times).

The meeting started with Jayan Pattath's introductory speech praising Baby Thomas's contributions in the field of culture, charity and towards the artistic activities in Kuwait. Verghese Gee, George Tharakan, M.C. Bose and Augustin Alanolkal made felicitation speeches. In reply, Baby Thomas thanked John and family and the rest for the honours showered on him. The popular stage artist, Miss Sherry John expressed vote of thanks.

TELEVISION PROGRAMMES

KTV 1

9.00 Opening and Holy Quran
9.15 Sabah Al Khair News and Variety
9.30 Cartoons
10.00 Magazine D'Actualite
10.15 Asr Al Hob: Daily Arabic Serial (Part 4)
11.00 Sabah Al Khair News and Variety
11.15 Naseeb: Daily local serial (Part 12)
12.05 Sabah Al Khair News and Variety
12.15 Hikayat Maa Al Nojoom: Variety programme with guest artist Mohammed Abdul Wahab

1.00 News Summary
1.05 World today via Satellite
1.30 Sport Billy: Cartoon serial

2.15 Al Hijra Ila Al Watan: Daily Arabic serial (Part 2)

3.15 Mawqif Wa Khotab: Religious programme

3.35 Al Teneen Al Sagheer: Cartoon serial

4.00 Telephone: Arabic feature, starring Hatem Tho El Fiqar

6.00 Variety

6.30 Night Chemists, Airlines and Official announcement

7.00 Hikayat Al Asamai: Historical serial

7.55 Nadwat Al Osboob: Local programme

9.00 News in Arabic

9.45 Ana Oh Inta Wa Baba FAl Mishmish: Daily Arabic serial (Part 1), starring, Hassan

Abdeen, Fardos Abdul Hameed and Mahmoud Al Jondl.

10.35 Hassan Wa Mareeka: Arabic feature film, starring Ismael

Yaseen, Maha Sabri and Abdul Salam



A scene from Captain Power on KTV2 at 6.30 pm today.

12.15 News Summary
12.20 The World Today via Satellite
12.45 Holy Quran and Closedown

KTV 2

6.00 Opening and Holy Quran
6.10 Amigo and the friends: cartoon serial
6.30 Captain Power, Dread issues his orders to eradicate Captain Power and his soldiers. But unexpected help came to rescue Power and his men.

7.00 Gone Fishing: New Zealand salmon. A look at the world's most popular recreational sport. Types of fish, where to find it, how to get there.

7.30 The New Adventures of Beans Baxter: "Bean's unpleasant introduction to modern science. Where Beans is involved in operating a newly developed Robot for protecting

VIPs.
8.00 News in English
8.30 A Different World Horizon: "After Chernobyl." The effects and marks as a result of Chernobyl disaster.

10.00 Hooperman: "In Search Of Bijoux." Hooperman while searching for his lost dog, he succeeds in tracing evidences for unsolved mystery.

10.30 LA Law: "I am in the Nude for Love." The people protest against an adjacent settlement for the nude. Victor stands against two parents who plan to put an end to their unconscious daughter.

11.30 News in Brief

11.45 Magazine D'Actualite and Closedown

PRAYERS

Fajr 3.56 am

Zuhr 11.51

Asr 3.26 pm

Maghreb 6.21

Isha 7.43

BUSINESS & FINANCE

Asian Energy Institute launched in Delhi

NEW DELHI, Aug 21. (Agencies): The Asian Energy Institute (AEI) was formally launched here Friday to promote and co-ordinate research on energy in eleven countries of the region.

In inaugurating the institute, K.R. Narayanan, State Minister for Science and Technology, said there was an urgent need for such an agency because the entire region was short of energy.

He said there were high hopes that the new institute would eventually become "a model for the rest of the world". It would initially act as "the

hub of a network of the energy institutions in the region" and identify energy efficient technologies and work on their transfer to countries within the region.

According to Dr R.K. Panchuri, director of Tata Energy Institute, the AEI would facilitate the flow of information on different aspects of production, consumption and conservation of energy.

At a later meeting, the head of the Iranian Institute for Political and International Studies, Dr Ali Shams Ardekani, was elected president of the institution. Office-bearers appointed

included Saswadi Sasmojo of Indonesia (vice president), Preeti Malhotra of the Tata Energy Institute of India (secretary) and Dr Ikhtiyar Omar of Bangladesh (treasurer).

The meeting also discussed the world energy situation and its effects on international markets, especially in Asia, inter-regional natural gas trade, the environmental impact on urban transportation, economy, power plants and the joint training and dissemination to the public of energy issues.

In launching the institute, Asian countries are expected to co-operate in

the energy sector on the lines of the Paris-based International Energy Agency (IEA), which determines the energy issues of European Economic Community (EEC) member states.

Iran first floated the idea for the institute at the Asian commemorative conference, which was held here in October 1987.

AEI comprises two OPEC member countries Indonesia and Iran together with China, Japan, South Korea, the Philippines, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Pakistan, Jordan and India.

In another development Iran and

Japan have failed to reach agreement on ending Japanese participation in the Iran Japan Petrochemical Company (IUPC), and Tokyo has increased oil purchases from Iran's OPEC competitors Iraq and Kuwait, an oil industry newsletter said today.

The National Iranian Oil Company (NIOC) and Mitsui of Japan have again failed to reach agreement on ending Japanese participation in IUPC, the joint venture between Iran Chemical Development Company, a consortium of Japanese companies headed by Mitsui and the NIOC subsidiary, the

National Petroleum Company (NPC), said the Nicosia, Cyprus-based Middle East Economic survey (MEES).

MEES said IUPC owns the unfinished petrochemical complex at Bandar Khomeini on Iran's Gulf coast, on which work was halted at the time of the Iranian revolution in 1979.

The installations were extensively damaged by Iraqi air attacks during the Gulf war, and Mitsui has announced it regards the project as a write-off, and would like to arrange a "friendly separation" from its Iranian partner.

GDP set for higher growth

RIYADH, Aug 21. (OPECNA): Saudi Arabian gross domestic product (GDP) and private sector growth is expected to reach 8.1 per cent by the end of next year, according to a Planning Ministry report released here.

It says the non-oil sector alone was in line to achieve growth of 4.3 per cent by the end of 1990, which marks the end of the kingdom's fourth five-year development plan.

The first two years of the current plan saw negative growth of 14.8 per cent and 6.3 per cent respectively, with the kingdom's oil production falling to its lowest level of two million BPD in 1985 as part of a policy to defend oil prices.

However, after the price collapse in 1986, "things started to improve" as OPEC returned to a fixed pricing system which brought "a degree of stability" to the market. Support also began to materialise from some non-OPEC producers.

The kingdom's non-petroleum exports last year fetched \$534 million, double the amount received in 1987, while the number of Saudi private companies grew 4.6 per cent to 7,000, representing combined capital of 18.7 billion.

The report stresses that these companies, assisted by the Saudi Centre for the Promotion of Exports, which was set up two years ago by the private sector, are the main contributors to the kingdom's export drive.

Of the country's exports last year, 35 per cent went to Gulf states, 15 per cent to other Arab countries and 12 per cent to other Islamic states.

Experts at the Saudi Arabian Oil Company (ARAMCO) have developed a new technique for cleaning sand out of the bottom of oil wells.

The new method, now being used at offshore wells in the northern area of the kingdom, has proved more economic and quicker to complete than previous techniques.

According to Roger Busby, general supervisor of the company's area production engineering division, a well can now be cleaned in only two days, as opposed to six days under the old method.

Meanwhile, a team of experts from the World Bank has praised Saudi Arabia's industrial infrastructure, especially in adapting to variation in power voltages.

Egypt to lease luxury hotel

CAIRO, Aug 21. (Reuters): Egypt has agreed to lease a luxury hotel in the ancient city of Luxor to a company in its latest move to privatise many of its state-run hotels, the British company said today.

British hotel chain Wena Hotels said in a press release it had signed a 20-year lease for the Luxor Hotel with the state-owned Egyptian Hotels Company.

The hotel, built at the turn of the century at the side of Luxor Temple, will be renovated and reopened in October 1989 as the Luxor Wena Hotel.

Egypt is leasing many state-run hotels to foreign companies as part of an overall move to cut back its public sector. It relies heavily on tourism as a major source of foreign exchange earnings.

EXCHANGE RATE

Indian rupee	18.080
Sri Lankan rupee	8.360
Pakistani rupee	14.340
Bangladesh taka	9.200
US dollar	299.75
Pound sterling	469.25
Deutsche mark	0.8165
Japanese yen	0.02102

Plans to phase out N-power

Minister voices concern

STOCKHOLM, Aug 21. (OPECNA): Proposals by Sweden's ruling Social Democrats to phase out nuclear power by 1996 have split the party, placing the Nordic country's premier and finance minister at loggerheads.

Removal of two of the country's 12 nuclear plants is planned for 1996 with the remainder scheduled for decommissioning by 2010. Nuclear power accounts for around half of all Sweden's electricity needs, according to Reuters news agency.

However, in a recent report published by the so-called "90s group," Finance Minister Kjell-Olof Feldt voiced grave concern over the cost to industry of scrapping the nuclear option.

"A number of energy intensive companies could find themselves in great difficulties with expected increases in electricity prices, and the result could be to increase unemployment problems," the report points out.

Premier Ingvar Carlsson stressed the plans to decommission nuclear plants had been at the heart of Social Democratic policy for more than a decade, "to state anything new would be very unfortunate."

The necessary mandate for the ruling party's policy was won in 1980 when a referendum voted to dismantle the country's nuclear reactors within 30 years.

The country has no obvious substitute for nuclear power with the other half of the nation's power requirements supplied from hydroelectric dams. In addition, Stockholm has insisted that rivers should remain in their natural state and that natural gas should be piped from Norway and (via Finland) from the Soviet Union.

US devising energy strategy

Higher demand spurs increased oil imports

NEW YORK, Aug 21. (OPECNA): Strong demand for crude oil and petroleum products, coupled with lower domestic production, prompted the United States to import more than half its oil needs last month — the first time since 1977, according to the American Petroleum Institute (API) yesterday.

And industry experts here say that relying on foreign oil for half of the country's needs will soon be the norm.

"It's only a question of how soon we get there, not whether we get there," maintained John Lichtblau, president of the Petroleum Industry Research Foundation, adding "we will have to live with a high level of imports."

He said imports, now at 7.8 million BPD, were about a million BPD lower than in 1977. Other fuels had been substituted for oil in the intervening 12 years.

Last month, domestic deliveries of petroleum products were just under 17 million BPD, up 1.7 per cent from a year ago, while imports amounted to 8.6 million BPD, an increase of 17.9 per cent. Domestic crude oil output amounted to 7.5 million BPD, down 7.1 per cent from July 1988.

In January this year, oil imports exceeded domestic production, but did not reach 50 per cent of the deliveries because of stock withdrawals during that month.

Oil imports had now gone past the 50 per cent mark, partly because production in Alaska had peaked, with only the state supplying a quarter of the country's crude oil output.

Production in the lower 48 states, which was largely governed by the price of oil, had fallen by more than 20 per cent since the 1986 oil price collapse.

Another reason cited by API for the shift was that oil companies were building their inventories slightly faster than usual.

Lichtblau said while the percentage of oil demand met by imports was rising, the amount quoted by the institute was a "gross figure," and did not take into account American exports of oil products and crude oil.

The US exported lubricating oils and asphalt to a number of countries and made some crude oil deliveries to Canada. Taking this into account, he said, the US net import dependency in the first seven months of the year was 41 per cent.

The Department of Energy is now devising a "national energy strategy." To what extent this will stimulate domestic oil production is not yet clear, but it would probably require opening environmentally-sensitive areas to production, including the Arctic national wildlife refuge in Alaska and offshore areas on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, in addition to further tax incentives to drillers at a time of budget stringency.

Economy grew by 2.4pc

MEXICO CITY, Aug 21. (UPI): The Mexican economy, led by the electric power and manufacturing sectors, grew by 2.4 per cent during the first half of the year as compared with the same period of 1988, the Planning and Budget Ministry said.

In a report issued today, the ministry's National Institute of Statistics, Geography and Information said that the nation's gross domestic product registered a growth of 2.4 per cent during the January-June period.

During the second quarter of the year, the economy grew 2.9 per cent compared with 1.8 per cent in the first quarter, the report said.

The report said the highest growth during the second quarter was registered by the electric power sector with 8.4 per cent, followed by manufacturing, 7.4 per cent, and communications and transport, 6 per cent.

The mining industry recorded a drop of 3.6 per cent during April-June, the report said. Agriculture, livestock and fishing sectors reported a drop of 2 per cent during the same period.

The government put an abrupt end to contract negotiations at Mexico's largest copper mines, declaring the Cananea Mining Co. bankrupt and dispatching soldiers to guard the premises.

A bankruptcy judge today declared Cananea, about 40 kilometres (25 miles) south of the US border, insolvent after management said it could not meet expenses, much less give in to the union's demands.

The union had been demanding a 60 per cent hike in the base salary, a shorter work week, longer vacations and an extensive package of benefits that Cananea said would have amounted to a 330 per cent raise for each miner.

Cananea's 3,000 workers had threatened to strike on Aug 28 if the contract negotiations were not resolved. Negotiations began June 24.

The National Development Agency that owns Cananea, Nafinsa, said that soldiers "intervened" to take care of hazardous materials, including 70 tons of dynamite, stored on mine premises.

World demand for OPEC crude to rise

Kuwait to hunt oil in Yemens

ABU DHABI, Aug 21. (Agencies): Kuwait is one of four countries selected to explore oil in the Maareb and Shebwa areas of North and South Yemen, it has been reported here.

Partners in the first phase of the project, which includes an aerial geophysical survey for determining the presence of minerals in both regions, will come from France, the United States and the Soviet Union.

The general assembly of the Yemeni Company for Oil and Mineral Investments, which represents both countries, will work with the foreign companies in formulating a geological map of both states.

According to South Yemen Deputy Premier and Energy and Minerals Minister Saleh Abu Bakr Hasnani, the company's board of directors should have completed negotiations with all partners within one month, after which exploration of the 2,200 sq. km area would begin.

Meanwhile, demand for OPEC oil will rise to 22-23 million barrels per day (BPD) by 1992, if the group maintains a prudent pricing policy, the Middle East Economic Survey

(MEES) quoted a senior Iraqi oil official as saying.

MEES said Sabri Kadhim, head of Iraq's state oil marketing organisation, told an energy conference in Caracas, world oil demand would grow from 49.4 million BPD in 1988 to an estimated 52.4 to 53.3 million in 1992, depending on the price.

This would translate into non-OPEC supply of between 29.65 million BPD at a higher average oil price and 28.85 million at a lower price leaving OPEC with a range of 20.9 to 22.6 million.

Kadhim did not specify what the high and low price limits were. He said OPEC should continue to set a production ceiling both compatible with realistic demand on the group's oil and which supported its target price of \$18 per barrel.

... OPEC must monitor its pricing policies so as to consolidate its recent gains and slow down the development of other energy sources," MEES quoted Kadhim as telling the meeting of the International Association of Energy Economists.

He summarised OPEC's goals as follows:

Price cuts planned

Iraq still subsidises basic goods

BAGHDAD, Iraq, Aug 21. (AP): The government is to cut prices of state-produced goods as well as items sold through its stores, a business weekly reported today.

Al-Ittihad, organ of the General Federation of Chambers of Commerce and Industry said that President Saddam Hussein's office ordered all state-run industrial and commercial enterprises as well as mixed-sector firms to reduce profits by 5 per cent, from 25 to 20 per cent, from January 1990.

The weekly said the price cuts will affect both locally produced and imported goods of all kinds.

The heavier profit margin on imported goods will be cut to 25 per cent for some items, it added.

Public sector manufacturers had been making substantial profits on sales in the past two years after the government permitted them to hike prices so that subsidies would no longer be needed.

The government still subsidises basic goods such as flour and cooking oil to the tune of 230 million dinars (\$736 million) a year.

The government in June froze prices of items produced or sold by state-run enterprises and also raised state employees' salaries by 25 dinars (\$80) a month.

The pay hikes for more than 2 million civil servants, Army and police officers will cost the

government an estimated 600 million dinars (\$1.8 billion) a year. State employees are also allowed to shop at special government-run stores with cheaper prices.

The average civil servant's salary is 150 dinars (\$480) a month.

Private sector businessmen also were asked to freeze prices for an unspecified period in accordance with government efforts to curb soaring prices of goods and services.

A colour television produced by a state manufacturer now sells officially for around 250 dinars (\$800), up from 200 (\$640) one year ago. An air-cooler that sold for 70 dinars (\$224) a year ago now costs 85 (\$272).

But shortages mean that both items sell on the black market for more than double those prices.

Meanwhile, the Ministry of Transport and Communications today commissions eight new jetties at the southern Khour Alzobair port for the export of petrochemicals and oil products, the Iraqi News Agency reported.

Built at a cost of 87 million Iraqi dinars (\$250 million) the project features five multi-tonnage jeties for export of petrochemicals and a plant for processing fertilisers and phosphates.

Oil earnings to reach \$8b this year

Lagos, Aug 21. (OPECNA): Nigeria is set to earn around \$8 billion from crude oil exports this year, according to the managing director of Shell Petroleum (Nigeria), B.A. Laver.

Speaking at a seminar on world energy and the Nigerian oil industry here, he said it was quite possible for the country to earn this amount, which was \$2.3 billion more than the 1988 total, because of renewed oil price stability over the past seven months.

He pointed out that Nigeria was currently producing about 1.7 million BPD, with around 300,000 BPD being refined and stored in the country's strategic reserve. Production from shell (Nigeria) stood at 800,000 BPD.

Nigerian Minister of Petroleum Resources Alhaji Riwan Lukman explained that the country's policy of producing above its assigned OPEC quota of 1.428 million BPD and building up the country's reserves, was to ensure that it did not experience petroleum shortages again.

Meanwhile, Nigeria and Brunei have signed an agreement covering bilateral technical and educational co-operation, following a visit to the country by Nigerian External Affairs Minister Ike Nwachukwu.

The result has been an economic boom that has brought the big benefits of full employment and government budget surpluses. But there also have been immigration pressures, high-rise buildings, traffic jams and strained water supplies.

Native islanders, who aren't sure they like this transformation from rural idyll, clash with the newcomers who want credit for improving the islands' living standards.

"Jersey has to manage the success so you actually don't kill the golden goose," said Martin Dryden, managing director of Gartmore Fund Managers International Ltd.

Jersey, with an area of 39 square miles (101 square kilometres) has seen its popula-

Jersey and Guernsey battling problems of success

ST. HELIER, Jersey, Aug 21. (AP): The tiny Channel Islands of Jersey and Guernsey, bustling offshore financial centres, are battling the problems of success.

With booming financial-services industries and low taxes attracting both job-seekers and the wealthy, the islands have introduced draconian rules to cut immigration to a trickle.

Jersey allows just five new millionaire residents into the tax haven each year — a January 1987 law trimmed the number from 15 — and has what it claims are the world's only price controls on housing sales.

"The fear in all our minds is that we will become another Monte Carlo," says Anne Perchard, a Jersey dairy farmer.

The islands' growing number

of high-quality financial institutions provide a place for individuals and companies to legally shelter their money from their own countries' taxes and to make more money on high-yielding investments.

Income and corporate tax rates are 20 per cent, and there are no sales, inheritance or capital gains taxes.

Attractions are the English language, political stability, British time zone, proximity to the continent and freedom from European Economic Community regulations.

The islands generally follow British financial regulations, and an absence of bank-secrecy acts has helped them avoid the unsavory reputations of other tax havens.

The result has been an economic boom that has brought the big benefits of full employment and government budget surpluses. But there also have been immigration pressures, high-rise buildings, traffic jams and strained water supplies.

Native islanders, who aren't sure they like this transformation from rural idyll, clash with the newcomers who want credit for improving the islands' living standards.

"Jersey has to manage the success so you actually don't kill the golden goose," said Martin Dryden, managing director of Gartmore Fund Managers International Ltd.

Jersey, with an area of 39 square miles (101 square kilometres) has seen its popula-

tion jump to 82,000 from 60,000 in 1961. The population of 25-square-mile (65-square-kilometre) Guernsey has gone to 60,000 from 54,000 in 1976.

There are hopes — or fears — of more prosperity.

The islands, which are dependencies of the British crown but not members of the European Economic Community, are positioned to turn into "offshore Europe" from "offshore Britain" when the 12-nation EEC becomes a single market in 1992.

"We see it as being a position of opportunity," says Colin Powell, Jersey's leading civil servant.

The Channel Islands, which also include the smaller, still rural Alderney, Herm and Sark,

are in the English Channel some 22 miles (35 kilometres) off France's Normandy coast.

Once part of the duchy of Normandy, the islands retained their allegiance to the king of England when Normandy was freed of English rule in 1204.

Although some Patis and other French influences survive, most people speak English, grey stone cottages have names like Hillesea View, and gardening is taken seriously.

Bailiffs appointed by Queen Elizabeth II preside over locally elected parliaments. There are no political parties.

During World War II, the Channel Islands were the only British soil occupied by the Nazis, for five long years.

The financial services industries here began in the '60s. Today, with hundreds of banks and insurance companies and more than 1,000 investment funds, they dominate the economies.

Jersey says its finance sector overtook tourism in 1986 and accounted for 40 per cent of gross national product in 1987, compared with 20 per cent in 1975.

The island's GNP doubled in the six years to 1987, while Guernsey's has grown an average of 8.5 per cent annually during the past three years.

To stem the population growth, Jersey now requires companies to obtain permission to increase staff. New companies need licences.

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

ARAB TIMES, TUESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1989

LONDON (Alpha Stocks)

NAME	LAST	404.0
ABBAY NAT	148.0	
ADT LTD	195.0	
ALD LYONS	541.0	
AMSTRAD	73.0	
ARGYLL GP	241.0	
ASDA GP	198.5	
BAA	351.0	
BTR	472.0	
BARCLAYS	830.0	
BASS	519.0	
BEAZER	127.0	
BELFORD	178.0	
BET ORD	158.0	
BICC PLC	312.0	
BLUE ARW	533.0	
BLUE CIRC	113.0	
BOC GP	264.0	
BOOTS CO	533.0	
BPB INDS	296.0	
BR COMM	255.0	
BR AIRWAY	181.0	
BR AEROSP	195.5	
BR GAS RG	70.0	
BR LAND	386.0	
B.P.	294.0	
BR STEEL	76.4	
BR TELCOM	262.0	
BURTON	156.0	
CABLEWIR	658.0	
CADBURYS	257.0	
CALOR GRP	570.0	
CLINTON COM	404.0	
CLINTON R	439.0	
COOKSON	865.0	
COURTAULD	373.0	
DALGETY	383.0	
DIXONS	416.0	
ENG CHINA	165.0	
ENTER OIL	165.0	
FKI BARCK	575.0	
FERRANTI	126.0	
FISONS	78.5	
GATEWAY	357.0	
GEN ACCID	237.0	
GEN ELEC	1010.0	
GLAXO	275.0	
GRANADA	523.0	
GLOBE	372.0	
GLYNED	197.5	
GNK	311.0	
GUINNESS	467.0	
HMMERS A	591.0	
HANSON	802.0	
HANSON WT	232.0	
HARRIS C	55.0	
HUKER SID	169.0	
HILLSDOWN	766.0	
INCHCAPE	309.0	
JAGUAR	291.0	
KINGFISHER	404.0	
LADROCK	336.0	
LAND SECS	325.0	
LAPORTE	588.0	
LASMO	510.0	
LEGAL+GEN	509.0	
LLOYDS BK	351.0	
LONRHO	398.0	
LUCAS IND	295.0	
MAGNET	707.0	
MAGNET AS	219.0	
MAXWELL C	189.0	
ME GROUP	215.0	
MECCA LEI	167.0	
NEXT	135.0	
NTH FOODS	354.0	
P & O DFD	684.0	
PEARL	528.0	
PEARSON	288.0	
PILKINGTON	258.0	
PILSEY	265.0	
RACAL ELC	217.0	
RACAL TEL	357.0	
RANK HVS	456.0	
RANK ORG	925.0	
RANKIT+CO	275.0	
REDLAND	476.0	
REED	566.0	
RMC GRP	763.0	
REUTERS	967.0	
RTZ CORP	549.0	
ROLLS ROY	185.0	
ROTHMAN B	660.0	
ROYAL INS	435.0	
SAATCHI	323.0	
SAINSBURY	86.0	
SEARS	129.0	
SEDEWICK	261.0	
SHELL	435.0	
STIEBE	528.0	
SLOUGH ES	389.0	
SMITH IND	309.0	
SMITH+NEPH	145.0	
STD.CHART	55.0	
STC	361.0	
STOREHSE	135.0	
SUN ALLIA	315.0	
SUN LIFE	294.0	
TARNAC	298.0	
TATE+LYLE	298.0	
TYR WOOD	290.0	
TYL GROUP	482.0	
TRAF HSE	415.0	
TSB	111.0	
T+N	59.74	
TRUSTEE	336.0	
ULTRAMAR	331.0	
UNILEVER	652.0	
UTD NUSPR	517.0	
WELLCOM	730.0	
WINTRO IN	369.0	
WILLIAMS	63.50	
WILLIS FB	220.0	
WIMPEY GE	271.0	

LONDON (Beta Stocks)

NAME	CLOSE	OPEN
2ND ALLCE	034.0	032.0
600 GROUP	133.0	134.0
A.AMER TS	500.0	501.0
A.B.ELECT	398.0	400.0
A.S.W.HLD	281.0	281.0
AAB KENT	151.0	151.0
AAH HLD	407.0	406.0
AARONSON	92.0	92.0
ADDISON	38.5	37.5
ADVEST	204.0	205.0
ALEX WRM	227.0	229.0
ALEXON	409.0	413.0
ALCO COLL	172.0	174.0
ALD IR B	165.0	166.0
ALD PART	75.4	76.0
ALD TEXT	383.0	385.0
ALLIANCE	169.0	168.0
AMBER DAY	66.4	66.4
AMEC	478.0	479.0
AMER TST	171.2	172.4
AMERSHAM	456.0	459.0
AMT HLTHC	418.0	417.0
ANGLIA SC	153.0	155.0
ANGLIA TV	303.0	302.0
ANGLO O'S	297.0	297.0
ANSBACHER	75.0	76.0
APPLEYARD	164.0	165.0
APV PLC	142.0	142.0
ASHLEY LA	97.0	96.0
ATWOODS	490.0	493.0
AUST REED	403.0	405.0
AUTO SECS	291.0	291.0
AVESCO	143.0	143.0
AVIS EUR	573.0	570.0
AVON RUBB	504.0	502.0
B. VENNILL	280.0	281.0
BARBOCK	66.4	66.0
BAILL JAP	607.0	608.0
BAILL SHI	104.0	104.0
BAIRD (W)	240.0	241.0
BALITIC	163.0	164.0
BANK IRE	238.0	237.0
BANKER IT	99.4	99.0
BARDON GP	203.0	203.0
BART DRY	179.0	179.0
BAYNES C	35.0	35.0
BBA GROUP	219.0	219.0
BEAR BRND	11.6	11.6
BEATTIE J	142.0	142.0
BELHAVEN	53.0	54.0
BELLWAY	194.0	195.0
BENROSE	244.0	243.0
BENLOX HD	58.0	58.0
BERKELEY	191.0	192.0
BHH GROUP	143.0	143.0
BK OF SCO	109.0	109.0
BLCK LE 2	9.0	9.0
BLN GROUP	529.0	528.0
BNETT +F	96.0	97.0
BODDINGTON	182.0	181.0

World Indices

INDEX	LATEST	1/PREV-DAYS/2	PREV-OR	PREV-YR
FT 30 ORD	1969.0	1979.0	1979.0	1455.3
FT 500 SHR	333.57	334.40	26.39	1008.8
FT ALL SHR	204.17	204.75	1198.30	1074.15
FT GOV SEC	87.60	87.54	87.58	87.30
FT GOV MNC	202.00	204.00	203.80	161.9
FT NINES F	705.71	714.69	718.54	653.25
FT OIL	2172.9	2183.9	2188.1	1978.9
FT WLD DLR	152.26	151.40	151.75	141.17
FT WLD STG	144.20	144.02	143.30	123.81
FT WLD LOC	145.86	145.68	144.99	129.77

London Stock Market Report

U.K. STOCKS EASE FROM HIGHS AS WALL STREET FALTERS
DRIFTED DOWN FROM THE DAY'S HIGHS, REFLECTING RENEWED WEAKNESS ON WALL STREET AFTER THAT MARKET RECOVERED FROM EARLY MODEST DECLINES.

WEIGHTY GAINS AMONG SELECTED FTSE CONSTITUENTS TENDED TO MASK AN OVERALL SOFTER TONE AHEAD OF U.K. BALANCE OF PAYMENTS FIGURES DUE ON WEDNESDAY. WELLCOME ROSE ANOTHER 54P TO 727 ON FURTHER CONSIDERATION OF A RECENT U.S. STUDY INTO ITS RETROVIR ANTI-AIDS DRUG, DEALERS SAID.

BY 1537 GMT THE FTSE INDEX WAS 1.0 POINT UP AT 2,376.1 AFTER A HIGH OF 2,383.8, ON A TURNOVER OF 303.1 MLN SHARES.

EARLIER NEWS OF A SURPRISE 0.4 PCT FALL IN SECOND QUARTER OUTPUT-BASED U.K. GDP, THE FIRST FALL SINCE 1985, REINFORCED RECENT INDICATIONS OF A SLOWDOWN IN DOMESTIC ECONOMIC GROWTH AND ADDED WEIGHT TO CONCERN OVER A SQUEEZE ON CORPORATE PROFITS IN THE SECOND HALF OF THIS YEAR, DEALERS SAID.

MIDLAND BANK WAS 11P HIGHER AT 373 ON A TURNOVER OF 4.8 MLN SHARES AMONG HIGHER BANK STOCKS.

DEALERS SAID THE MIDLAND ACTIVITY REFLECTED WEEKEND PRESS SPECULATION THAT HONG KONG AND SHANGHAI BANK, WHICH HOLDS A 14.9 PCT STAKE AND ANNOUNCES HALF YEAR FIGURES TOMORROW, MAY RAISE ITS HOLDING OR MAKE A BID FOR THE BRITISH CLEARING BANK.

London Gold

LONDON, AUG 21, REUTER - GOLD BULLION CLOSED FRACTIONALLY HIGHER IN SUBDUED TRADING WITHIN A NARROW RANGE.

GOLD ENDED IN LONDON AT 366.25/366.75 DLSR AN OUNCE, UP 25 CENTS FROM FRIDAY, AND AT THE HIGH OF THE DAY'S RANGE OF ONLY ONE DOLLAR.

DEALERS SAID THAT OTHER THAN A FLURRY OF ORDERS LOOSED AT THE AFTERNOON FIX, GOLD DRIFTED QUIETLY UP FROM OPENING LOWS. THERE WAS A GENERAL LACK OF DIRECTION FROM THE CURRENCY MARKETS, WHERE THE DOLLAR WAS STAGNANT.

GOLD HAD OPENED AT 365.40/365.70 DLSR, THEN FIXED THIS MORNING AT 365.50 DLSR, AND 365.90 DLSR IN THE AFTERNOON.

London Money Market

LONDON, AUGUST 21, REUTER - ENTHUSIASM WAS NOTICEABLY ABSENT FROM THE BRITISH MONEY MARKET, WITH RATES SHOWING LITTLE MOVEMENT FROM FRIDAY'S CLOSING LEVELS, DEALERS SAID.

"IT'S BEEN A NON-EXISTENT DAY - TOTAL PEACE," SAID ONE DEALER. CHANCES OF A NEAR-TERM CUT IN BASE RATES APPEAR SLIM, WHILE A RISE FROM 14 PCT RATE IS REGARDED AS POLITICALLY SUICIDAL BECAUSE OF THE IMPLICATIONS FOR HIGHER MORTGAGE RATES. THE DEALER SAID, "YOU DON'T WANT TO SELL THE MARKET BUT THEN YOU CAN'T FIND ANY VALUE IN IT TO BUY IT."

THE KEY THREE MONTH INTERBANK RATE CLOSED UNCHANGED AT 13-13/16 25/32 PCT.

Foreign Exchange

DLR	STG	DMK	FFR	OPN
DLR	1.5710/14	1.9595/05	6.6090/20	NOON
STG	1.5695/5705	3.0785/0820	10.3765/3910	NOON
DMK	1.9581/9661	3.073/087	29.575/735	FIX
FFR	6.6100/6220	10.3765/3945	336.877/7.51	FIX
SFR	1.6908/6918	2.6520/6553	86.16/25	NOON
NFL	2.2125	3.674/23	112.735	NOON
EQJ	1.05932	2.07732	7.00366	CLSE
SDR	1.24864	0.797229	2.46668	CLSE
YEN	142.80/90	224.05/36		NOON
SDR RATE	18/08/1989	OTHERS	21/08/1989	

BOY SHOP	470.0	473.0	HALMA	181.0	181.0	REYNES	255.0	256.1
BOOKER	470.0	469.0	HAMMERSON	853.0	856.0	RCHMD O&G	66.0	67.1
BOOT HENR	503.0	503.0	HANZHE L	63.0	63.0	RECHAN EV	665.0	660.0
BOUSTED	66.0	66.0	HATHWOOD	262.0	263.0	REFUGEE GP	519.0	520.0
BR ARROW	130.0	131.0	HEATH(CE)	466.0	467.0	REGADON	107.0	107.1
BR ASSETS	84.6	84.4	HELENE PL	33.4	33.4	REGWICST	69.0	69.1
BR DREGDI	162.0	161.0	HELICAL B	349.0	349.0	REINSTR	105.0	105.1
BR VITA	287.0	288.0	HEPHORTH	299.0	299.0	RENTKIL	382.0	385.0
BRENT CHE	155.0	155.0	HESTAIR	232.0	232.0	ROBINSON	45.0	45.1
BRENT WKR	392.0	392.0	HEYWOOD W	286.0	286.0	ROCKFORT	89.0	89.1
BRIDON	198.0	198.0	HICKSM IN	271.0	271.0	ROSEHAUGH	692.0	692.1
BRITAIN SE	183.0	183.0	HIGGS HIL	337.0	335.0	ROTOSCHLD	220.0	221.0
BRITANNIC	480.0	482.0	HMSO CTY	44.0	44.0	ROTOKR	179.0	180.0
BRIXTON E	245.0	245.0	HNRDZ GP	212.0	213.0	RUGBY GRP	196.0	197.0
BRN & JAC	43.0	42.4	HNTR SPHR	163.0	163.0	RUTLAND T	39.0	39.0
BROWN SHI	345.0	345.0	HOLMES PK	84.0	84.0	SAGA GRP	297.0	297.0
BRYANT GP	98.0	99.0	HOMDEN GP	160.0	161.0	SALE TLNY	218.0	218.0
BSG INTL	78.4	78.4	HOPKINSON	74.0	75.0	SALVESSEN	156.0	156.0
BUDGENS	117.0	118.0	HRDY.OBGS	149.0	150.0	SAVILLE G	66.0	65.4
BULLOUGH	144.0	144.0	HTY GROUP	113.0	113.0	SAVOY "AA"	880.0	880.0
BULMER HP	184.0	188.0	ICE.F2.FO	371.0	371.0	SCOT I.T.	169.0	170.0
CAIRO GRP	542.0	543.0	IMC.DV	15.0	15.0	SCOT MORT	143.0	143.0
CALENDONIA	394.0	395.0	INDDPT W	15.0	15.0	SCOT.AM.I	121.0	121.0
CAMB ELEC	203.0	203.0	INMO PLC	34.4	34.4	SCOT.E.I.T	186.4	187.0
CAMFORD E	285.0	285.0	INT.BU.CO	148.0	148.0	SCOT NAT C	68.0	68.0
CANNING W	285.0	282.0	INT.CITY	51.0	51.0	SCOT NAT	94.0	94.0
CANNON ST	230.0	230.0	JHNSNGFR	58.4	59.0	SEC INT	18.4	19.0
CAP.RADIO	885.0	887.0	JSX HLOGS	166.0	165.0	SECS TST	79.4	71.0
CARADON	344.0	344.0	KALAMAZOO	31.4	31.4	SELCTV 1P	15.4	15.4
CATTLE HD	70.0	70.0	KALON GRP	38.0	38.0	SENA GRP	363.0	363.0
CAULDON	11.4	11.4	KELT ENGY	54.0	54.0	SHANDWICK	144.0	145.0
CAUL ITV	818.0	818.0	KETSON	16.0	16.0	SHANKMCC	530.0	525.0
CHARTERHA	22.0	22.0	KLURT CHR	162.2	162.0	SHERATON	84.0	84.0
CHLORIDE	38.0	39.0	KLURT O'S	177.4	179.0	SHEN INV	249.0	249.0
CHRISTIES	329.0	330.0	KLURT SML	192.0	192.0	SHEN ENG	411.0	412.0
CI GROUP	49.0	49.0	KLVK SAVE	546.0	546.0	SINGERFRG	76.0	76.0
CLAYFORD	300.0	302.0	KLVK-FIT	114.0	114.0	SON.O&AS	189.0	188.0
CNTRL SEC	56.4	57.0	LAING 'A'	300.0	301.0	SPRG NAR	111.0	111.0
CNTRY OIL	146.0	147.0	LAING ORD	310.0	310.0	SPRX-SARC	245.0	245.0
COALITE	475.0	475.0	LAING PRP	524.0	525.0	ST.ANDREW	245.0	245.0
COATES BR	268.0	265.0	LAIRD GRP	260.0	260.0	ST.MOONEN	40.4	40.4
COLOROLL	147.0	148.0	LAWRENCE W	129.0	129.0	STAKIS	113.0	114.0
CONNELLS	195.0	195.0	LDN & MET	170.0	170.0	STEETLEY	437.0	436.0
COOPER F	172.0	172.0	LDN ATLAN	80.0	80.0	STHND PR	223.0	222.0
COUSTAIN	326.0	327.0	LDN INTL	246.0	248.0	STODDARD	40.0	39.0
COURTS FR	183.0	185.0	LDN LUTL	55.0	55.0	STORGILMAR	18.0	18.0
COURTIS (T)	129.0	129.0	LDNEDIN	150.0	151.0	STURGE HD	263.0	260.0
CRH	215.0	215.0	LEISURE I	64.0	64.0	T.I.P. EU	177.0	176.0
CRODA INT	225.0	226.0	LEG GROUP	173.0	173.0	T.TEES TV	468.0	
CRYSTALAT	88.0	89.0	LFE SERVC	376.0	363.0	TELEMETRX	46.0	46.0
CTRY PROP	203.0	203.0	LIFE SCIE	88.0	88.0	TEMPLE BA	274.0	272.0
DARES EST	32.2	32.2	LILLEY	68.0	69.0	THAMES TV	564.0	563.0
DAVIS GED	180.0	181.0	LIT	114.0	113.0	THORNS	144.0	144.0
DAVY CORP	265.0	264.0	LLOYD TST	220.0	220.0	THROXTON	85.0	86.0
DAWSON GP	127.0	127.0	LOGICA	342.0	342.0	TIE RACK	74.0	77.0
DELTA GRP	361.0	362.0	LOWELL HD	272.0	271.0	TILBURY	640.0	632.0
DEVENISH	340.0	342.0	LOW (WH)	328.0	325.0	TIE PROD	188.0	188.0
DEWINTER	41.4	41.0	LOW&BOWNER	207.0	208.0	TIPKOCK	500.0	500.0
DIPLOMA	196.0	197.0	LOWNDES	21.4	21.4	TOKMINS F	279.0	279.0
DOBSON PK	99.4	100.0	M&G GROUP	354.0	354.0	TOOTAL	125.4	126.0
DOPMAS GR	387.0	387.0	M.C.PACIF	247.0	248.0	TOZER K&M	124.4	124.4
DOUGLIMING	77.0	77.0	M.L.HDGS	145.0	146.0	TRITON	191.0	191.0
DOVAT GRP	285.0	286.0	MACARTHY	279.0	278.0	TR PACIFIC	86.0	86.0
DRAYTON FE	463.0	463.0	MACFARLANEE	262.0	263.0	TR PROPTY	62.0	62.0
DRAYTON C	565.0	565.0	MAI	104.0	103.0	TR TRSTEE	165.4	165.4
DRG	559.0	561.0	MAJEDIE	261.0	261.0	TRIMCO	35.4	35.4
DUKEMISTR	71.0	71.0	MARLEY	150.0	150.0	TRIPLEK	170.0	172.0
DUNDEE LD	321.0	321.0	MATTHEWS	69.0	69.0	TRITON ER	196.0	195.0
DUNHILL	399.0	400.0	MAUNDERS	95.0	95.0	TRSPRT DV	281.0	281.0
EAGLE TST	17.4	18.0	MECKECHNE	337.0	337.0	TSB C I	187.0	
EDIN I.T	217.0	216.4	MEKEC	216.0	215.0	TURRIFF	392.0	
EDMOND HD	38.4	38.4	MENZIES	388.0	387.0	TV SV HLD	88.4	87.0
ELECTRA	334.0	334.0	MERCH. TST	199.0	200.0	TVS ENTER	269.0	272.0
ELECTROCOM	214.0	215.0	MERLIN IN	69.0	69.0	TYNDALL	108.0	
ENAP	259.0	260.0	METAL CLS	170.0	170.0	U-BORLAND	96.0	95.0
EMESS	130.0	131.0	METALRAX	95.0	95.0	U-BRD ST	40.4	41.0
EMPIRE ST	177.0	176.0	MEYER INT	405.0	405.0	U-BROADWIL	244.0	245.0
ENG.INT.J	159.0	160.0	MIDSUMMER	225.0	226.0	U-CITYVSN	269.0	269.0
ETAN	217.0	218.0	MINT CHLY	94.0	94.0	U-CLIFF	65.0	66.0
EURO.HOME	176.0	175.0	MOLINS	216.0	220.0	U-DEANBRO	205.0	205.0
EUTROTHERM	360.0	360.0	MONKS IT	309.0	308.0	U-DEWEY W	120.0	120.0
EUTRNL UT	868.0	865.0	MORGAN CR	295.0	298.0	U-DURNHAM	55.0	54.0
EUTRNL WT	70.0	69.0	MORGAN GF	318.0	319.0	U-EXPLAIR	45.0	45.0
EVODE GRP	177.0	178.0	MORLAND	790.0	785.0	U-TRNMUOD	47.4	47.4
EX.CO.LOU	253.0	254.0	MOUNTLEIG	171.0	172.0	U-TUBULAR	21.4	
EXPAMET	215.0	214.0	MOULEM J	425.0	426.0	U-TV AN	215.0	214.0
F&C ENTER	35.2	35.0	MRRY INCM	234.4	237.0	U-UTC GRP	190.0	190.0
F&C PACIF	202.0	204.0	MRRY INTL	138.4	239.0	U-WMS LEI	23.4	23.0
F&C SMILLR	90.0	90.0	MS INTL	152.0	153.0	U-WYKO GP	94.0	94.0
FARNELL E	155.0	156.0	N.BRIT CA	419.0	419.0	UK PAPER	274.0	275.0
FED.HOUSN	139.0	140.0	NAT.TELCN	92.0	92.0	ULSTER TV	139.0	
FENNER JH	178.0	178.0	NEWMARTH	300.0	300.0	UNION DIS	545.0	548.0
FERGUSON	280.0	280.0	NORCROS	300.0	306.0	UNITICH	333.0	335.0
FINE ARTS	279.0	279.0	NORMAN C	36.6	35.0	UTD. INDUS	65.0	65.0
FINLAN GP	78.0	78.0	NORMANS	62.0	62.0	UTD. SCEN	139.0	139.0
FINLAY J	112.0	113.0	NORTHAMR	220.0	220.0	VALM INC	68.0	68.0
FITCH LOV	287.0	288.0	NORTHN OPK	159.0	160.0	VALUX GRP	334.0	334.0
FLM.H INC	179.0	179.0	NSH PLC	122.0	122.0	VERSON	39.0	39.0
FLM AMER	153.0	153.0	NURONSPCO	200.0	200.0	VE INSTMT	47.0	418.0
FLM F.E	261.0	261.0	O'SEAS IT	253.4	255.0	VICKERS	239.0	239.0
FLM JAPN	273.0	274.0	OCEAN TPT	356.0	355.0	VPI GROUP	110.0	110.0
FLM OSEA	210.0	211.0	OCEONICS	28.0	28.0	WADDINGTON	197.0	198.0
FLM TECH	205.0	206.0	OSSORY EST	22.2	22.0	WAGON HDG	364.0	363.0
FRNDLY HD	282.0	281.0	OWNERS AB	73.0	73.0	WARD HDS	83.0	84.0
FRUGRORE	538.0	537.0	OXFORD INS	276.0	277.0	WARDLE ST	342.0	343.0
GALLIFORD	94.4	96.0	P & O WTS	122.0	121.0	WATERFD U	73.0	73.0
GARDINER	59.0	59.0	P & P PLC	220.0	220.0	WATES CTY	197.0	196.0
GEEST	302.0	301.0	PACIFIC A	252.0	253.0	WATFD WG	73.0	73.0
GERRODND	263.0	260.0	PAGE (M)	57.0	57.0	WATTS B&B	375.0	375.0
GETSTETNER	281.0	281.0	PENTLAND	74.0	74.0	WCRS GRP	307.0	308.0
GOODS DOR	129.0	129.0	PENTOS PLC	115.0	114.0	WEIR GRP	317.0	318.0
GPG	28.0	27.0	PERGAMON	61.0	60.0	WEMBLEY	120.0	120.0
GRAMPH HD	221.0	221.0	PERRY GRP	210.0	210.0	WESTBURY	223.0	223.0
GREEN KNG	525.0	523.0	PERKINSON	151.0	151.0	WESTLAND	142.0	142.0
GREENEY U	359.0	359.0	PHENIX	88.0	88.0	WHEAFY	138.0	138.0
GREYCOAT	542.0	541.0	PHICKWICK	232.0	232.0	WHITCROFT	322.0	322.0
GRMP TV A	68.0	67.0	PORTER CH	108.0	108.0	WILSON BOW	215.0	215.0
GRT PTNLND	335.0	335.0	PRESTON	130.0	130.0	WILSON CON	152.0	151.0
GUINNESS HA	146.0	146.0	PREST B	28.0	28.0	WILSELEY	305.0	306.0
GUINSS HA	575.0	600.0	PREST NA	535.0	495.0	WOLFE	476.0	477.0
GUYTDR ORIE	432.0	432.0	PROFSECUR	203.0	203.0	WPP GRP	608.0	755.0
GVTT STRA	301.0	301.0	PROUDFOOT	281.0	282.0	YUT MOTOR	78.0	78.0
H&M.NIS	265.0	265.0	PROV FTNL	332.0	332.0	YALEVAAL	363.0	356.0
			RAIME IND	103.0	103.0	YORK CHEM	384.0	386.0
			RANSDNES	214.0		YOUNG (H)	112.0	113.0

Japan, world's richest nation

TOKYO, Aug. 21. (AP): Japan became the world's richest nation on paper in 1987, surpassing the United States for the first time with \$43.7 trillion in national assets, an economic newspaper said today.

The value of Japan's assets in 1987 jumped sharply from \$28.3 trillion worth of assets in 1986, said the Nihon Keizai Shimbun newspaper, quoting figures from the US Federal Reserve Board and Japan's Economic Planning Agency. In 1985, Japan's assets were \$19.6 trillion, lagging \$11 trillion behind those of the

US, the paper said.

According to US Federal Reserve Board figures, the United States had some \$30.6 trillion in assets at the end of 1985, \$34.0 trillion worth in 1986 and \$36.2 trillion in 1987, the newspaper said.

The newspaper, Japan's leading economic daily, said the statistics at the end of 1987 were the latest available from the two countries.

National assets are the total value of financial assets such as stocks and deposits and insurance, and actual assets

such as production facilities, housing, land and inventories.

Officials of the economic planning agency said the statistics from Japan and the United States were issued separately toward the end of last year, but the agency did not make any specific comparison.

Contributing to the rise in Japan's assets were soaring stock and land prices, coupled with a nominal increase in the overall national assets due to the Japanese currency's appreciation against the

US dollar, the report said.

On a yen basis, Japan's national assets rose by 17.7 per cent in 1987 over the previous year, mainly because of rises in stock and land prices, while the yen's value against the US dollar rose 54.5 per cent in 1987. They rose from about 160 yen to the dollar to about 122 yen from end of 1986 to the end of 1987, the report said.

It said financial assets accounted for 53 per cent of Japan's total national assets, while the value of land made up 30.6 per cent.

Masaru Yoshitomi, chief of the Economic Planning Agency's Economic Research Institute, told the Nihon Keizai Shimbun that the scale of Japan's national assets "shows Japan has increased its position not only in industrial competitiveness, but also in a very important part of the national power of financing."

The government reported last year Japan had record net overseas assets of \$240.7 trillion in 1987, making it the world's largest creditor nation for the third year in a row.

UK BAT profits jump

LONDON, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Britain's BAT Industries today posted a 20-per cent rise in pre-tax profits for the first half of the year and urged shareholders to reject a takeover bid by financier Sir James Goldsmith.

The giant tobacco-based conglomerate, in a defence document against the takeover attempt, said Goldsmith and his partners in the offer, Jacob Rothschild of Britain and Kerry Packer of Australia, were out to get richer at the expense of BAT shareholders.

BAT reported pre-tax profits of £811 million (\$1.27 billion) in the first six months of 1989, up from 677 million (\$1.06 billion) in the same period last year.

Shares in the conglomerate, whose holdings include Brown and Williamson Tobacco in the United States, Benson and Hedges Tobacco in Britain and Los Angeles-based insurance firm Farmers Group Inc. rose 11 pence (17 cents) to £24.24 (\$12.94) each on the news.

Last month Goldsmith announced a £13.6 billion (\$21.4 billion) takeover bid, the largest ever made in Europe, for BAT through his Hovak Investment Company. The offer valued BAT shares at £8.50 (\$13.34) each.

Goldsmith stunned London financial markets by disclosing he intended to fund the offer through shares and interest-bearing securities which analysts have described as junk bonds because they rely on money borrowed at high interest rates.

He said he planned to sell off all but the core tobacco interests of BAT and he criticised the company's management for embarking on what he called a mistaken policy of diversification.

BAT chairman Patrick Sheehy described the Hovak offer as "highly unattractive." He said: "There is every reason to believe that the excellent performance of the 1980s in general, and of 1988/89 in particular, will continue in the years to come."

Sheehy said the Hovak offer consisted of a package of shares of dubious value and notes "which even they admit may be impossible to sell."

On Sunday BAT refused to hold talks with Hovak after an offer from Goldsmith to negotiate bid terms.

Rail traffic at standstill

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 21. (UPI): Swedish train drivers brought rail traffic almost to a standstill today in a wildcat strike that jammed highways into major cities and forced thousands of commuters to drive to work.

Swedish rail said only 10 per cent of the country's trains were in service today with management attempting to keep as many commuter trains running as possible.

National Road Service spokesmen said there were car queues stretching back "several kilometres (miles)" on entrance roads to most main cities.

Airport authorities said virtually all domestic flights were full with three times the regular number of people trying to book tickets.

The country's 3,300 train drivers were striking in order to press wage demands for an extra \$300 per month and to force the social democratic government to withdraw plans to increase the state-sector pensionable age from 60 to 65.

The Swedish state has recently retired 150,000 of its employees at 60 or 63 instead of the regular age of 65 to compensate for higher pensions in the private industry.

But the new plans, to take effect in 20 years time, would drop that privilege and increase pensions instead.

Swedish train drivers, who have had the right to retire at 60 since 1856, receive a maximum wage of \$1,700 per month and are demanding \$2,000 in wage negotiations that start Thursday (8-24).

Rafsanjani picks new team to run economy

DUBAI, Aug. 21. (Agencies): Iran's new President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani has gathered together a strong team of technocrats to treat the stricken economy.

Iranian and Western economists said parliament is likely to vote today for Rafsanjani's men for the economy portfolios when they debate his proposed cabinet list, probably next weekend.

"Most informed officials now realise that other than borrowing more from abroad and opening to the West, there is no other way to rebuild," a regional Iranian economist said.

With economic experts at his back, the new President could concentrate better on beating off a challenge from leaders who believe most economic cures for Iran go against Islam.

National budget chief Morteza Alviri last Saturday described the economy as "sick, dependant and bankrupt."

Rafsanjani showed his commitment to tackling the problem in his inauguration speech. "It is not right to safeguard the nation with the hungry, poor people marching forward to sacrifice their lives. It cannot go on like this," he said.

"He has gone for competence in the economic ministries rather than political affiliations," said an European diplomat.

The danger in the move is that Rafsanjani must rely even more on his personal power and prestige to swing parliament behind his policies, Western analysts said.

The advantage is that if his experts succeed in reviving industry and agriculture and

Iran repairs refinery

NICOSIA, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Iran has repaired more than 95 per cent of the damage caused by Iraqi air attacks on its biggest operating oil refinery, Iran's IRNA news agency said today.

It said the plant at Isfahan now produced 150,000 barrels per day (BPD) of kerosene and diesel fuel, 50,000 BPD of petrol, 15,000 BPD of liquefied gas and a large amount of fuel oil and tar.

The basic repairs to a distillation tower at the refinery was an unprecedented achievement for Iran's oil industry, said IRNA, monitored in Nicosia.

The Abadan refinery, once Iran's biggest with a capacity of more than 600,000 BPD, was devastated in the eight-year war which ended with a ceasefire exactly one year ago.

It began processing 130,000 BPD in April and officials said they planned to expand its capacity to 380,000 BPD.

Iran also has oil refineries in Tehran, Shiraz, Tabriz and Bakhtaran.

raising living standards, then popular support could swing rapidly behind Rafsanjani.

Representative of the new team is proposed Economics and Finance Minister Mohsen Nourbakhsh, an economics postgraduate from California University and a former central bank governor.

Iranian economists said Nourbakhsh, who is seen as governor because he opposed loose monetary control. This later proved to be a major technical factor in Iran's economic decline.

Abdolhossein Vebaji is set to take over the Commerce Ministry. He is from Iran's merchant class, which believe in free market forces to boost the economy.

Experienced Heavy Industry Vice-Minister Mohammad Hadi

War damage

Nejad-Hosseini is due to take over as chief in his ministry.

Mathematics and computer scientist Gholamreza Aqazadeh retains the Oil Ministry while Issa Kalantari, an agriculture postgraduate from Nebraska University, holds on to the vital farm sector portfolio.

The ministers for transport, telecommunications, and urban development are also all qualified men, the economists said.

Meanwhile, the official Islamic Republic News Agency reported yesterday that Iran's non-oil exports totalled \$306 million in the four-month period between March and July, a 25 per cent increase over the same period in 1988.

The Customs Office which released the figures in Tehran, said hand-woven carpets, pistachio nuts, pistachio kernels, and different types of hides, according to IRNA, monitored in Nicosia.

The agency said other non-oil exports included dried and fresh fruits, vegetables, copper bars, cathode and anode copper, and detergents, according to the Iranian Customs Office.

Iran's cement production will rise 2.5 million tons annually with the expansion of four factories over the next five years, according to a high-ranking official in the Industries Ministry.

Mohammad Dehnavi, director for non-metal mines, said a new plant in Orumieh, west Azarbaijan, with daily output capacity of 2,300 tons, would be completed next year. Currently, some 15 factories with total annual production of 12 million tons were operating throughout the country.

Limited power supplies, technical problems and foreign currency shortages, had resulted in the under-utilisation of these plants, which possessed total "real" capacity of around 17 million tons.

However, despite the difficulties, cement output had increased by some 70 per cent over the last two years.

Dehnavi pointed out that efforts were under way to establish a further 27 new factories with daily output capacities of 500 to 3,000 tons, which would boost overall annual production by 13.7 million tons to 33 million, sufficient to meet the country's domestic needs. Around \$800 million had been earmarked for their construction.

Plessey tells shareholders Reject GEC-Siemens bid

LONDON, Aug. 21. (Reuters): British electronics group Plessey today urged shareholders to reject a hostile Anglo-German takeover bid, saying the offer price was pegged too low.

But most share analysts felt Plessey Co PLC, a major defence contractor, was fighting a losing battle to avoid being swallowed up in the joint cash bid by the much bigger General Electric Co PLC of Britain and Siemens AG of West Germany.

Plessey said in a defence document issued to shareholders: "Siemens and GEC are trying to deprive you of the true value of your shares in Plessey. To maximise the value of your shares, reject this bid."

But, hinting it might still be open to a sweetened offer, Plessey said GEC and Siemens should bid a full and fair price.

Plessey managing director Stephen Walls told a news conference: "Shareholders can force GEC-Siemens to pay a higher price. They are very keen to acquire Plessey."

A successful GEC-Siemens bid would create Western Europe's biggest defence and electronics group with interests ranging from radar to telecommunications and nuclear power plants.

GEC and Siemens launched their latest bid, which valued Plessey at £2 billion (\$3.15 billion), on August 3.

Chris McFadden of London brokers Shearson Lehman, said: "The Plessey management are looking for a higher price. They are implying that if they were offered £3 (\$4.70) a share, they would take it." But he thought it unlikely that GEC-Siemens would make a higher offer.

Plessey said today it had outperformed both GEC and Siemens in earnings growth over the past five years and was determined to achieve still higher growth. It added that it aimed to boost its share value by taking advantage of restructuring opportunities.

But the document had little immediate impact of investors.

ITC and Soviets sign pact

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 21. (UPI): International Trade and Communications Inc. said yesterday it has signed a 15-year agreement with the Soviet Union's Ministry of Communications that allows the free flow of trade information between East and West.

Harvey Cooper, ITC chairman, said the agreement is expected to be in operation by this time next year, using a system of personal computers in both countries.

"From a historical standpoint, what the Soviets have signed is for the free flow of information from

East to West," said Cooper, a former manager for Reuters News Agency. "It's the first time this has happened since the revolution in 1917. It's really quite spectacular."

Two joint venture companies were established by the agreement, with ITC owning 20 per cent of the Soviet firm and the Soviets owning 20 per cent of the firm being established in Philadelphia.

The Soviet firm is expected to be headed by Vladimir Morozov, formerly chief executive of Ecotass, the London-based economic trade information service of the Soviet News Agency Tass.

New protectionist battle looms on weapons trade

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21. (AP): The US Defence Department's reliance on foreign companies concerns Congress and America's own military industry.

After working itself into a "buy American" frenzy over working with Japan on a new jet fighter, the Congress is gearing up for a new battle over renewing an obscure, 39-year-old law on weapons purchases.

The defence production act of 1950 gives the president power to limit or prohibit the acquisition of foreign products. The legislation also gives the government authority to subsidize industries, including those that produce goods for the Defence Department.

The law expires Sept. 30, but lawmakers hope to renew it to infuse life into the depressed US defence industry.

The new interest in the problems of US defence manufacturers comes on the heels of a rancorous debate earlier this year over

co-production of the FSX fighter, an advanced version of the F-16.

Opponents of the FSX transaction with Japan charged that it would "shut down American industries" by handing the Japanese vital US technology. But Congress failed to prevent the US-negotiated deal or impose conditions on it.

The Centre for Strategic and International Studies found that 1982 to 1987, the number of US companies supplying goods to the Defence Department dropped from 118,000 to 38,000.

"The problem has been a subject of numerous defence, industry, government accounting office and congressional reviews since the mid-1970s," said Senator Alan Dixon, a member of both the armed services and banking committees in the Upper House of Congress.

"Yet, until recently, little has been done to shape practical solutions," Dixon said last month.

William G. Phillips, president of the National Council for Industrial Defence, said the Defence Department's reliance on foreign companies has become a major concern for approximately 5 million members of labour unions and employees of companies represented by his group.

The argument most raised by Phillips and others is that Defence Department might be unable to get necessary components for its weapons systems if foreign supplies are cut off.

"The general consensus is we are becoming dependent on foreign sources for some very important pieces of our military hardware," Phillips said in an interview last week.

"The questions are how dependent, how fast and whether or not that dependency is leading to a critical vulnerability if we lose that foreign source," he said.

But former Defence Secretary Frank C. Carlucci, in congressional hearings last

month, cautioned lawmakers that strict protectionist legislation would "invite retaliation" from US trading partners.

"It could be disastrous to our national security, if we assume we can 'go it alone' technologically," Carlucci said.

The house banking, finance and urban affairs subcommittee on economic stabilisation is weighing amendments to the law that would require the president to limit foreign participation in defence manufacturing and provide financial assistance to medium-size and small US companies.

The measure, sponsored by Congresswoman Mary Rose Oakar, would limit products for new and existing weapons to those from manufacturers and assembly plants in the United States.

If the president decided to waive the US-products only requirement, the executive would have to report to Congress on the effect to the US industrial base and detail the costs of buying overseas.

French financial aid for Tunisia

TUNIS, Aug. 21. (Reuters): France has granted financial aid to Tunisia totalling 1.06 billion French francs (\$168 million dollars), French Economy Minister Pierre Bérégovoy said today.

He told a news conference that he and Tunisian Finance Minister Mohamed Ghannouchi had signed four financial aid accords and a fifth for the supply of 50,000 tonnes of cereals.

He said that for the first time the accords included a line of credit of 100 million French francs (\$16 million) to promote French investments in Tunisia.

The two countries had decided to revise their 1972 investment agreement to offer greater incentives and promote the establishment of French enterprises and joint ventures in Tunisia, he said.

The volume of French investments in Tunisia had declined in recent years, he said, but he hoped they would expand to supply markets in Tunisia, France and third countries.

The aid package includes 350 million francs (\$55 million) in credits to buy French consumer goods, 60 million francs (\$9.5 million) to settle French property claims in Tunisia, 460 million francs (\$72.6 million) to finance economic development projects and 150 million francs (\$23.7 million) for television equipment.

Because Tunisian agriculture has been hit by serious drought, Bérégovoy said France would make a gift of 50,000 tonnes of cereals compared to 20,000 tonnes last year.

Policies turn off business

Sudan's foreign debt totals \$14b

KHARTOUM, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Much of Khartoum's business community is waging silent war against Sudan's new military rulers, merchants and diplomats said today.

Khartoum, a mainly slum city of some seven million people, is now suffering its worst shortages of basic food items in recent years.

Army troops have been posted to keep an eye on restive crowds queuing at petrol stations and state-run food stores. Bread, soap and sugar are almost impossible to find in private shops.

"No (businessman) wants to buy and no one wants to sell," said the owner of a factory producing insecticides.

General Omar Hassan Al-Bashir overthrew the civilian government of Sadeq Al-Mahdi on June 30 and cracked down on illegal foreign exchange dealings which financed the import of many goods that would have otherwise been unobtainable.

He also applied an abrupt credit squeeze. Diplomats say scarcities result partly from wholesale and retail merchants keeping their trade to a minimum.

Another reason, they say, is the virtual halt of private sector imports under stringent foreign currency regulations introduced last month.

Businessmen say factories which depend on imported raw material are grinding to a standstill while orders from the junta that they must pay up overdue taxes and settle all overdrafts with state and private banks threaten some firms to bankruptcy.

For the past week hundreds of vehicles have queued outside petrol stations as soon as the overnight curfew ends at 4.30 am. Motorists receive a ration of four gallons (18 litres) a week.

With public transport disrupted by lack of fuel the junta has urged motorists to run a makeshift bus service, giving lifts to travellers in return for the normal fares.

Foreign economists say inflation is running at an annual rate of about 100 per cent, 20 percentage points above official figures released in June.



President Roh
Export growth set to fall

Roh warns: Korean economy in the red

SEOUL, South Korea, Aug. 21. (AP): President Roh Tae-woo warned today that South Korea's export-led economy faced "a red light signal" with the potential for a drastic fall in the export growth rate.

In a weekly radio address entitled "Let's turn our eyes to exports again," Roh said that "it is imperative to revitalise our exports in order to revive the resilience of our economic growth."

He blamed sluggish exports on the Korean won currency's appreciation against the US dollar, steep wage hikes and serious labour-management disputes in recent years.

"In our economy, exports have played the role of a diesel locomotive pulling a long train," he said.

Korea has recorded faster growth than almost any other developing country in recent years.

To promote exports and investment, the President said the government is stabilising the currency exchange rates and taking other steps. Saying the government alone could not solve economic problems, Roh also called on workers and employers to do their part.

He urged workers to refrain from seeking excessive wage increases and take the lead in renewing the competitiveness of Korean products by improving the quality of their products. He also exhorted employers to build labour-management relations based on trust.

Roh said Korean exports grew by 5.8 per cent between June and July over the same period last year, compared with an annual average growth rate of 30.8 per cent during the 27 years from 1962 to 1988.

Inflation dips

Sluggish growth predicted.

LONDON, Aug. 21. (UPI): Britain's inflation rate dipped slightly in July for the first time in almost two years, running at an annual rate of 8.2 per cent compared with 8.3 per cent in June and 8.2 per cent in May.

The 0.1 per cent decrease was in line with analysts' predictions, and some economists said it was a sign that the slowdown in the economy was broadening out.

The news, regarded by some analysts as neutral, had relatively little effect on the London Stock Market Friday. The Financial Times-Stock Exchange 100-share index reached 2372.3 points at 4 pm, up 12.3 points mainly because of developments in the pharmaceutical sector.

Analysts said the inflation decrease was caused by reductions in oil prices this year that did not occur last year. Other factors include drops in sales of household goods, which were up last year.

Between June and July, prices increased for a range of items including non-seasonal foods and alcohol. Price reductions for the same period included seasonal foods, clothing, footwear and oil, according to the Central Statistical Office.

Saying that UK inflation has now peaked at 8.3 per cent in June, some analysts predicted that inflation would continue to decline in August.

"We are going to see a fall in August, we estimate, to 7.3 per cent, reflecting the fact that there was a very large increase in mortgage rates last year that drops out of the 12-month change," said economist Gwyn Hachebe of James Capel and Associates in London.

The last decrease in inflation occurred in January 1988 when there was a 0.4 per cent drop to 3.3 per cent.

UAE to host food seminars

ABU DHABI, Aug. 21. (OPECNA): A symposium on the "role of labs in food and environmental control" will be held here on October 21-23, according to Dr Abdul Qadi Mohammed, head of the municipality's labs section.

He disclosed that the three-day gathering would be held as part of the department's drive to safeguard foodstuff and develop testing methods.

About 36 research papers on food control and related subjects would be submitted by delegates.

"The symposium is a scientific evaluation of the real situation of food labs in GCC states as it aims at figuring out problems facing them," he said.

The symposium would also discuss the role of food labs in the national economy, use of computers in lab management and utilisation of sophisticated equipment in food analysis.

It will coincide with the inauguration of a food lab worth about \$15 million in Abu Dhabi, which will serve as a source of information for GCC states.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS

SHIPS DISCHARGING AT SHUWAIKH PORT AS ON 21/08/1989				
B.No.	Ship Name	Agent	Tel. No.	
2	Rashid	GH & Q	4347815	
8	Shaam	ISA	2441860	
9	Probo Jani	Algh Barwil	4842988	
12	Ville D'Oman	YAAS	4745533	
14	Boris Jabochkin	Al Rashid	2422026	
17	Himeshima Maru	Algh Barwil	4842988	
18	Hanjai Karachi	Marafi Int.	2465645	
21	Alquhin	L. Stock	2434177	
F.D	Gog/Royal	Algh Barwil	4842988	
SHIPS EXPECTED AT SHUWAIKH PORT				
ETA	Ship Name	Agent	Tel. No.	
21/8	Ville D'Oman	YAAS	4745533	
21/8	Acacia Acc	Marafi	2465645	
21/8	Mandana	Algh Barwil	4842988	
SHIPS DISCHARGING AT SHUAIBA PORT				
B.No.	Ship Name	Agent	Tel. No.	
2	Bafin Bay	RSMS	2425642	
8	Pearl of Dubai	Steamco	2439973	
9	Philippine Sampaguita	Algh Barwil	4842988	
VSL AT ANCHORAGE				
B.No.	Ship Name	Agent	Tel. No.	
	Rize K	RSMS	2425642	
	Nilam	Sager	2432692	

Compiled by: Alghanim Barwil Shipping Co. WLL, Kuwait, Tel: 4842988/4843988 ext. 3828/3646 Fax No. 4845712. Tlx 22094 Barwil/KT Tlx 30694 SLS KT.

Co-stars of different temperaments

Sean Penn versus the media — again

By Ivor Davis

THE journalists are gathered in the ballroom of a Los Angeles hotel to meet the creators and stars of a new movie everybody thinks will be a hot one.

"Casualties of War," is memorable on several counts: It's a Brian DePalma opus, the screenplay is by

acclaimed playwright David Rabe and it's Michael J. Fox's first war film. Tremendous interest also centres around co-star Sean Penn, an actor to whom reporters are what daylight is to Dracula or water to the Wicked Witch of the West.

So, while Fox — clean-cut and apple-cheeked in blue jeans, navy blazer and red T-shirt — chats amicably,

Penn is nowhere in evidence and neither his co-star nor his director expect his arrival anytime soon.

"He's afraid of the press," DePalma admits. "He's scared to walk in here and have to answer questions like, Did he tie up Madonna?"

Now, nobody is asking Fox about his bedroom habits with wife Tracy Pollan, but Penn attracts bad press like

"Casualties of War" promises to be a memorable movie: it's a Brian DePalma opus, the screenplay is by acclaimed playwright David Rabe and it's Michael J. Fox's first war film. Tremendous interest also centres around co-star Sean Penn, an actor to whom reporters are what daylight is to Dracula or water to the Wicked Witch of the West.

a flame attracts moths. And just because he's no longer married to The Material Girl doesn't mean he can afford to let down his guard.

In fact, he thought long and hard before agreeing to take the part of Sgt. Meserve, a vicious, battle-hardened soldier whose humanity has been buried, along with most of his comrades, somewhere in the jungle. Fox, his opposite number as Pfc. Erickson, is the "cherry" of the squad, in Vietnam only three weeks and horrified by Meserve's savagery.

"Casualties" producer Art Linson has known Penn since the young actor starred for him in "Fast Times at Ridgemont High" (1982). "He was concerned that a part like this would play right into the hands of all the journalists who seem to want to torture him," says Linson, "because it seems to play right into the character they think he is — this mean, horrible guy."

"Well, yes... and then some! The now-29-year-old Penn has been in a paradoxical position over the years. While film critics raved about his acting potential — comparing him to the young Brando, to Robert De Niro (his personal idol) and to James Dean — gossip columnists, often from the same papers, labeled him "obnoxious" and "despicable." They dubbed him and his wife "The Poison Penns" and "S and M." And it wasn't the press alone.

"He's an aggressive, loudmouthed, foul-mouthed slob," said the publicist for one of his movies. The New York Daily News topped even its usual tabloid prose when it pronounced Penn and wife, "the most offensive people on the entire planet."

Producer Linson, however, having just completed his third picture with Penn ("We're No Angels," also starring De Niro), is one of his principal defenders. "He's a very bright and dedicated actor. He's very smart about his work and I think someday will become a very fine director as well. But he's been manhandled and battered by the press."

Actually, to be strictly fair, the manhandling has gone both ways — witness the multimillion-dollar suits for assault brought against him by assorted photographers and other minions of the fourth estate. The 60 days he served in jail for battery and the continual brawls with newsmen.

His drunken-irishman-with-the-soul-of-a-poet pose may have gone down well with such chums as Harry Dean Stanton and "Barfly" poet Charles



Clean-cut, bemused Michael J. Fox looks on at co-star, 'rebel actor' Sean Penn.

Bukowski, but it cut little ice with photographers nursing broken noses and teeth after one of Penn's rambles.

But since the couple's breakup and the absolute disaster of their only movie together — the abominable "Shanghai Surprise," in which the only surprise was Madonna's wooden acting — Penn has had relative peace to concentrate his considerable talents on acting.

Traditional

From the outset of "Casualties of War" it is obvious that Penn was "into the part" in the traditional Method-acting mode.

"I don't even think about the kind of film I'm making at the time," he said. "It doesn't occur to me that I'm in another Vietnam film; I view any genre as just a vehicle in which to play a human being." And playing that human being, for Penn, an obsessive, completely exclusionary activity.

"Sean stayed in his character throughout the shooting," says DePalma. "Sean and Michael made an agreement at the beginning of the movie that he would treat Michael as the odd man out. There was nothing comfortable about their relationship. I think it worked. You see this incredible tension between them all the time."

The two actors — one popular and accessible; the other introverted and

remote — could not have been more different in their approach to their work. "Sean is like De Niro," says DePalma. "He completely loses himself in the role and stays in the character... like (Al) Pacino; they become the people. They live it, day in and day out. Michael deals with it, then he goes home and forgets about it."

Penn put on extra weight to become Meserve and in "boot camp," the military training DePalma insisted the cast undergo, he immediately assumed the role of the sergeant.

Michael Stokely, a former Marine who served in Vietnam and one of two trainers hired to get the actors in shape for war, says, "Sean was brilliant at being squad leader and we couldn't have done the training without his help. I came to rely on him. I would show something to him once, then he would teach it to the men in his squad. He's quick study. He can fieldstrip his weapon blindfolded. He looks right; he is right. He's a natural leader."

Despite horror stories about life on a Sean Penn set, Fox says he jumped at the chance to work with the rebel actor.

Realistic

"My agreeing to do the film was almost contingent on them getting him. You'd be hard-pressed to find an actor who doesn't think he's unbelievable."

But he was realistic about the oppor-

tunities for friendship between the two of them. "When you go to make a movie, you're not going to play my guy and they're going to play their guy." What I knew of Sean was from before the film and after it, because that's the way Sean works. The screen relationship was of no common ground, so away from the set the relationship should be one of no common ground. Now, that does not entail spitting in my dinner or calling me names or banging on my door. This is a professional actor. He'd come to work, he'd play his character, he'd get in his car, I'd get in my car, we'd go home and I'd see him the next day on the set."

But Fox's sympathies are with Penn in his ongoing battle with the press.

"For one brief shining moment I was in that situation," he explains, referring to the military-style operation he mounted to protect the privacy of his own wedding last summer in Vermont. "I realized that you don't believe what you read. He's the kind of guy that if you jump out from behind a bush with a camera and call him a blank-blank, he's gonna hit you. I maybe wouldn't. That's not my reflex and I'm not defending it, but don't judge a man until you've walked in his shoes."

"I really enjoyed the experience of working with him," says Fox, "and I'd work with him again in a heartbeat."



A still from Casualties of War.

Zurich's Needle Park: hell haven

Unofficially tolerating drug-dealing

By Kevin Liffey

ZURICH, (Reuters): These days even the newcomer to Switzerland's most opulent city knows where to buy a fix and shoot up in peace.

Since the start of the year Zurich has set aside a zone where small-time drug-dealing and -taking are unofficially tolerated and monitored by medical services.

Switzerland has the highest AIDS rate in Europe, and Zurich, the country's biggest drug-centre, had to find a radical way to stop narcotics-users spreading the disease.

But a wave of drug-related crime culminating in a grisly murder threatens to intrude on a population that would rather be left to high finance and art-dealing.

Zurich's junkies gather every day around a disused iron brandstand on the Platzspitz — a spit of parkland bounded by two rivers but only 200 metres (yards) from the shopping and banking quarter — to peddle, cook fixes and inject.

In a converted public toilet, volunteers exchange fresh syringes for used ones, dispense sterile wipes and condoms and chat to the endless queue at the

window.

Swapping syringes helps cut needle-sharing, one of the most sure-fire ways to transmit acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS). Authorities estimate Zurich has up to 800 carriers.

The volunteers distribute 6,000 needles a day. As a result, for most citizens the once-beloved park has become a no-go area, its name transformed into "Platzspitz" or "Needle Park". The tabloid "Blick" now refers to it as "Zurich's Drug Hell."

Approved

While the city and federal governments approved funds for syringes and medical care for the addicts, police say this undermines the law.

Drug-taking and -dealing are strictly illegal, although a federal commission has acknowledged the futility of punishment and called for both to be legalised if the quantities are small.

"We do not tolerate dealing... the clear task of the police is to enforce the law. That goes from hashish to hard drugs," Arthur Grob, second-in-command of Zurich's drug police told Reuters, "but the open drugs scene has political support through the help on the Platzspitz."

The city police say the park attracts drug tourism

from all over Switzerland and Europe, with an inevitable rise in crime.

Last month a young drug addict was bound and gagged and flung into the Limmat river to drown. His alleged attackers were also addicts.

"The Platzspitz is a magnet for people from all over... there's been an increase in all crime from pickpocketing to burglary and robbery, much of it directly linked to drugs," Grob said.

He accepts there is little point in arresting small-time addicts. But many users peddle to finance their habit, and police say they would arrest and charge all dealers but for lack of resources.

They would like the park cleared and the addicts dispersed. Every two weeks or so they raid the park, sealing off the area and checking the identity of everyone there. But they detain only suspected criminals on a wanted list.

The contradiction between the strategies of police and city council is evident: "It's politically very hard to carry out a raid when soup is just being dished out," Grob said.

The volunteers have protested against the police raids: "The drugs are injected too quickly out of fear. The incidence of respiratory and heart stop-

pages is mounting," one action group said in a protest letter.

Breakthrough

They argue the park is a breakthrough in treating addicts as human beings, and staff a bus where the junkies can socialise.

Platzspitz doctor Claude Bossy admits: "Yes, there are fights, rapes, murders. The drug line between life and death is thin."

During a Reuters interview with Bossy an addict ran into the caravan to say another addict had overdosed and fallen unconscious.

When the doctors reached the woman with an oxygen-mask, she was shuddering violently, slumped on a park-bench, her eyes glazed. But repeated coaxing and mentions of her name penetrated the stupor and brought a hint of a nod.

She was lucky and did not need resuscitating, as one or two addicts do every day.

Bossy explained the difficulty of treating overdoses when addicts have AIDS and suffer from a range of disorders that their immune systems cannot fend off.

BOOKS AND AUTHORS

CHRISTOPHER UNBORN, by Carlos Fuentes, trans. by Alfred MacAdam (Farrar Straus Giroux, \$31 pp., \$22.95).

Brilliant. Outrageous. Ribald. Angry. Panoramic. Funny. Filthy. Weird. Any and all of these words can describe Mexican writer Carlos Fuentes' new novel "Christopher Unborn."

It's a post-Joycean romp, drawing its inspiration from the picaresque quest of Don Quixote, that bids well to stand alongside Gabriel Garcia Marquez's "One Hundred Years of Solitude" as a contemporary Latin American classic.

From its narrative framework to its quixotic episodes, its satirical digressions on contemporary literary theories and angry asides at US foreign policy, Fuentes' novel is outlandish, at turns a pessimistic nightmare or joyful vision, a meditation on Mexico.

The narrator is, as the title says, unborn, a sperm cell and later fertilized egg and foetus whose story begins on Epiphany (Jan 6) 1992 and is to end on Oct 12, 1992 — when he is to be born — the 500th anniversary of Columbus's dis-

covery of America. Empowered with the knowledge of the genes that form him, as well as the ability to hear the life around his parents, Christopher is a daring, brilliantly executed device that allows Fuentes to push the limits of story-telling. And he does.

A fistful of equally extravagant characters propel the story forward with zest.

"Christopher Unborn" is a stunning achievement. It is also likely to offend many. It is not always easy reading but it is worth all its difficulties.

David E. Anderson (UPI)

Shelley II: The Middle of my Century, by Shelley Winters (Simon and Schuster, 474 pp., \$22.95).

Actress Shelley Winters entertained readers and raised a few eyebrows a number of years ago with the first volume of her autobiography "Shelley: Also Known as Shirley." She's back with volume II and more adventurous of her life and career spanning the 1950s and early '60s.

Her marriage to Italian actor Vittorio Gassman is over — she returns to America to pursue a serious stage career in her effort to shed the blond bombshell image created by Hollywood. She succeeds, winning raves for her Broadway performance in "A Hatful of Rain," but her romantic life is again turned topsy-turvy by another Italian actor, Anthony Franciosa.

We also see Winters' political activism, campaigning for John F. Kennedy, Winters the Academy Award winner, for "The Diary of Anne Frank" and "A Patch of Blue"; and of course, Winters the raconteur, brimming with stories about her famous friends.

Kathleen Silvrassy (UPI)

A Question of Guilt, by Frances Fyfield, (Pocket Books, 224 pp., \$16.95).

London solicitor Frances Fyfield's foray into crime fiction with A Question of Guilt is successful on at least one level, the thorough and thoughtful development of characters.

Fyfield brings her key characters,

prosecutor Helen West and police detective Geoffrey Bailey, together with the contract murder of an attorney's wife arranged by a deranged, conniving, loveless client infatuated with the attorney.

There's never any question of guilt. The killer, Stanislaus Jaskowski, is quickly found. The woman who hired him, Eileen Cartwright, is easily identified as the mastermind.

There are large gaps as the novel struggles to show how the police and prosecutor gather the evidence and the reader is never really satisfied.

There are, however, charming scenes as Jaskowski's younger son, Peter, develops an unusually touching, innocent relationship with West, and truly scary scenes as his older son, Ed, follows Cartwright's orders to harm the prosecutor.

More satisfying is the cat-and-mouse, man-woman game played by West and Bailey, two strong-willed people wary of personal commitment.

Penny Spar (UPI)

Other People's Money, by Arthur Lyons (Mysterious Press, 224 pp., \$17.95).

Private eye Jacob Asch finds himself enmeshed in the shady world of dealing in ancient artifacts when he is hired by a supposedly Turkish businessman to tail his alleged daughter and her Greek husband.

Since things are never what they seem in a detective novel, the businessman and the Greek are murdered, apparently because they are connected to a collection of pre-Hittite artifacts that have attracted the attention of a Los Angeles museum and an art-collecting billionaire.

The only question is whether the museum officials or the billionaire use the more vicious methods to obtain the art. And Asch's only concern is remaining alive long enough to learn the truth.

Asch is one of the wise-cracking private investigators who are enjoying a renaissance these days and he and Loren Estleman's Amos Walker share a number of similar characteristics.

Joe Cialini (UPI)

Fulfilling need to communicate

PORT VILA, Vanuatu, (AP): A notice in the bar of the Hotel Rossi advises patrons in pidgin English that if they "No gat im shoe, no gat im shirt, not gat im serviss."

That is: No service if you aren't wearing shoes and a shirt. At the Erakor Lagoon boat landing is another sign: "Sipos yu wantem bot yu kilim gong."

That means if ferry users want the boat to come, they should hit the gong.

Pidgin, a language born out of necessity more than a century ago, is alive and firmly established as the "Lanwis Blong Pacific Aelan" — the language of "belonging to" the Pacific islands.

It serves as a link between peoples who have been divided for thousands of years by 900 unintelligible languages and dialects.

Developed in the plantations of Queensland in northern Australia and aboard the luggers and whalers that plied the South Pacific, it has become the main means of communication among the 4 million Melanesians who live in the islands that sweep in an arc from Papua New Guinea to Vanuatu off the northeast coast of Australia.

Forms of it are spoken in Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands and Vanuatu.

In Vanuatu, a country of 130,000 people and 105 separate languages, the problem was compounded by the French and English. They jointly administered the islands, then officially called the condominium of the New Hebrides but better known as the Pandemonium. They insisted on both their languages being official.

Official

When Vanuatu became independent in 1980, the government made Bislama, their version of pidgin, the official language.

Some linguists believe the name Bislama derives from Beche-de-Mer, the French name for the sea slug, which was a prized commodity in early days of European settlement.

In Papua New Guinea, pidgin is called Tok Pisin (talk pidgin). In the Solomon Islands, it's pijin.

It is a language that sometimes looks like a parody of English, but is easily understood if read aloud. Its early practitioners had no words for some of the implements the Europeans brought to the South Seas, so they invented lengthy terms to describe them.

According to a locally published guide to Bislama called "Evri samting yu wantem save long bislama be yu fraet tumas blong askem" (Everything you wanted to know about Bislama but were afraid to ask), an explanation used early this century for "piano" went something like this:

"Bigfala bokis blong waetman, tut blong em sam i blak sam i waet, taem yu kilim emi singao?" which literally means "big European box with some white teeth and some black teeth, when you strike it, it cries out."

A violin was "smol sista blong bigfala bokis, sipos yu skrasem bel blong emi krae." That means, according to the book, "little sister of the piano if you scratch its stomach it cries."

A saw is "wanfala samting blong kakae wud, i kam i go i kambak, brata blong tamioek," or literally "something which eats wood, it comes and goes and comes back again, brother to the axe (tomahawk)."

The Bislama phrase book translates "we" as "yumi," centipede as "handredleg" and the phrase "my wife's name" as "nem blong missis blong mi."

I love you is "mi laekem yu tumas."

Queen Elizabeth's eldest son Prince Charles is known as "nambawan pikinini blong missis kwini."



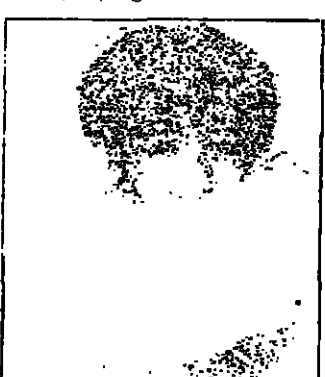
LOGAN Sal Rodriguez celebrates his 2nd birthday today, August 22. Happy birthday from parents, family and friends.



Richard Valerian Fernandes celebrated his 6th birthday August 21. Belated greetings from parents, family and friends.



Alisha Bansal celebrates her 6th birthday today, August 22. Happy birthday from parents, family and friends.



Mo Rizwan celebrated his birthday on August 20. Belated greetings from parents, family and friends.



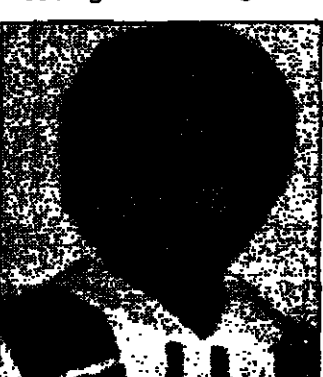
Natasha D'Silva celebrates her 7th birthday today, August 22. Happy birthday from parents, family and friends.



Tareq Mohammed Tanvir celebrated his 6th birthday on August 20. Belated greetings from parents, family and friends.



Lisa P. Fernandes celebrates her 8th birthday today, August 22. Many happy returns of the day from parents, relatives and family.



Deepa celebrated her 4th birthday on 20 August. Belated greetings and best wishes from loving Appa, Amma, and Uncle Sanju Kanshal.



Rahul Vijayaraj celebrates his 8th birthday today August 22. Happy birthday from dad, mum, grandparents, relatives and friends.



Savita Cadhok celebrated her 9th birthday on August 19. Belated greetings from parents family and friends.



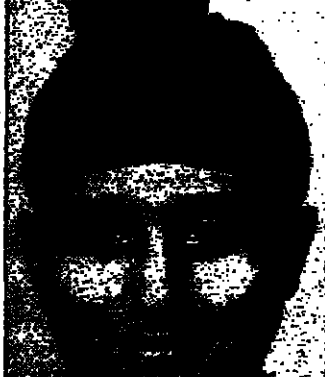
Abhijit M. Naguthnekar celebrates his 5th birthday today, August 22. Best wishes from parents, family and friends.



Nishat Parveen Shaila celebrated her birthday on August 17. Belated greetings from parents, friends and relatives.



Jatin Bhagnari celebrates his 9th birthday on August 23. Happy birthday from parents, family and friends.



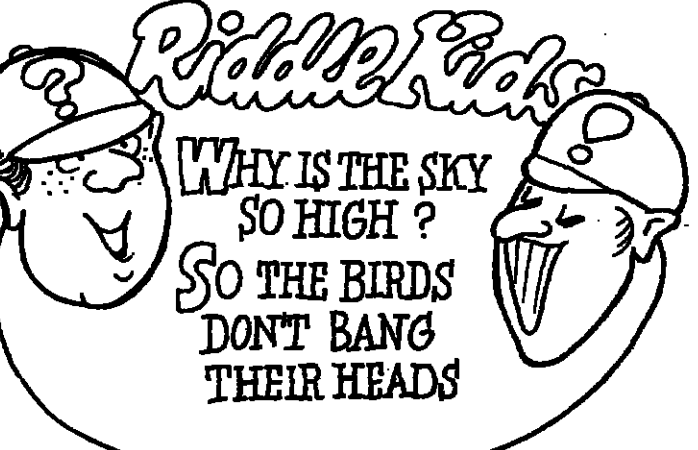
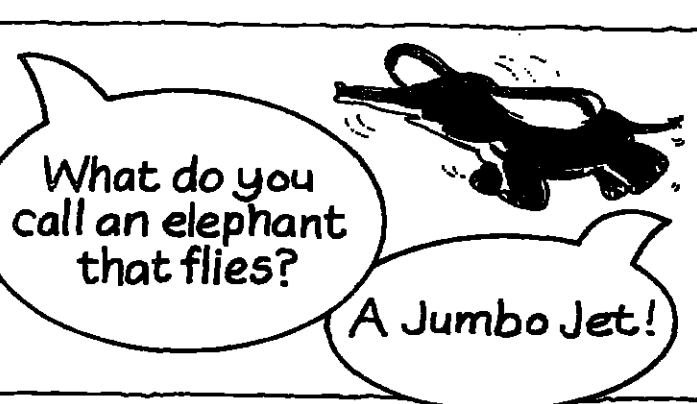
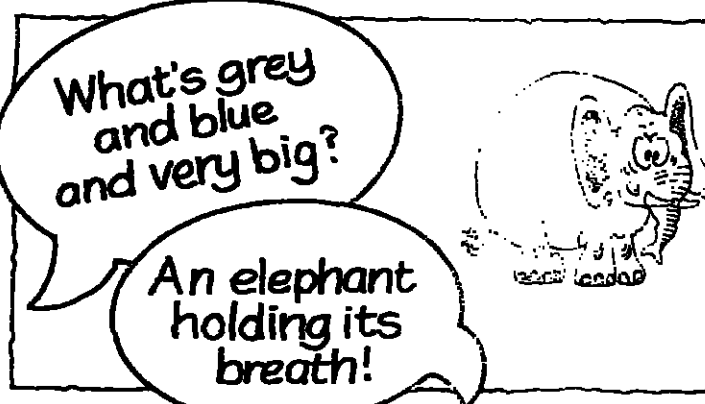
Karambir Singh Sethi celebrated his birthday on August 13. Belated greetings from parents friends and family.



Sakina Hussaini of the New Indian School celebrates her 10th birthday August 23. Sakina enjoys drawing, singing and dancing.



Huda Faziullah Al Afghani celebrated her birthday on August 14. Belated greetings from parents, family and friends.



Dear Junior readers,
Have you read the poem written by this week's 'young poet'? If not it is really worth reading. Basically, the poet says that the world is full of love and hope, in everything, from forming and planting crops, up to sweet words and emotions. Taking the closest people to you, your brothers and sisters, if you greet them with gentle smiles such as darling, sweetheart and honey, they will eventually greet you in the same fashion and when they do you will feel a warm glow in your heart. Love is a beautiful and very, very deep emotion. It can be trapped inside you if you wish to keep it there, but it may also be sprayed on all of those who deserve it and with very little effort. Try it: if your sister or brother is unhappy for any reason, why not try, without knowing an answer, to give him/her a big hug and a few comforting words. Immediately you will be able to sense the unhappiness diminish! Anyway, with the return of school, Junior Times will be gaining new young readers from all over the world. And to celebrate all the young readers entering school for the first time, we are going to give them the opportunity to let the world know that they are to begin the excitement of learning and discovering how to read, write and count! Look out for the coupon in the Thursday/Friday edition of Junior Times. Don't miss it!

TODAY'S CROSSWORD

1 Across: 1 Chagall, 5 "Rosebud" et al., 10 Ratchet wheel device, 14 Whinged, 15 Nepal's neighbor, 16 Fencer's weapon, 17 Shakespearean villain, 18 "The Zoo Story" playwright, 19 Home of the Kon Tiki Museum, 20 1934 Cole Porter song, 23 Haggard heroine, 24 South Seas staple, 25 Tramp, 27 Literary monogram, 30 Fishhooks, 34 Dynamic start, 35 Great White Way, 37 Stout, 38 1934 Cole Porter song, 41 Dusk, to Donne, 42 Sedative, 43 "When the frost - the punkin..."

6 Across: 64 Coat of arms, 65 Business abbr., 66 Vous -, 67 Highland wear, 68 Do in DOWN, 1 Injure, 2 Russian range, 3 Joplin pieces, 4 Medieval weapon, 5 Part of the Union, 6 Canon role: 1953, 7 Wanes, 8 Bambi's kin, 9 Costly, 10 Theatrical testing ground?, 11 Church feature, 12 Reinforcing seam, 13 Composer Janacek, 21 Palindromic exclamation, 22 "Dead Souls" author, 25 Paris abducted her

26 University of Maine locale, 27 Shin bone, 28 Kitchen wrap, 29 Select group answer, 31 Test-question, 32 Elevator stop, 33 Stretched, 34 Burrows and Beame, 35 Seance sound, 36 Golf gadget, 39 Entered, 40 Temporary encampments for short, 41 Work unit, 42 Keep for sale, 43 Nuisances, 51 Foretell, 52 Stage direction, 53 Hereditary factor, 54 Name in spydom, 55 Dissatisfied donkey, 56 Defeat, 57 Matinee - 58 Nick's wife, 59 See

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE:
COLE NAB ESIA Y
APART OVA ROUSE
NITRO GEL ALICIAN
ANEARFORMUSIC
EXTOL ROISE ETIA
ANOSSEFORNEWS
STIS TOLD EDIT
HICKORY CONVIENE
OTHIO PANE DIER
AHEADFORMATH
LEM RAIVE IERT
ANEVEFORANEYE
FIATES REP LIARS
ALLIAS DRU LATION
DECRIY OSS SALE

GOREN BRIDGE
BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF
STAY AWAY FROM DANGER
Both vulnerable. North deals.

NORTH
♠ A K J
♥ 7 4 2
♦ A J 10 8 3
♣ 6 4

WEST
♠ 9 7 4
♥ A Q J 10 8
♦ 6 5
♣ Q 7 2

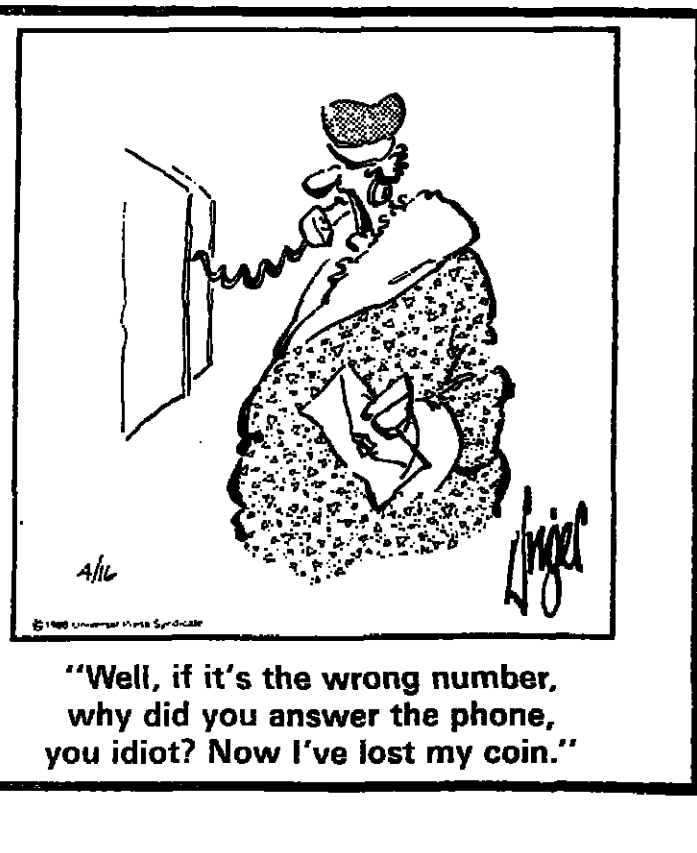
EAST
♠ 8 6 5 3
♥ 7 6 3
♦ Q 7 2
♣ J 10 9 5

SOUTH
♠ Q 10 2
♥ K 9 5
♦ K 9 4
♣ A K 8 3

The bidding:
North East South West
1 ♠ 1 NT 3 NT Pass
Pass Pass

Opening lead: Queen of ♣
"In a recent column," writes a reader, "you mentioned an avoidance play. I didn't quite grasp the import. Could you enlighten me?"
With pleasure. On a great many hands, one of the defenders poses a threat to the contract; the other does not. The fate of the contract then hinges on avoiding letting the danger hand gain the lead.
Suppose you reach three no

trump on this hand. While the South hand is, in theory, a point shy for that response, the high honor in partner's suit and the solid intermediates compensate for the shortfall.
West leads the queen of hearts and, being the good technician that you are, you refuse to win. Now West shifts to a club. You need diamond tricks to make your contract, and you can take the finesse either way. What are you going to do?
First, decide which hand is a menace to your contract. Here, it is East—if West gains the lead, he can do you no harm because your king of hearts stops the suit and is safe from attack; if East gains the lead, however, a heart through your king could prove ruinous.
Therefore, you must play the diamonds in such a way as to avoid having East on lead. Once you've crossed that Rubicon, the rest is easy. Enter dummy with the king of spades and run the eight of diamonds. You don't mind if that loses; you have nine tricks for sure. But if the cards lie as in the diagram, you will score five diamond tricks and at least 10 tricks in all.



THE WIZARD OF ID
By Brant Parker and Johnny Hart

B.C.
By Johnny Hart

YOUR STARS

Aries (March 20 - April 18)
You will have some good luck but not enough to change your course of life. Do not dream about what might be, instead concern yourself with what is. Do not allow others to take advantage of you. Be resolute.

Taurus (April 19 - May 19)
You are rather too liable to be deceived by appearance. Concentrate on dealing before all else with an important matter. Expect a certain amount of criticism and respond to it. Be adaptable.

Gemini (May 20 - June 20)
There is more likelihood of mistakes so keep a good lookout for them. Make sure you do not eat or drink anything too exotic. Your lucky numbers are 3 and 45. Take great care when using a new device. Be tactful.

Cancer (June 21 - July 21)
Try not to make an important decision when you are tired. And do not leave until later something you know should be done now. Resist a tendency to live in the past. Be magnanimous.

Leo (July 22 - Aug 21)
Make sure you are not a slave to fashion. See that your partner does not harbour any grievances. Make sure you observe the dictates of propriety without being too obviously conventional. Be observant.

Virgo (Aug 22 - Sept 21)
You will be able to do something new and different, but you should not be out on a limb. You should not allow your prejudices to prevent you from drawing the correct conclusions.

Libra (Sept 22 - Oct 22)
You must not try to run before you can walk, but nor must you slouch. Your temper will be tried but you should seek not to lose it. Work quickly but do not be in too great a rush. Be methodical.

Scorpio (Oct 23 - Nov 21)
Avoid permitting yourself to be distracted. Make sure you do not drink too much alcohol but plenty of liquid. You are liable to miss the wood for the trees. Be considerate.

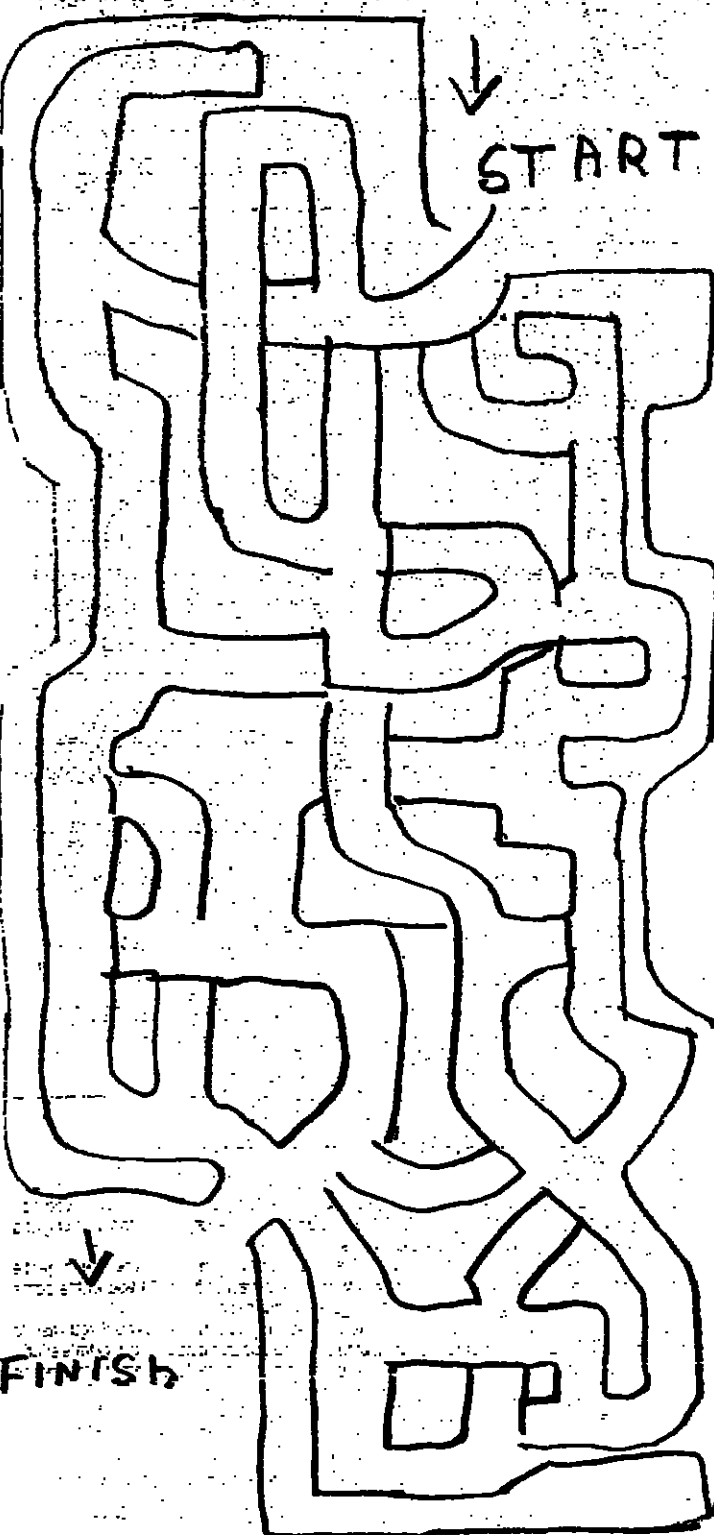
Sagittarius (Nov 22 - Dec 21)
You will be able to look back to a pleasant memory. However try not to live too much in the past. Ensure that you eat enough fruit and vegetables. Be fair.

Capricorn (Dec 22 - Jan 19)
You will not feel quite so well and should try to take it a little easier. Make sure you do not drive like a racing driver if you are not one. Avoid lifting any weight heavier than you know you should. Be reasonable.

Aquarius (Jan 20 - Feb. 18)
You should listen more closely to what others are saying to you. You will tend to be more forgetful so try to do what has to be done without delay. And do allow for heavy traffic when paying a visit.

Pisces (Feb 19 - March 19)
You will be able to get a move one but should not try to rush through things. You will tend to be a little too suspicious, try to restrain the tendency. Make sure you eat a balanced diet with enough vitamins. Be cautious.

A JUNIOR TIMES leader, Anil Anwar, 12 years old, sent in a puzzle during all other JUNIOR TIMES readers to have a go at solving it. Start at the 'Start' and make your way to 'Finish' without crossing over the lines... good luck.



Young writer

As you sow, so shall you reap

Law of justice is ruling the universe. Misdeeds are punished and noble deeds are rewarded by a hidden power.
If we sow seeds of gram, we cannot expect a crop of wheat. If we plant a lemon tree, we cannot expect it to yield sweet mangoes. We reap what we sow. This is the law of nature which no one can change.
This world is like a dome. Cry out loud and you will hear the echo of your cry. If you curse others, curses are hurled at you. If you speak words of love, you will receive words of love.
The wheels of fortune grind slowly, but surely. Dishonesty and misdeeds never pay in the end.

N. Batool
Pakistan School & College
Rumethiya



Alia Anwar,
9 years.

Can you name the young of the creatures listed below?



horse		deer	
whale		hare	
sheep		lion	
swan		frog	
goat		pig	

The Aardvark

THE word aardvark means earthpig, although he is not related to the pig. This burrowing mammal is found in Africa. He has a piglike-nose, enormous ears, and a thick tail. His powerful limbs and huge sharp claws are able to dig a hole faster than men with shovels.

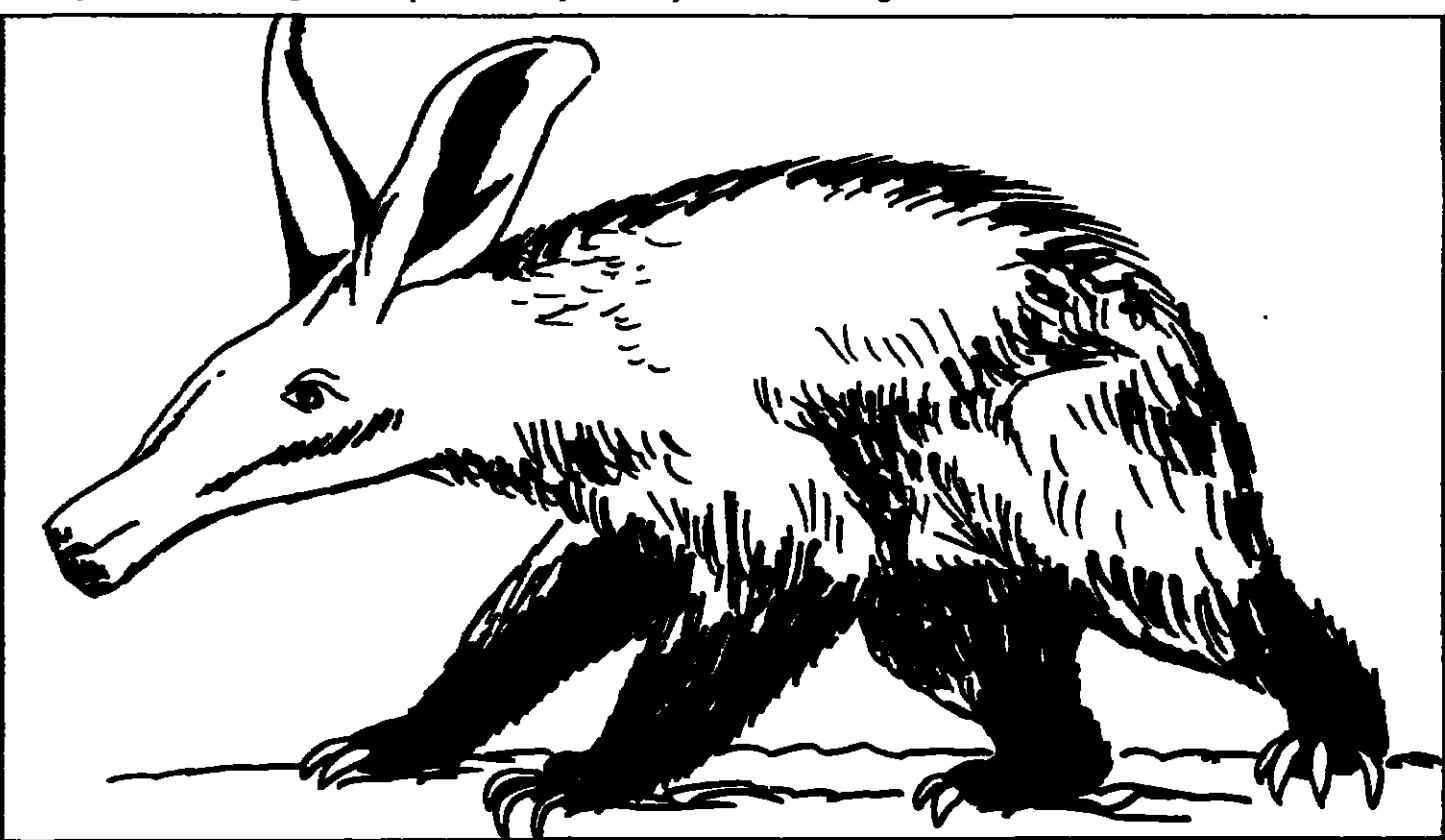
The aardvark is a nocturnal animal whose principal food is termites. He can break through a concrete-like termites' nest with his claws easier than a man with a pickax. Once he opens the nest, he uses his long slender 18 inch tongue to gather up the termites. He also eats other soft bodied insects and some fruit, but he never eats ants because his stomach is unable to digest them.

The lion, leopard, cheetah, and man are the aardvark's main enemies. When an aardvark suspects danger, he sits up on his hind quarters like a kangaroo to spot his enemy. His major

defense is his ability to dig rapidly and fight by slashing with his sharp claws. The aardvark cannot bite because he has no front teeth. His side teeth are shaped like tubes and have no roots or enamel.

The aardvark lives in a burrow which he digs 3 to 4 yards long and wide enough for him to turn around. He usually digs several burrows a few miles apart. Since he is considered a very shy animal, he spends most of his time in his burrows and is rarely seen.

The female aardvark gives birth in a burrow to a single young in the midsummer. After 2 weeks the young aardvark emerges from the burrow but follows his mother around for 6 more months. By seven months of age, the baby can dig his own burrow and goes out on his own.



Word search

ARRIVE
ASK
AUNT
COT
EVENINGS
EXHAUST
HASSLE
IMAGE
MEALS
ONLY A WEEK
PETS
REACTED

RELATIVES
SATURDAY
SEAT
SHARE
STAY
STEAM
STORE
TABLE
THREE
TREAT
TRIBE
TURN UP

WE'VE GOT COMPANY

E X H A U S T R E A T O O
V V V D D D E T C A E R N
E E I I E E E T T Y Y E L
N L L R E G G N O T A L Y
I B B R R H U U C U D A A
N A A U H A A A R R R T W
G T M M T S S S N N U I E
S P P P S S S K S U T V E
T T T E T L I F E P A E K
E A A O T E M E A L S S S
A R R Y Y S A T T T S S S
M E B I R T G G T T R R E
M M E R I S E S H A R E R

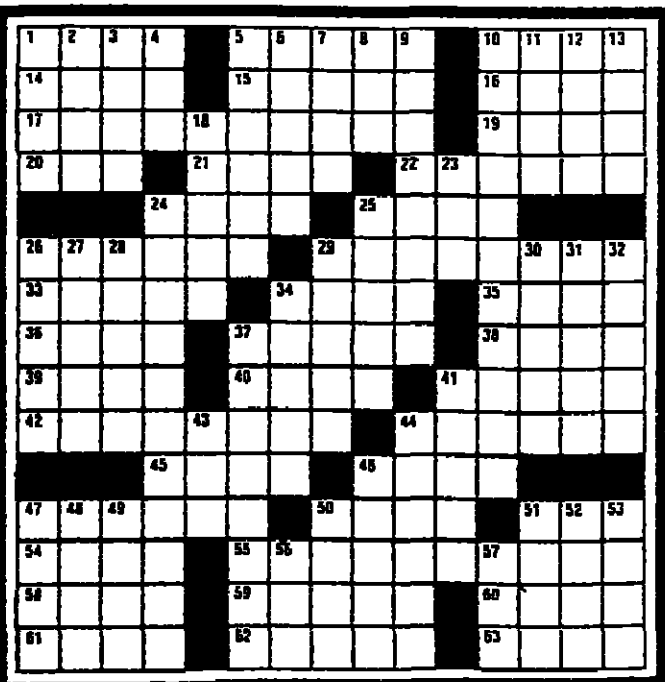
Just for laughs!

Hippy: "Hey man, you had a bath man?"
Hippy's friend: "No, I ain't had a bath man, why do you ask?"
Hippy: "You look all washed up."

Stoopid man: "Doctor, you really want to know why I'm stoopid?"
Doctor: "Yes, I do."
Man: "Well, it all goes back to when I was a little boy in my playroom."
Doctor: "Really? What happened?"
Man: "I fell off my rocker."

Crossword

- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| ACROSS | 25 Kitchen | 45 Deserters | 18 Kiln and |
| 1 Surrealist | 26 Cord | 46 Challenge | oast |
| 2 painter | 28 Neck injury | 47 Smart | 23 In the know |
| 5 Elongated | 33 — It | 50 Opera song | 24 Comfort |
| 10 Knowledge | (hikes) | 51 One: Fr. | 25 Ignition |
| handed | 34 Barrel | 54 Fatha | feature |
| down | feature | 55 Comfort | 26 Trenchant |
| 14 Office VIP | 35 The Bruins | 58 Eastern | 27 Photo lab |
| 15 Innovative | 36 Miss Baxter | canal | chemical |
| 16 "An apple | 37 Skeans | 59 Once upon — | piece |
| — keeps..." | 38 Certain | 60 Sob | 28 Musical |
| 17 Comfort | picture | 61 Depend | 29 The earth |
| 18 Jostle | 39 Start over | 62 Hopeless | 30 Pungent |
| 20 Superlative | 40 At rest | one | 31 Roofing |
| suffix | 41 Musical | 63 Air current | material |
| 21 Brass hats | piece | | 32 Defeated |
| 22 Things | 42 Gained | | Tilden |
| to do | 44 Huge con- | | Trapper's |
| 24 Gave for a | gregations | | catch |
| while | | | 37 Sailor's |



Amazing facts

The first Cinderella did not wear glass slippers. That idea came from a mistranslation from the French. The words for 'squirrel fur' and that for 'glass' are similar in French; 'vair' and 'verre'. A glass slipper does sound more romantic though.

Sir Isaac Newton was probably the greatest scientist the world has ever known. The legend of his discovery of gravity by watching an apple fall is one of the few legends that are true. But Newton left school as a teenager to follow his first choice of career: to be a farmer.

Birthday coupon

Is your birthday to come soon?
Are you a regular reader of the Junior Times?
Well, now is the chance to let your friends know that it is your birthday!
Or maybe you would like to surprise your best friend, brother or sister by putting their picture in for them.
The details we need are:

Name: _____
Date of birth: _____
School: _____
Hobbies: _____
Telephone: _____
(confidential)

Your favourite most recent picture (4x6)

Send to:
ARAB TIMES
Junior Times
P.O. Box 2270
13023, Safat,
Kuwait
To avoid belated greetings please send within a week before the special date

Colouring time



ARAB TIMES Classifieds

ACCOMMODATION

Wanted

KUWAIT City, near or around Darwaza. Single room required for a bachelor to share with an Indian family, preferable Keralite. Tele. Sebastian, 5651463, 6 - 10 pm.
(AT3-48890-2)

For Rent

SALWA, Area 1, Street 10C, Building 84, near the Carmel School flat with 3 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, kitchen, hall, saloon and dining room. Rent with water and electricity. Tele. 9018073, 9038989, 5747444.
(AT4-48900-3)

Available

KUWAIT city, behind Muthahida Complex above Miami Restaurant. Accommodation in a spacious room for bachelors, couple or a family to share with a family from 1st September. Tele. Morin, 2424444.
(AT4-48896-2)

DASMA, two independent rooms with kitchen and bathroom, for a family. Tele. 2403097.
(AT3-48880-3)

KUWAIT city, near the GPO. Room furnished/unfurnished in a spacious flat with kitchen facilities for a couple or bachelors. Tele. 3728152, 6 - 9 pm.
(AT4-48905-2)

SALMIYA, Baghdad Street. Accommodation in a flat for a small family or 2 good working girls to share with a family. Tele. Bonny Kumar, 5625811, 5625769, 4 - 8 pm.
(AT4-48899-2)

WANTED

TRAINER experienced with dogs. Need to train 5 months old German shepherd. References and interview required. Promising fee. Tele. Taymour, (W) 2445 111 ext 187, off H-D 2619 878 after 8 pm.
(AT4-48900-3)

MISCELLANEOUS

JULEEB Al Shiyoukh, near the Habib Exchange. Single bedroom flat with saloon for rent for few months, or for sale, with telephone, AC's fridge, TV, VCR, deck, etc. from 1st September. Tele. 4330136.
(AT3-48885-3)

FOR SALE

Cars

MINISUBISHI Pajero, '82 model. Engine re-conditioned with new tyres, in very good condition. KD1050. Tele. 4741367.
(AT3-48892-3)

MINISUBISHI Colt '82, manual, AC, 67000 kms, golden in good condition, KD380. Tele. 5389480, after 4 pm.
(AT4-48907-3)

LOTUS Turbo Espirit 1981, black with tan leather interior, excellent engine and transmission. KD5,000 or nearest offer. Tele. 9033069.
(AT6-48833-6)

SAAB 900, Turbo, 1982, AC, automatic, silver colour in good condition KD700. Tele. Ayman Farouk, 2423133 Ext. 43194, 7:30 am - 2 pm, 5713316 (3pm - 9 pm). Thus - Fri.
(AT4-48879-3)

MINISUBISHI Lancer F 1983, automatic, AC, well-maintained in excellent condition KD750. Tele. Ian George, 4841296, 4844537, from 7 am - 4 pm.
(AT4-48872-3)

Miscellaneous

SALWA, Area 1, New villa with 3 bedrooms, saloon, 2 baths, 2 balconies, and hall at a beautiful location. All furnishings will remain. Must see everything. Tele. 5614230.
(AT2-48875-3)

ELECTRIC bass Guitar (Japanese made) KD30, 3 pcs stereo system with speakers (Denon, Marantz - Technics) KD140, Amiga 1000 computer (Arabic kit) Tele. Mrs. Bernice, 2420909, 10:30 am - 1:30 pm.
(AT4-48910-3)

BRAND new video movie camera model JVC GF-450 VHS, has not been used, price KD280. Tele. 5717319, 5 - 8 pm.
(AT2-48874-3)

SITUATIONS

Wanted

SECRETARY/computer operator, Indian, highly experienced with knowledge of accounts, telex and all office routines, seeks employment immediately. Tele. 2418158, 9 am - 1 pm.
(AT4-48906-3)

FRENCH family leaving Kuwait, wish to place their excellent Indian maid with a European or American family. Required visa transferable and accommodation for husband. Tele. 5389480.
(AT4-48897-3)

Vacant

MAID required Filipino for an English family in Bayan. Must speak English and have a transferable residence. Tele. 5395767.
(AT4-48898-3)

FOR RENT

Villas, half villas, flats, complete buildings, offices in all areas in Kuwait with or without swimming pool
Qatar Real Estate
Tele. 2406592, 2406593

2-BEDROOM flat for sale in Salmiya, behind the Mowasat Hospital, along with contents. Price KD1,500 ono. New rent KD130. Tele. Mohd Saied, 4842568, 7:30 am - 1 pm, 5759518, 5:30 - 9 pm.
(AT3-48891-3)

SERVICES

Transport

REQUIRED from Juleeb Al Shiyoukh to Sultan Center, Salmiya, 10 am to 1 pm and 5 to 11 pm. Tele. Mohd Imtiaz, 4314423, 2:30 - 6 pm.
(AT3-48894-3)

AVAILABLE from Salmiya (near the Indian School) to Darwaza Joint Banking Centre. Banking timings: 7:30 am and 1:30 pm. Tele. Trivedi, 5653928.
(AT3-48888-3)

REAL ESTATE OFFER in BOMBAY

flats for sale at GARDEN ESTATE, Nalasupara (West) For details contact: AL ABDEEN: 241-8469 (Souk Al Safat)

FOR RENT

Villas, half villas and flats with swimming pool
Tel: 2401908 - 2407677 2403260
The All Real Estate

MAID required for a small family with a child, full-time, in Salmiya. Tele. 2459771 Ext. 4435, before 1 pm., 5734570 after 2 pm.
(AT2-48876-3)

REQUIRED from Hawalli to Kuwait University, Khaldiya at 8 am and return at 4 pm. Three times a week to Salmiya Centre from University at 4 pm. Tele. Mrs. Viegas, 4837298/9, 8 am - 4 pm.
(AT3-48884-3)

Baby Sitting

AVAILABLE with an Indian lady in Kuwait city. Tele. Mr. Gomes, 2438800 ext. 555, and Leave message from 4 - 12 am.
(AT4-48904-3)

Tuition

FARWANIYA, near the Holiday Inn. Tuition available for English medium students. Classes IV to VIII for all subjects. Tele. Engr. Syed, 9034615, 5 - 10 pm.
(AT3-48889-3)

Apartment for rent

Available apartments for rent in the following areas: Salmiya - Maidan Hawalli - Hawalli - Jabriya - Fintas Call Tel. 2466300 ext. 1102 and 1101 morning only

GOOD NEWS TAXI

Opening a branch in Abu Halifa
AL SAADAH TAXI
TEL: 3728855, 3721116

FOR RENT

- ★ Deluxe residential villas, suitable for diplomats and storeys of deluxe villas in all areas of Kuwait.
- ★ Deluxe apartments with different sizes in all areas of Kuwait.

Saad Real Estate Est.
Tel. 2409445-2425750, All

REQUIRED DRIVERS for a call taxi office

- Qualifications:
- General driving licence
 - Transferable residence
 - Must have completed the intermediate education stage
 - Must know all areas in Kuwait and have good command over Arabic language.
- Call Tel: 5747588

Oh, No!
This can't be mine!
I should have called Alghanim...
No one does it better.
The biggest IATA Freight agent in Kuwait.

Alghanim
Sea-Freight-Air
Packing

Customer Services Tel.
4745533

Fahad 3823466/8 - Sharq 2460872/3
Munir 8412899/2416891

حضانة المثنى
AL-MUTHANNA CITY PLAYGROUP
P.O. Box: 8640 Salmiya, Tel: 2426160

Al Muthanna City Playgroup
"The best English Nursery"

Register now for new term!

- Fun and education all in one.
- Enjoy our spacious area with outside playground.
- Free parking.
- Transport available.

The playgroup is affiliated to Kuwait English School.
Al-Muthanna City Playgroup, Al Muthanna Complex,
Block 6, Floor 1, Tel: 2426160.

Al Ibrahim Taxi
Tel. 2400013, 2400014, 2400015
Farwaniya branch
Tel. 4745600, 4745900

BOODAI CARGO
MABUHAY PHILIPPINES
Door-to-Door Service by Sea and Air
Contact Baby
Canada Dry Tel: 4847837, 4817708, 4837850

FOR RENT
Big villas, small villas, half villas, big flats with swimming pool & stores in all areas in Kuwait.
Messiah Beach Real Estate
2401858 - 2408510

KUWAIT CompuFix
Where you can finally get professional & real computer maintenance services.
CALL 2407866 Ext 12

النقيب وخطار
Al-Naqeeb & Khattar
IBA KAMI KAPAG CARGO ANG PINAG-USAPAN DOOR TO DOOR PHILIPPINES
484-6009

JADDADEN INT'L TRAD. COMP. SAMPAGUITA
CARGO EXPRESS SPECIAL DOOR TO DOOR TO PHILS.
Mga Kababayan, kami po ay nag-iingat sa iyo ng SAMPAGUITA, MATATAG, MABULIS at MAYROS na serbisyo ng Pangangalakal at Pangpapadala na hahamantala sa iyo ng pangangalakal sa PHILIPPINES Ang laing kagapanginagat 240-86-83

AL TASAMI
For towing and repairing cars from any place.
Quick, Efficient Service
Contact: 5740881, 5748280

AL KHADRA REAL ESTATE
(Under British Management)
VILLAS, HALF-VILLAS & FLATS FOR RENT IN ALL AREAS.
Ring Ken Winston for appointments to view. Tel: 5740258/7, 5757239 Ext 263 or 5625316.

REQUIRED Diesel Mechanic Helper
Must have experience, must speak English. Responsible person, with transferable visa. Contact Tel: 4742105, 9 am to 5 pm.

Are you having difficulty finding something you need?
If it exists CAS will find it.
Ring for help: 2409686/4.
GIVE IT A TRY Fax: 2409685.

WE RECOMMEND
Surra:- New villa with five bms. Large open plan, living/entertainment area. Excellent location and quality fittings — KD 1100/-
Gurtoba:- New villa with five bms. Marble floors, quality fittings, garden & garage — KD 1000/-
Salmiya:- Single bms flats with carpets & curtains — KD 150/-
Plus many more flats & villas.
Call:- Boushahri Real Estate Est. Tel: 5744017 - 5744018.

ARAB TIMES CLASSIFIEDS COUPON
2 insertions KD 4. Three insertions KD 5

Conditions:

1. Advertisements may be mailed in only on this coupon, or preferably, completed at the Arab Times office between 8.30 a.m. - 1 p.m. and 4.30 - 6 p.m.
2. To complete the coupon, follow the sequence of the information given in above printed advertisements, for desired section heading. All advertisements will be printed according to Arab Times format and are subject to editing.
3. Advertisements must not exceed 25 words including name and telephone number.
4. Text must be typed or clearly printed. No alterations or cancellations will be made after publication.
5. Advertisements of personal nature involving business transactions will not be accepted, nor any matrimonial advertisements.
6. The Arab Times is not responsible for postal delays.

Section heading

Sender's Name

Address

Telephone

Coupons and payment must be mailed to:
ARAB TIMES CLASSIFIEDS
P.O. BOX: 2270
13023 SAFAT KUWAIT.

شركة النقيب وخطار W.I.I.
Al-Naqeeb & Khattar Co. W.I.I.
Packing and airfreighting of your personal effects
FREE ESTIMATE
484-6009

UNITED VIDEO
presents for the first time in Kuwait:

- @ A wide variety of Philippine films recorded on NTSC system
- @ A wide variety of foreign entertainment films
- @ A wide variety of classical cartoons

Salmiya — United Complex — Mezzanine
Tel: 2401311

Available Now

The Arabian Year Book 1989

Contains names, addresses and activities of companies, establishments and banks in the following countries: Kuwait, Jordan, UAE, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Iraq, Lebanon, Syria, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesotho, South Africa, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, Tanzania, Kenya, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Somalia, Djibouti, Yemen, Oman, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon, Egypt, Libya, Sudan, Mauritania, Mali, Niger, Chad, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coast, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, Congo, Zaire, Angola, Namibia, Botswana, Swaziland, Lesoth

SPORTS

Graf wins title, breaks \$1 million mark

MAHWAH, N.J., Aug. 21. (Reuters): World number one Steffi Graf successfully defended her title at the Jersey Classic tennis tournament yesterday and moved beyond the \$1 million earnings mark for the third consecutive year.

The West German Wimbledon champion earned \$400,000 for defeating Hungary's Andrea Temesvari 7-5 6-2 to push her 1989 winnings to \$1,019,905.

Both Graf and Temesvari were playing their second match of the day with only about an hour break after winning semifinals postponed by rain on Saturday.

Graf, who had dropped a total of just six games in her previous four matches, was pushed for the first time this week in the opening set by Temesvari's big serve.

The set swung Graf's way on a single

service break when the 56th-ranked Temesvari double faulted at break point in the 11th game.

Temesvari, who returned to tournament play this season following a 22-month layoff due to ankle and shoulder injuries, drilled her fourth ace to hold the opening game of the second set before Graf settled down and reeled off the next four.

The top seed was broken for the first

time of the tournament in the sixth game, but broke Temesvari in the next game and served out the match.

"I served well but didn't have a good feel on my returns," said Graf, who has won this tournament three of the last four years.

"It was good to have a challenge and I feel well prepared now for the US Open," said the defending champion.



Gilbert clinches his list in victory. (Reuters wirephoto)

World No. 9 extends winning streak to 17

Gilbert stuns Edberg

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Brad Gilbert became the first player in more than three years to win three titles in as many weeks when he upset second seed Stefan Edberg 6-4 2-6 7-6 to capture the \$602,500 ATP Championships yesterday.

The fifth-seeded Gilbert broke Edberg, who was serving for the match at 6-5 in the third set, and went on to win the deciding tiebreak 7-5.

"Maybe if I would have got up early in the third set, I would have killed him," said Edberg, who seemed to have taken control of the match after easily winning the second set.

Gilbert, ranked ninth in the world, has won consecutive hardcourt titles in Cincinnati, Livingston and at Stratton Mountain after reaching the final in Washington the week before.

The last player to win three consecutive titles in as many weeks was Boris Becker, who took titles in Sydney, Tokyo and Paris in October 1986.

Gilbert, who extended his match winning streak to 17, upset the top-seeded Becker in the semifinals on Saturday.

"I returned serve well and I was making him make a few volley errors," the American said.

"It was a grind all week. I had three tough matches

in a row but this is definitely a turn for the better," said Gilbert, who must now be considered a serious threat at the US Open which begins later this month.

Gilbert won the first four games, before Edberg brought his serve and volley game up a notch to level the set 4-4.

But Gilbert, his confidence undisturbed, held easily for 5-4, then broke Edberg at love for the set.

Still on a high from the first set, Gilbert's concentration fell apart in the second as he quickly trailed 0-2. After falling behind 4-2, Gilbert appeared to let the next two games go to rely on his chances in the third set.

Gilbert's passing shots were most effective in the deciding set as he gained a 5-3 edge on the former Wimbledon champion.

But Edberg took the next three games with a pair of service breaks to lead 6-5 before Gilbert rallied to force the tiebreak with a forehand pass down the line.

"I had the match for a while but I gave it away," said Edberg. Also runner-up here last year, Edberg vowed to Cincinnati fans that he would win this tournament next year.

Whitaker avenges defeat

NORFOLK, Va., Aug. 21. (Reuters): Pernell "Sweetpea" Whitaker avenged the only defeat of his professional career on Sunday with a unanimous 12-round decision over Mexico's Jose Luis Ramirez for the World Boxing Council (WBC) and International Boxing Federation (IBF) lightweight titles.

Whitaker, fighting before his hometown fans, dominated the bout from the start as he easily defended his IBF crown and added the WBC title, which had been left vacant when Julio Cesar Chavez moved up to the super lightweight division.

Judge Miguel Donato of Puerto Rico had Whitaker taking all 12 rounds and scored the fight 120-108. Larry O'Donnell of Britain scored it 120-109 and Briton Syd Nathan awarded of three rounds to Ramirez and had Whitaker winning 117-111.

In March, 1988, Ramirez won a controversial split decision over Whitaker in Paris — the Mexican's adopted home — to hand him the only blemish of his professional career.

With yesterday's victory, Whitaker, 25, improved his record to 19-1, while Ramirez, 30, dropped to 102-8.

The left-handed 1984 Olympic gold medalist pleased local fans by demonstrating superior foot and hand speed throughout.

Whitaker also made the most of a five-inch (12.7 cm) reach advantage, staying just out of danger while scoring at will with jabs and solid combinations.

Neither fighter was hurt during the bout and there were no knockdowns.

Moore ties Stewart for top place

NEW YORK, Aug. 21. (AP): Tony la Russa doesn't want to decide who his best pitcher is, and why should he?

"My biggest pet peeve right now would be for someone to ask me about who should win the Cy Young between Mike Moore and Dave Stewart," the Oakland manager said. "Any talk of that nature would be counterproductive. I know all they're thinking about is the team generating some wins."

Moore tied Stewart for the American League lead in victories at 16 in leading the Athletics past the Minnesota Twins 5-0 yesterday. Moore allowed four hits in eight innings in winning for the eighth time in nine decisions.

"Cy Young? I'm not even thinking about it," Moore said. But Stewart, who did not win the Cy Young in 1987 and 1988 despite 20-win seasons, is thinking about it. In fact, he's thinking about Moore winning it.

"Nobody in the League is pitching like Mike Moore right now. Nobody," Stewart said. "He's the Cy Young man, hands down."

Angeles 1, Indians 0
Kirk McCaskill, 13-7, pitched a four-hitter and struck out seven for his League-leading fourth shutout and Wally Joyner hit a sacrifice fly in the seventh inning. Royals 5, Mariners 4.

Bo Jackson homered and hit a two-run triple in the Kingdom as Kansas City won its sixth straight. Seattle has lost five straight for the first time since July 23-27, 1988.

Orioles 7, Blue Jays 2
Pete Harnisch, 3-6, won for the third time in nine starts since July 17 as Baltimore stayed in first place in the East.

Results

American League			
Baltimore	7	Toronto	2
Texas	7	Chicago	1
Milwaukee	6	Boston	3
Detroit	7	New York	6
California	1	Cleveland	0
Oakland	5	Minnesota	0
Kansas City	5	Seattle	4
National League			
San Diego	5	Montreal	2
Los Angeles	5	New York	4
San Francisco	5	Philadelphia	2
Pittsburgh	7	Atlanta	6
St. Louis	8	Cincinnati	1
Houston	8	Chicago	4

Lendl routs McEnroe

World No. 1 wins Canadian Open



Lendl parries a return from McEnroe. (Reuters wirephoto)

MONTREAL, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Top seed Ivan Lendl gave John McEnroe a lesson in tennis perfection yesterday as he crushed the second seed 6-1 6-3 to win the \$742,500 Canadian Open tennis championships for the sixth time.

Lendl, who has won this event the past three years, had not been satisfied with his game this week, but there is no doubt that he found his stride in the final.

Lendl was nearly flawless in the one hour 13 minute match, serving brilliantly, returning superbly and passing with exquisite accuracy.

Asked if he could possibly play any better, the 29-year-old world number one said: "Maybe, but I don't know if it's realistic. It just happens. I've done the work and it started clicking."

Lendl, who earned \$143,500 dollars for yesterday's victory in this tune-up for the US Open, now holds a 16-15 career edge over the fifth-ranked McEnroe after handing the fiery American the worst loss of their nine-year rivalry.

The 30-year-old McEnroe, who won the US Hardcourt title last week in Indianapolis, was dominated from the outset and

took his lone game of the opening set when he managed to hold serve in the fifth game.

"He played very well," admitted the former world number one, who earned \$71,750 as runner-up. "I just felt my movement was not as good as it could be. I needed to be on top of my game, but I was a little bit fatigued."

McEnroe hung in early in the second set until Lendl converted his fourth break opportunity in the eighth game with a beautiful backhand crosscourt passing shot for 5-3.

Lendl ended the match as brilliantly as he began — delivering an ace on his one and only match point.

"His whole game is a bit different," said Lendl, evaluating his old rival.

"He's lacking a little bit of confidence. The final result is his strokes are not as punishing as in '84, which I considered his best year."

McEnroe beat Lendl in straight sets at the US Open final in 1984. But the American will have trouble forgetting yesterday's crushing defeat here, should they meet for the 32nd time at this year's final Grand Slam event.

Norman takes golf title

CASTLEROCK, Colo., Aug. 21. (Reuters): Australian Greg Norman played a spectacular final round to win the \$1 million International golf tournament by two points over Clarence Rose yesterday.

Norman birdied five of his first eight holes to pick up 10 points early and gain a commanding lead. He added two more birdies in the final round to take the title.

The modified stableford scoring system was used in which an eagle is worth five points, a birdie two and no points for even-par. Players lose a point for a bogey and drop three points for double bogey or higher.

The victory, worth \$180,000 was Norman's first in the United States this year and his sixth career title on the US Tour. Earlier this year Norman won two events in Australia and one in Japan.

Rose had six birdies and one bogey for 11 points and a second



Norman waves to the crowd as his caddy slaps him on his back. (Reuters wirephoto)

place check of \$108,000. Chip Beck finished alone in third place with an eagle, five birdies, three bogeys and a double bogey.

Jack Nicklaus, who designed this Castle Pines Golf Club course and reached the final field of 24 for the final round.

"I'm happy, to say the least. I got off to a fast start and that's what helped to carry me through," said Norman.

Kasparov blunder lets Tal off the hook

SKELLEFTEA, Sweden, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Soviet world champion Garry Kasparov blundered when he was in a winning position and had to settle for a draw against former world champion Mikhail Tal yesterday evening in round seven of the World Cup chess tournament.

The result left Kasparov sharing first place with two other Soviet grandmasters: Jaan Ehlvest and Valery Salov, both of whom won their matches.

Kasparov had a two-pawn advantage over Tal and was cruising towards victory but made a simple mistake as time ran short for both players. He grabbed a third pawn, allowing Tal to win his bishop and an easy draw.

The tournament is the final competition in a series in which 16 of the world's top players are playing each other.

Results of round seven: Garry Kasparov drew with Mikhail Tal (both Soviet Union); Anatoly

Karpov drew with Rafael Vaganian (both Soviet Union); Valery Salov (Soviet Union) beat Gyula Szabo (Hungary).

Jaan Ehlvest (Soviet Union) beat Robert Hubner (West Germany); John Nunn drew with Nigel Short (both Britain); Ulf Andersson (Sweden) drew with Lajos Portisch (Hungary); Zoltan Ribli (Hungary) drew with Predrag Nikolic (Yugoslavia); Yasser Seirawan (United States) adjourned against Viktor Korchnoi (Switzerland).

Talented Kenyans score fine double

Aouita continues to challenge age barrier

COLOGNE, West Germany, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Time, which first challenges then defeats all runners, is having trouble keeping up with Said Aouita.

Yesterday, the Moroccan responded to his latest clash with the clock by slashing the world 3,000 metres record to seven minutes 29.45 seconds, a reduction of more than two and a half seconds. It was his fifth world record.

But at the age of 29 Aouita's thrill at beating the stopwatch is matched by increasing signs that he is not immortal.

At a news conference yesterday, Aouita detailed his assaults on an astonishing variety of world record since he romped to victory in the 1984 Olympics 5,000 metres final.

In those days, he said he had not been concerned about setting world records.

"I was younger then, 25 or 26," he said. "I had plenty of time to break world records. But now I'm getting a bit older."

In addition to the challenge of the clock, Aouita has found out painfully just how fickle the public's affections can be.

His ambitious project last year to become the first man since 1964 to complete the Olympic

800-1,500 double went badly awry through injury. Aouita emerged from Seoul with only an 800 bronze and a nagging foot complaint this season has prevented him from running the two-lap event.

"A lot of people in Morocco said I was finished after the Olympics," Aouita said.

"So this year I wanted to concentrate on the distances I do best — the 5,000 and the 1,500. Last year I really believed I could do the 800 in the Olympics."

Defeat by Yohes Ondieki over 5,000 metres earlier this year — Aouita's first loss at his world championship title distance for 10 years — led to some premature obituaries for the little Moroccan.

But he has since comprehensively defeated Ondieki as well as mastering another Kenyan, Olympic 5,000 gold medalist John Nguhi, in Zurich last Wednesday.

Torrential rain ruined any possible world record in Zurich but Aouita showed he was still the consummate master of the five-km event.

The still, hot weather yesterday plus proficient pace-making gave Aouita the ideal chance to break Henry Rono's 11-year-old



Aouita (left) appears to pray after setting the record and then sets off on a victory lap. (Reuters wirephoto)

world record.

Already Aouita has shown himself the most versatile middle-distance runner in history. It would be foolhardy to bet against his proving the most durable.

In the earlier races yesterday, the immensely talented Kenyans scored a fine double with wins by



Olympic champion Paul Ereng and Kip Cheruiyot, the twin brother of Charles, in the 800 and 1,500 respectively.

The long-striding Ereng clocked 1:44.01 and then revealed that his season was all but over.

Ereng, who will not run for the African team in September World Cup, said groin and hamstring injuries had not allowed him to train for 18 days.

The Kenyan, who said he would run only once more in the European season, looked anything but a man in pain as he demolished a field including Britain's world record holder Sebastian Coe.

Coe, who finished fourth behind compatriot Tom McKean, said he was satisfied with his form in what is expected to be his final season.

"It was a wee bit warm out there and I felt it," Coe said. Cheruiyot won an exciting race in 3:35.58, sneaking up on the inside of Somali Abdi Bile as the world champion wound up for his final sprint.

"I didn't see him there," Bile, who finished second fractionally behind in 3:35.62, confessed.

American Sandra Patrick-Farmer, unbeatable over the 400 hurdles this year, notched another impressive victory, beating Olympic champion Debbie Flintoff-King into second place by exactly a second.

Patrick-Farmer, whose husband David was one of the pacemakers in the men's 800, is a member of the Florence Griffith Joyner International Track Club and her costume yesterday appeared to owe its inspiration to the flamboyant Olympic 100 metres champion.

The Jamaican-born runner, who turned 27 two days ago, was a majestic sight in her brightly-coloured strip, striding to victory in 53.93 seconds.

SPORTS

SPORTS BRIEFS

KCL final

EVERSHINE meet Pirelli in the final of the KCL Summer League cricket tournament at the NCGround on Friday, Aug. 25. The match will start at 5.30 am.

McNeil wins

ALBUQUERQUE, New Mexico, Aug. 21. (AP): Lori McNeil, trying to regain the form that made her a top 10 player a year ago, beat Elna Reinach 6-1, 6-3 yesterday to win the Virginia Slims of Albuquerque tournament.

Soccer violence

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Dutch soccer violence resurfaced in Rotterdam yesterday when hundreds of stone-throwing football fans tore down fences and invaded the pitch eight minutes before time after visiting Fortuna Sittard had taken a 2-0 lead.

Danish striker

LONDON, Aug. 21. (Reuters): English First Division club Luton Town said today they had signed Denmark's young international striker Lars Elstrup from Odense for a fee of around £600,000 (\$942,000).

Bauer triumphs

ZURICH, Switzerland, Aug. 21. (AP): Canada's Steve Bauer yesterday sprinted ahead to win the 255.5-kilometre (158-mile) Zurich World Cup race, the last major road cycling test before next Sunday's World Championships in Chambéry, France.

W. Germany win

BONN, Aug. 21. (Reuters): West Germany snatched a 10-9 victory over Yugoslavia in a sudden-death playoff to win the men's water polo final at the European Swimming Championships yesterday.

Champion 400

BROOKLYN, Michigan, Aug. 21. (AP): Rusty Wallace, winning his second successive Winston Cup event and fifth of the season, took the Champion 400 in a NASCAR track race record time of 1:57.704 mph (253.793 kph) yesterday at Michigan International Speedway.

Caneco cited

OAKLAND, California, Aug. 21. (AP): Jose Caneco, Oakland Athletics slugger, in the latest of a series of brushes with the law, was cited for drunken driving on his Porsche, not carrying a driver's license and having no proof of auto insurance.

Road race

FALMOUTH, Massachusetts, Aug. 21. (AP): Salvatore Bietoli of Italy ran 7.1 miles (11.4 kilometres) in just over 32 minutes yesterday to take top honours in the 17th annual Falmouth Road Race.

English soccer

LONDON, Aug. 21. (AP): Despite significant efforts to improve spectators' safety at British soccer matches, many clubs appear to have ignored recommendations made in the wake of the Hillsborough stadium disaster, a news report said yesterday.

Pay increase

BUDAPEST, Aug. 21. (UPI): The Hungarian Olympic Committee plan to increase athletes' pay by more than 50 per cent beginning 1992, MTI, the official state news agency announced today. The boost is an incentive to raise the morale of athletes, who currently receive an equivalent of \$125 a month.

Retroactive action

DUISBURG, West Germany, Aug. 21. (AP): The world track and field governing body will discuss possible retroactive action to strip Ben Johnson of his world 100-metre world record at its congress in Barcelona next month, the head of the organisation said yesterday. The Canadian sprinter's world record of 9.83 seconds was set at the 1987 world championships in Rome.

Drug tests

LONDON, Aug. 21. (AP): About 80 athletes from five countries have been tested at random in the latest anti-doping drive by track's international governing body. The International Amateur Athletic Federation said today that the tests were conducted at five national championships this summer. No positive drug test results have been reported so far, it said.

Late call

LONDON, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Phil DeFreitas, the cricket rebel who changed his mind, has been rewarded with a late call to England's squad for the sixth and final Test against Australia which begins on Thursday. DeFreitas was recalled today after pace bowler Dwen Malcolm pulled out because of a back muscle injury.

Title fight

GENEVA, Aug. 21. (Reuters): American Mark Breland will defend his World Boxing Association welterweight title against Swiss-based Italian Mauro Martelli here on October 13, organisers said today.

Italy opens fast and furious season before World Cup

ROME, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Italy starts a season of non-stop soccer this week that could leave a galaxy of international superstars burned out by the World Cup finals. As the country counts down to staging the sport's premier tournament, top clubs like European champions AC Milan will be playing twice a week to cram in domestic League and Cup and European club commitments.

The season begins on Wednesday with the

first round of the Italian Cup and the League gets under way on Sunday with Internazionale at newly-promoted Cremonese in the first defence of the title they stormed away with last season.

The 1989-90 season in Italy starts a month early and will include unprecedented mid-week programmes to get the title race over by the end of April in time for the World Cup in June.

But with seven sides in Europe after last

year's outstanding successes, some of Italy's clubs could be playing right up to the weeks before the tournament starts.

Italy manager Azzegio Vicini, who has eight international friendlies on his programme, has said the strain will be spread among World Cup contenders because the wealthy Italian League is bursting with talent from around the world.

"With seven clubs in Europe and an 18-team League there won't be time to catch

breath. The whole thing is absurd," Vicini said.

Inter, who swept all opposition aside in a record-breaking march on the title, have added striker Jurgen Klinsmann to their duo of Lothar Matthaus and Andreas Brehme to give their foreign complement an all-West German flavour.

They start as favourites to retain the League crown but it is a tag manager Giovanni Trapattoni dismisses because of the

eccentric nature of soccer this season.

"We should forget another runaway triumph right away. This year's championship will be like walking on a tightrope. The team that wins will be the one that manages not to lose the games it plays badly," he said.

Inter face perennial competition for the title in AC Milan, with their Dutch trio of Marco van Basten, Ruud Gullit and Frank Rijkaard, and in Napoli and Sampdoria, who have bought Yugoslav Srecko Katancic

to bolster their midfield.

Juventus should join the title chase after bringing in Dynamo Minsk midfielder Sergei Aleinikov to team up with his Soviet international partner Alexander Zavarov.

Juventus' move suggests more and more Italian clubs are following AC Milan and Inter in welding single-country lineups of foreigners, a trend borne out by newly-promoted Genoa's purchase of three members of the Uruguayan national squad.

Brazil trounce Venezuela

Bolivia and Columbia triumph in Cup qualifiers

SAO PAULO, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Inspired by four goals from international striker Careca, Brazil trounced Venezuela 6-0 (half-time 4-0) in a South American Group Three World Cup qualifying soccer match at the Morumbi stadium here yesterday.

Careca, who was benched for last Sunday's match against Chile in Santiago because of his poor showing in the first game against Venezuela in Caracas, returned to the main lineup in style. He collected two goals in each half and became the group's top individual scorer.

Careca, who with Argentine Diego Maradona form one of world soccer's most powerful duo of strikers at Italy's Napoli, scored at the ninth and 16th minutes with deadly headers, and again at the 78th and 86th minutes.

Midfielder Silas, at the 37th minute, and Venezuelan team captain Acosta, own goal at the 38th, scored Brazil's other two goals.

The victory left Brazil in a comfortable position in their fight against Chile for the World Cup finals berth. In three matches, Brazil have scored 11 goals and surrendered just one, while Chile have scored four and given up two in two encounters.

Before the decisive match against Brazil in Rio de Janeiro on September 3, Chile must face the weak Venezuelans next Sunday.

Supported by more than 100,000 fans at the Morumbi

stadium, the Brazilians put severe pressure on the lacklustre Venezuelans, who were never given room to operate.

Brazil outshot the Venezuelans 23-2, and Brazilian goalkeeper Taffarel was not forced to make a save until the 72nd minute.

In stark contrast, Venezuelan goalkeeper Cesar Baena was kept very busy. He prevented at least six additional goals with a series of difficult saves, including a spot kick by midfielder Valdo at the 27th minute.

Maldonado brought Valdo down in the penalty area and Uruguayan referee Ernesto Fillipi penalised the Venezuelans.

But Valdo shot slowly to the right of Baena, who dove and tipped the ball to the side.

The first two goals by Careca were quite similar. On the first goal, he headed home a crosser by Bebeto. For the second he jumped higher than the opponent defence to head past Baena after a crosser by Valdo.

Silas, one of the best Brazilian players in the match, received from Careca and beat Baena with a low kick from just outside the penalty box. A minute later, he crossed from the right flank and Acosta deflected into his own goal.

In the final period, Careca tipped home twice after receiving from Jorginho.

In La Paz, aided by high altitude in the Andes, Bolivia defeated Peru 2-1 (half-time 1-1) in a South American Group One



Careca

World Cup soccer qualifying match yesterday.

Peru dominated play in the first half with fast counterattacks and almost scored from close shots by Suarez in the 11th minute and Navarro in the 31st.

Perez missed a penalty kick for Bolivia in the 25th.

Del Solar gave Peru the lead in the 44th when he controlled a pass in the area with his chest and

rammed the ball into the net.

Bolivia equalised a minute later from a spot kick converted by Melgar.

Playing at 3,600 metres above sea level, the Peruvians lost their breath and the initiative in the second half.

Striker Ramallo converted in the 53rd after dribbling past three defenders, assuring Bolivia of its first two points in the opening match of Group One.

Peru faces Uruguay, the strongest country in the group, next Sunday in Lima.

In Barranquilla, Colombia beat Ecuador 2-0 (half-time 1-0) in the first South American Group Two World Cup qualifying soccer match yesterday.

About 70,000 spectators watched the game in which the Colombian team dominated, with the ball being kicked around on the Ecuadorian side of the field for over 80 per cent of the time.

Ecuador appeared disorganised and played without imagination and concentrated on its defence.

Arnoldo Iguaran scored the first goal at the 32nd minute.

In the second half, Ecuador's Yugoslav coach tried to modify his offence, changing two of the forwards, but this did not brake the Colombian offensive.

Iguaran in the 72nd minute, after receiving a ball from a free kick, scored Colombia's second goal.

"This was a clear victory for Colombia, we played well and we have to continue fighting with

strength," the Colombian coach, Francisco Maturana said.

And in Guatemala, the Trinidad and Tobago soccer team made decisive step forward in qualifying for the World Cup yesterday, beating Guatemala 1-0 before 35,000 fans.

Henry Jameson gave the island nation its winning point 11 minutes into the second half, with a long range kick that easily swooped by Guatemalan goalie Ricardo Jerez.

That one powerful kick practically eliminated Guatemala from the 1990 World Cup to be held in Italy, since Costa Rica has captured 11 points from eight games played for the North American, Central American and Caribbean regional playoffs.

The Guatemalans dominated the game during the first half, keeping the islanders busy defending their territory.

This gave the Guatemalans confidence, but Trinidad and Tobago, display great physical strength, made strategic moves, especially four minutes into the second half, when defence Carlos Enrique Wellman deflected a shot which nearly scored.

Eleven minutes into the second half Trinidad and Tobago broke through a hole and Jameson slammed in a goal, which sideswiped Jerez.

The North American, Central American and Caribbean regional playoffs stand at Costa Rica with 11 points, followed by Trinidad and Tobago with 6 points, United States - 5, Guatemala - 2, and El Salvador - 1.

10 Welsh players arrive in S. Africa



The Welsh players at Jan Smuts airport in S. Africa. From left: Pickering, John, Ring, Clement and Norster. (Reuters wirephoto)

JOHANNESBURG, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Ten Welsh rugby union players arrived in South Africa today to boost an International XV heartened by a sparkling performance in the first match of their tour which they won 33-20.

The tour, organised to mark the centenary of the South African Rugby Board, has been denounced by anti-apartheid groups but hailed as a coup by South African fans weary of the republic's sporting isolation.

The Welsh Squad, which brings the number of countries with players on the team to six, are: Paul Thorburn, Robert Jones, Tony Clement, Robert Norster, Mark Ring, David Pickering, Phil John, Phil Davies, Mike Hall and Paul Turner.

The arrival of the Welsh is welcome for tour manager Willie John McBride because one player already here, Scottish winger Keith Robertson, is injured.

Robertson tore knee ligaments in the match against Natal last Saturday and is out of action for the rest of the five-match tour.

South African commentators were enthusiastic about the tourists' performance on Saturday, saying the vaunted South African Springboks will have tough opposition in the two "Tests" during the tour.

Umpires halt match to change strip

NOTTINGHAM, England, Aug. 21. (Reuters): In a decision believed to be unprecedented in the English County Cricket Championship, umpires halted a match at Trent Bridge today because the strip was dangerous.

Nottinghamshire's match against Derbyshire was held up nine overs into the second morning after Nottinghamshire openers Chris Broad and Paul Pollard had both been hit during a hostile spell from West Indies paceman Michael Holding.

Nineteen wickets fell on the first day on Saturday and Broad, struck on the visor of his helmet by one vicious lifter from Holding, made his feelings clear by shaking hands with fielder Martin Jean-Jacques in gratitude at

being caught at short-leg for 11.

Play was suspended for 90 minutes until lunch with the Nottinghamshire score on 20 for one as umpires Barry Meyer and Peter Wright consulted with the Test and County Cricket Board (TCCB).

After consulting the two captains Tim Robinson and Kim Barnett, the umpires switched the match to the adjoining strip used for last week's fifth Test between England and Australia.

TCCB spokesman Peter Smith said: "This is the first time we have heard of a championship match being halted in this way and then pitches being changed."

Donald Carr, chairman of the TCCB pitches committee, and Tim Lamb, TCCB cricket

secretary, were due to travel to Nottingham to inspect the offending strip and announce what penalty, if any, would be levied against the home club.

Essex were fined 25 points earlier this season when the pitch at Southend was deemed to be unsuitable.

The row over the pitch switch intensified when Holding refused to take the field when play resumed on the Test strip after lunch.

Holding and Derbyshire coach Phil Russell refused to comment but Nottinghamshire skipper Robinson allowed 13th man Frank Griffith to field in Holding's place. Twelfth man Jean-Jacques was already on the field in place of Devon Malcolm.

Maradona to give reasons for delay

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Argentine soccer star Diego Maradona, who has failed to report back to the Italian Napoli club, today was to give the reasons for his protracted stay in Argentina, his agent said yesterday.

Guillermo Coppola, agent for the curly-haired captain of Argentina's world champion team, told a radio interviewer that Maradona would send Napoli authorities a message with an explanation for his failure to return to Italy.

Maradona, the highest paid athlete in Italy, on Saturday cancelled a booking on a flight from Buenos Aires which would have taken him to Italy.

In Naples, club sources said Napoli planned to report the 28-year-old midfielder to a disciplinary committee.



World record

American Tom Jager jubilantly raises his arms after breaking the world record in the men's 50-metre freestyle in the final of the Pan Pacific Swimming Championships in Tokyo on Sunday. A total of four world records fell on the final day. (Reuters wirephoto)

Mercedes take 1st and 2nd places

NUERBERGRING, West Germany, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Mercedes, on course for the World Sportscar Championship, took first and second places in the fifth round of the competition yesterday after Porsche driver Bob Wollek surrendered the lead one lap from home.

Wollek had fended off repeated attacks by fellow-Frenchman Jean-Louis Schlesser in a Mercedes over the closing laps of the 106-lap race.

But his Porsche ran out of fuel on the 105th lap, leaving world championship leader Schlesser to cruise to victory followed by the Mercedes of Italian Mauro Baldi.

The lead in the fierce heat of Nuerbergring changed hands five times over the final 15 laps.

Briton Andrew Gilbert-Scott in a Nissan took the lead after the 18th lap and by the time he handed over to co-driver Julian Bailey on the 37th lap he had built a 30-second lead.

But Bailey slowed as his fuel ran low and Schlesser and Wollek passed him on lap 91.

Baldi rolled to a halt on the final lap, unable to get up the short hill to the last corner, and the Porsche of South African George Fouché and Italian Giovanni Lavaggi passed him to take third place.

Leto triumphs

TERRACINA, Italy, Aug. 21. (Reuters): Giuseppe Leto of Italy took the European light middleweight title from Austria's Edip Secovic last night after a controversial knockout in the sixth round of a scheduled 12-round fight.

Beijing sees Games as chance to buy lost prestige

BEDJING, Aug. 21. (Reuters): China is relying on its one billion people to dig into their pockets and help finance Peking's 1990 Asian Games — a project that officials say will probably lose money but may restore some lost prestige.

Games officials said today that China will next month formally invite 39 Asian countries to the Games, scheduled to begin in September 1990. The government also plans national lotteries to help pay for the event.

Officials said the leadership was more determined than ever to stage a successful meet, partly to lure back foreign capital and tourists scared away by Peking's bloody crackdown on pro-democracy demonstrators in June.

"We will probably lose money on the Games

themselves," said Wu Zhongyuan, director of the official press department for the Games, during a guided tour of Games facilities for reporters.

"But if you think of it in terms of the tourism the Games will bring to China and the good impression it will give to foreign countries and investors, then it will be worth it."

On June 4, tanks and troops crushed student-led protests in Peking, killing hundreds, perhaps thousands of people and provoking condemnation and limited sanctions from the West and Japan.

The action raised fears some countries would boycott the Games in protest but officials said they had not heard of any that had decided it

would not compete.

Martial law still rules Peking and officials gave no assurance that it would be lifted before September next year.

"I think that if we were to have martial law during the Games then safety would be easier to guarantee," Wan Siquan, secretary-general of the Games' organising committee, told reporters.

He said it was not his job to talk about the possibilities of lifting martial law.

China is building an athletes' village and 16 new sports venues, as well as modernising 11 existing sites in Peking, for the biggest international sports meet here since 1949.

About 30,000 workers toil in the late summer heat building new stadiums and gymnastics halls.

Two white-facaded hotels for the press and Games officials dominate the athletes' village, dwarfing a nearby glass dome intended as an entertainment centre.

All construction, including new apartment accommodation for an expected 6,500 athletes, will be completed by spring, officials said.

Premier Li Peng visited some of the sites on Saturday and officials said the government would provide any funds that cannot be raised from the public or from creditors and donors abroad.

ARAB TIMES

Published by:
Dar Al-Seyassah

Editor-in-Chief
Ahmed Al Jarrah

Editorial Office:
Airport Road, Shuwaikh,
P.O. Box 2270,
13023 Safat, Kuwait.

Telex:
22332 KJ

Telephone:
4813506 (main line)

Advertising:
4813511

Annual Subscriptions:
Individuals KD 40
Companies and
Institutions KD 75
(Annual charges extra
for postage and
insurance)